

Kindergarten

Literacy Milestones

First Quarter	 Students should be able to: Read left to right across one line of print. Match a spoken word with a printed word. Point to words and read at a steady rate, slow enough to match voice to print, and without long pauses. Recognize a few easy high frequency words and locate them in a text. Recognize a few CVC words quickly and locate them in a text. Learn about print by using language structure and meaning. Match or sort pictures to the initial or final sound of a word. Match or sort letters by letter features (upper/lower case, letters formed with a circle versus letters formed with a line, or both, etc.). 	Third Quarter	 Students should be able to: Read left to right across more than one line of print and return to the left to read the next line. Search for and use information in print, pictures, and language. Identify ten or more highfrequency words within a text. Use language patterns to help read a text. Use the voice to reflect end punctuation marks and dialogue in quotation marks. Provide evidence in the print or pictures to support their inferences. Identify words quickly by using the first letter and its relationship to the initial sound. Match or sort pictures to the initial or final sound of a word. Identify letters with automaticity.
Second Quarter	 Students should be able to: Read left to right across more than one line of print. Search for and use information in print, pictures, and language to understand the text. Recognize and locate a few high frequency words in a text. Selfmonitor and selfcorrect using language structure, meaning in text and pictures, voice print match, and known words. Discuss the story after reading, remembering important information and details from the text. Match or sort pictures to the initial or final sound of a word. Match or sort letters by letter features (upper/lower case, letters formed with a circle versus letters formed with a line, or both, etc.). Identify letters with automaticity. 	Fourth Quarter	 Students should be able to: Track print with their eyes and process texts with more varied language patterns. Identify twenty or more highfrequency words within a text. Reread a sentence to problem solve, selfcorrect, or confirm. Identify and read words in phrases or groups. Discuss a sequence of events or steps in a text. Provide evidence from the text of new information or ideas. Identify a text as fictional or informational. Read with automaticity high frequency words from previous leveled texts. Identify letters with automaticity.

Students should be able to:

- · Hold their pencil with a satisfactory grip.
- · Consistently use a preferred hand for writing.
- · Form upper and lowercase letters efficiently and proportionately in manuscript print.
- Demonstrate knowledge of the use of upper and lowercase letters of the alphabet.
- · Write letters in groups to form words.
- · Write letters and words that can be read easily.
- Use appropriate spacing between words.
- · Write from the left to the right within lines.
- · Return to the left margin to begin a new line.
- Use a conventional sentence structure (noun + verb).
- · Write in the past, present, and future tense.
- Use a capital letter for the first word of a sentence, in titles, and in a few familiar proper nouns.
- Use periods, question marks, and exclamation points, and question marks as ending marks.
- Locate letter keys on a computer and type simple messages.
- · Access and use simple computer programs (e.g. easy word processing, games).

For instructional strategies and resources, go to: Balanced Literacy -

http://www.oise.utoronto.ca/balan cedliteracydiet/Home/

Essential Components of Reading Development and Instruction - http://www.readingrockets.org/

	Fountas & Pinnell	Reading Recovery	DRA	Lexile	NWEA/MAP
1 st Quarter	Α	1	A-1	BR-70	Fall 141
2 nd Quarter	В	2	2	BR-70	Winter 151
3 rd Quarter	С	3-4	3-4	BR-70	Spring 158
4th Quarter	D	5-6	6	BR-70	Spring 158





First Grade

Literacy Milestones

First Quarter	 Students should be able to: Read texts with varied placement of print and a range of punctuation. Read 2025 high frequency words with automaticity. Use all sources of information (meaning, structure, and visual) to solve new words while reading. Use sounds and sound clusters to monitor and correct reading. Remember important details and information while reading. Express opinions and make judgments about the characters, events, illustrations and information in a text. Adds andes to words to make them plural. Use parts of words to identify unfamiliar words. Change the beginning, middle, or ending of a word to create a new word. Make words with the CVCe pattern. 	Third Quarter	 Students should be able to: Read with appropriate rate, word stress, intonation, phrasing, and pausing. Read 40 high frequency words with automaticity. Demonstrate flexible ways to solve words including taking it apart, using meaning, letter sequence, etc. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text. Identify important ideas in a text and report them orally or in writing. Determine the message or moral of a story. Demonstrate fluent oral reading. Take apart words or make words (including consonant clusters and diagraphs). Take apart words with double consonant letters (but-ter). Make possessive nouns by adding an apostrophe.
Second Quarter	 Students should be able to: Read with appropriate rate, phrasing, intonation, and word stress. Read 30 high frequency words with automaticity. Notice, look for, remember, and discuss information that is important to understanding a text. Give an oral summary of a text, with details in the correct sequence after reading. Make predictions and support them with text evidence or personal experience and knowledge. Demonstrate fluent oral reading. Take apart words or make words (including consonant clusters and diagraphs). Add suffixes to change the meaning of a word or structure of a sentence (ing,ed,s). Make words with the CVCe pattern. 	Fourth Quarter	 Students should be able to: Read with appropriate rate, word stress, intonation, phrasing, and pausing. Read 50 high frequency words with automaticity. Demonstrate flexible ways to solve words including noticing word parts, endings, and prefixes, etc. Self-correct incorrect words when reading aloud. Identify the problem and solution of a text. Read silently at a good pace. Read singular and plural forms of words. Recognize simple homophones (e.g. there/ they're/ their, to/two/too). Take apart words that have vowel pairs (meet, brown, etc.).

Students should be able to:

- Hold their pencil with a satisfactory grip.
- Consistently use a preferred hand for writing.
- Form upper and lowercase letters efficiently and proportionately in manuscript print.
- Demonstrate knowledge of the use of upper and lowercase letters of the alphabet.
- Write letters in groups to form words.
- Write letters and words that can be read easily.
- Use appropriate spacing between words.
- Write from the left to the right in lines.
- Return to the left margin to begin a new line.
- Write 50 high--frequency words with automaticity.
- Use a conventional sentence structure (noun + verb).
- Write in the past and future tense.
- Use a capital letter for the first word of a sentence, in titles, and in a few familiar proper nouns.
- Use periods, question marks, and exclamation points, and question marks as end marks.
- Locate letter keys on a computer and type simple messages.
- Access and use simple computer programs (easy word processing, games).

For instructional strategies and resources, go to:

Balanced Literacy -

http://www.oise.utoronto.ca/balancedliteracydiet/Home/

Essential Components of Reading Development and Instruction - http://www.readingrockets.org/

	Fountas & Pinnell	Reading Recovery	DRA	Lexile	NWEA/MAP
1 st Quarter	E	7-8	8	80-450	Fall 164
2 nd Quarter	F-G	9-12	10, 12	80-450	Winter 172
3 rd Quarter	H-I	13-16	14-16	80-450	Spring 177
4 th Quarter	J	17	18	451-500	Spring 177





Second Grade

Literacy Milestones

First Quarter	 Students should be able to: Process an increased number of longer and more complex sentences. Use multiple sources of information together to solve words. Demonstrate competent, active word solving while reading at a good pace. Use readers' tools to find information (table of contents, headings, glossary). Identify and talk about key information in a text (who, what, when, where, and why) to answer questions. Read 75 high frequency words with automaticity. Read singular and plural forms of words. Recognize homophones. Take apart words that have vowel pairs (meet, brown, etc.). Identify words, word parts, and lettersound relationship to recognize unfamiliar words. Recognize contractions. 	Third Quarter	 Students should be able to: Notice new words and actively add them to their speaking or writing vocabulary. Read 125 high frequency words with automaticity. Read silently and orally at an appropriate rate, not too fast or too slow. Make inferences about the big ideas or theme of a text. Use evidence from the text to support thinking. Take apart words that have vowel pairs (meet, brown, etc.). Identify words, word parts, and lettersound relationship to recognize unfamiliar words. Recognize contractions.
Second Quarter	 Students should be able to: Consistently use multiple sources of information in solving new words. Solve contentspecific words, using graphics and definitions embedded in the text. Read 100 high frequency words with automaticity. Recognize homophones. Take apart words that have vowel pairs (meet, brown, etc.). Identify words, word parts, and lettersound relationship to recognize unfamiliar words. Recognize contractions. Search for information in illustrations and graphics to support their understanding of the text. Identify the main topic of a multiparagraph text as well as an individual paragraph. Demonstrate orally or in writing, an understanding of the characters in a story using text evidence to support their statements. 	Fourth Quarter	 Students should be able to: Notice new words, record them, and actively add them to their speaking or writing vocabulary. Read 150 high frequency words with automaticity. Consistently check on understanding and search for information when meaning breaks down. Make inferences about setting, characters' traits and feelings, and plot from illustrations in graphic texts. Support all thinking with text evidence. Take apart words that have vowel pairs (meet, brown, etc.). Identify words, word parts, and lettersound relationship to recognize unfamiliar words. Recognize contractions.

Students should be able to:

- Form upper and lowercase letters efficiently and proportionately in manuscript print.
- Write 150 high--frequency words with automaticity.
- · Write in complete sentences and use a range of sentences (declarative, interrogative, and exclamatory).
- Write and use a range of complete sentences.
- Write in the past, present, and future tense.
- Use a capital letter for the first word in a sentence, titles, days, months, states, cities, and the names of people and places.
- Use periods, question marks, and exclamation points, and question marks as end marks.
- Use periods after abbreviations, commas to identify a series, and apostrophes in contractions and possessives.
- · Use quotation marks around the speaker's words.
- · Use dashes and ellipses for emphasis or to slow down the text.
- · Begin developing efficient keyboarding skills.
- · Use a word processor to plan, draft, revise, edit, and publish their writing.
- · Make changes on the screen to revise, edit, and publish documents.

For instructional strategies and resources, go to:

Balanced Literacy -

http://www.oise.utoronto.ca/balancedliteracydiet/Home/

Essential Components of Reading Development and Instruction -

http://www.readingrockets.org/

	Fountas & Pinnell	Reading Recovery	DRA	Lexile	NWEA/MAP
1 st Quarter	J-K	17-18	18-20	451-500	Fall 177
2 nd Quarter	K	18	20	501-550	Winter 184
3 rd Quarter	L	19	24	551-600	Spring 191
4 th Quarter	M	20	28	601-650	Spring 191





Third Grade

Literacy Milestones

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First Quarter	 Students should be able to: Recognize and use letters that represent a variety of vowel sounds (long, short). Recognize and use words with vowel sounds with r (car, her, first. corn). Understand the concept of plurals and plural forms (ses,ies). Recognize and use words that represent a person, place or thing. Notice patterns and categorize high frequency words to assist in learning them quickly. Work towards reading the 500 most common high frequency words with automaticity. Use a range of strategies to solve words with automaticity. Orally read with phrasing, fluency and stressing words. Read silently. Understand a variety of descriptive words. Read books from a variety of genres (e.g. fiction, poetry, fairy tales, mystery, informational). 	 Students should be able to: Add, delete, and change letters, letter clusters, and word parts to base words to help in reading words. Effectively solve unknown words found in the text. Automatically solve words when fluently reading orally and silently. Work towards reading the 500 most common high frequency words with automaticity Notice patterns and categorize high frequency words to assist in learning them quickly. Recognize and use endings that show comparisons (er,est). Recognize and use synonyms. Gain understanding from complex sentences (e.g. prepositional phrases, introductory clauses, lists of nouns, verbs, or adjectives). Read text with various genres and with various lengths (e.g. picture books, chapter books, informational texts). Recognize the unique characteristics found in different genres of text.
Second Quarter	 Students should be able to: Recognize and use syllables in words with double consonants (ladder). Use known words and words parts (onset and rimes) to read and spell new words Recognize and form various tenses by adding endings (es,ed,ing,d) to verbs. Recognize and use action words. Automatically solve words when fluently reading orally and silently. Monitor their reading, adjusting the pace to solve unknown words then resuming previous pace. Notice patterns and categorize high frequency words to assist in learning them quickly. Work towards reading the 500 most common high frequency words with automaticity. Gain understanding from complex sentences (e.g. prepositional phrases, introductory clauses, lists of nouns, verbs, or adjectives). Read text with various lengths (e.g. picture books, chapter books, informational texts). 	 Students should be able to: Recognize base words and remove prefixes and suffixes to break them down and solve them. Recognize and use antonyms. Use the context of the sentence, paragraph, or whole text to help determine the precise meaning of a word. Notice patterns and categorize high frequency words to assist in learning them quickly. Work towards reading the 500 most common high frequency words with automaticity. Read text with various genres and with various lengths (e.g. picture books, chapter books, informational texts). Recognize the unique characteristics found in different genres of text. Understand texts that contain mature themes (e.g. race, language, culture). Automatically solve words when fluently reading orally and silently.

Students should be able to:

- · Appropriately use capital letters.
- Use the appropriate marks at the end of sentences (periods, exclamation points, and question marks).
- Know how to use quotation marks when writing simple dialogue.
- Understand and use ellipse to show pause or anticipation.
- · Write with a specific purpose or audience in mind.
- · Write in past, present, and future tense.
- Delete unnecessary words, phrases, sentences and words or sentences that do not make sense.
- Move information from one part of the text to another to make a text clearer.
- Change the words of their written text to make it more interesting.
- Plan, draft, revise, edit, and publish using a word processor.
- Make adjustments to the screen to revise, edit, and publish documents.
- Efficiently use the keyboard of a computer.
- Fluently, and with appropriate spacing write in manuscript and cursive.

For instructional strategies and resources, go to:

Balanced Literacy -

http://www.oise.utoronto.ca/balan

cedliteracydiet/Home/

Essential Components of Reading Development and Instruction -

http://www.readingrockets.org/

	Fountas & Pinnell	Reading Recovery	DRA	Lexile	NWEA/MAP
1 st Quarter	N	30	30	651-690	Fall 191
2 nd Quarter	N	30	30	651-730	Winter 196
3 rd Quarter	0	34	34	691-770	Spring 201
4th Quarter	Р	38	38	731-770	Spring 201





Fourth Grade

Literacy Milestones

First Quarter	 Students should be able to: Recognize and use letters that represent no sound in words (e.g. comb, fight). Understand that some consonant letters represent several different sounds (e.g. ch: cheese, school, machine, chair, yacht). Recognize and form various tenses by adding endings (e.ger,e,ing,d,ful) to verbs. Recognize and use common prefixes (e.g. re, un, im, il, in, dis, non, mis). Work towards reading the 500 most common high frequency words with automaticity. When reading orally, students demonstrate established fluency and phrasing. Read and comprehend text from various genres (ex. fiction, poetry, fairy tales, mystery, informational). Comprehend text that contained perspectives, settings and people different from themselves and from different times and places. Gain understanding from complex sentences (ex. prepositional phrases, introductory clauses, lists of nouns, verbs, or adjectives). 	Third Quarter	 Students should be able to: Recognize and use vowel sounds in open syllables (e.g. CV: hotel). Recognize and use vowel sounds in closed syllables (e.g. CVC: cabin). Recognize and use endings for adjectives that add meaning or change the adjective to a noun (e.g. –tion,ible, able). Work towards reading the 500 most common high frequency words with automaticity. Use phrasing and expression that shows understanding of the characters when reading dialogue. Utilize tools (tables of contents, glossary, headings, index, etc.) to solve longer descriptive words. Use knowledge from their lives, about the content, and from other text to make predictions. Recognize the characteristics of multiple genres in one text. Develop opinions about a text and use supporting details to prove their opinion.
Second Quarter	 Students should be able to: Understand that several different letters can represent some consonant sounds or letter clusters. Recognize and use endings for adjectives that add meaning or change the adjective to an adverb (e.g. –ly, ally). Recognize and use common prefixes that refer to numbers (uni, bi, tri, centi, dec, mon, multi, poly, quad, semi). Work towards reading the 500 most common high frequency words with automaticity. Effectively solve unknown words found in the text. Take apart words that have multiple syllables utilize other strategies to solve words. Understand texts that contain various structural layouts. Look for information about the text from visual aids (ex. illustrations, maps, charts). Utilize background knowledge and embedded definitions to solve longer descriptive words. 	Fourth Quarter	Students should be able to: Recognize and use a variety of complex compound words and hyphenated compound words. Recognize and use words that are blended together (e.g. brunch). Recognize and understand metaphors that have become traditional sayings, in which comparisons are not evident (e.g. raining cats and dogs). Work towards reading the 500 most common high frequency words with automaticity. Continue to monitor accuracy and understanding, selfcorrecting when errors hinder meaning. Form implicit questions and search for answers while reading. Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text Recognize the use of figurative or descriptive language and discuss how it adds enjoyment or understanding to the text.

Students should be able to:

- · Appropriately use capital letters.
- Consistently use the appropriate marks at the end of sentences (periods, exclamation points, and question marks).
- Understand and use ellipse to show pause or anticipation.
- Use headings and subheadings to organize different parts of an informational writing piece.
- Use a variety of sentence structure and length.
- · Maintain consistency of tense in their writing.
- · Use indentation to distinguish between paragraphs.
- Describe characters by how they look, what they do, what they do, say, and think, and what others say about them.
- Fluently, legibly, and with appropriate space write in cursive.
- Plan, draft, revise, edit, and publish using a word processor.
- Produce text with various features (font, format, etc.) using a word processor.
- Appropriately utilize keyboarding skills to create drafts, revise, edit and publish.
- Demonstrate understanding of computer and word processing terminology.
- Students have the ability to create websites entries and articles.
- Utilize computer skills in presenting texts.

For instructional strategies and resources, go to:
Balanced Literacy http://www.oise.utoronto.ca/balan
cedliteracydiet/Home/

Essential Components of Reading Development and Instruction - http://www.readingrockets.org/

	Fountas & Pinnell	Reading Recovery	DRA	Lexile	NWEA/MAP
1 st Quarter	Q	40	40	771-800	Fall 201
2 nd Quarter	R	40	40	771-830	Winter 204
3 rd Quarter	R	40	40	771-830	Spring 208
4th Quarter	S	40	40	801-860	Spring 208





Fifth Grade

Literacy Milestones

First Quarter	 Students should be able to: Take apart words that have open and closed syllables. Take apart words with various syllable patterns. Identify the meaning of words that multiple meaning and how that word is defined in a particular text. Work towards reading the 500 most common high frequency words with automaticity. Understand that English words come from many different sources (e.g. languages, place names). Monitor accuracy and understanding, selfcorrecting when errors hinder meaning. Read and understand text from various genres with automaticity. Comprehend text that contains perspectives, settings and people different from themselves and from different times and places. Gain understanding from complex sentences (ex. prepositional phrases, introductory clauses, lists of nouns, verbs, or adjectives). 	Third Quarter	 Students should be able to: Take apart words with various syllable patterns. Take apart words that have open and closed syllables. Identify the meaning of words that multiple meaning and how that word is defined in a particular text. Work towards reading the 500 most common high frequency words with automaticity. Recognize and use nouns that are formed by adding –ic,al,ian,ial,cial. Monitor accuracy and understanding, selfcorrecting when errors hinder meaning. Use the context of a sentence, paragraph, or whole text to determine the meaning of a word. Organize important information in summary form in order to remember and use them as background knowledge for reading, discussion or writing. Use knowledge from one text to help in understanding of diverse cultures and settings from new texts. Find evidence in support of an argument.
Second Quarter	 Students should be able to: Take apart words with various syllable patterns. Take apart words that have open and closed syllables. Identify the meaning of words that multiple meaning and how that word is defined in a particular text. Work towards reading the 500 most common high frequency words with automaticity. Recognize and use words that are formed by combining initials. Monitor accuracy and understanding, selfcorrecting when errors hinder meaning. Read and understand text from various genres with automaticity. Utilize the features of the genre to assist comprehension. Recognize the symbolism in fantasy, myth, and legends. 	Fourth Quarter	 Students should be able to: Take apart words with various syllable patterns. Take apart words that have open and closed syllables. Identify the meaning of words that multiple meaning and how that word is defined in a particular text. Work towards reading the 500 most common high frequency words with automaticity. Recognize and use suffixes that change verbs and nouns for different functions (e.ger,es,r,ing,ily,able, ible,or,less,ness,ous,cious,tious). Derive the meaning of words that reflect regional or historical dialects and nonEnglish words. Follow complex plots (ex. flashbacks). Understand how to select the most important information when summarizing. Infer characters traits, feelings, and plot from illustrations.

Students should be able to:

- · Appropriately use capital letters.
- Consistently use the appropriate marks at the end of sentences (periods, exclamation points, and question marks).
- Use punctuation modeled in mentor text.
- Understand and use ellipse to show pause or anticipation
- Write in complete sentences using noun and verb agreement.
- · Maintain consistency of tense in their writing.
- Write sentences using past, present, future, present perfect, and past perfect tenses.
- Describe a setting with appropriate detail.
- Understand that poetry is a unique way to communicate about and describe feelings, sensory images, ideas, or stories.
- Fluently, legibly, and with appropriate space write in cursive.
- Produce text with various features (font, format, etc.) using a word processor.
- Plan, draft, revise, edit, and publish using a word processor.
- Appropriately utilize keyboarding skills to create drafts, revise, edit and publish.
- Demonstrate understanding of computer and word processing terminology.
- Students have the ability to create websites entries and articles.
- · Utilize computer skills in presenting texts.

Expected Levels of Reading Performance

	Fountas & Pinnell	DRA	Lexile	NWEA/MAP
1 st Quarter	S	40	831-860	Fall 208
2 nd Quarter	Т	40	861-890	Winter 210
3 rd Quarter	Т	40	861-890	Spring 213
4th Quarter	U-V	50	891-980	Spring 213

For instructional strategies and resources, go to:
Balanced Literacy http://www.oise.utoronto.ca/balan
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Essential Components of Reading
Development and Instruction http://www.readingrockets.org/

