### CLEVELAND MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT



## **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017



1111 Superior Avenue E, Suite 1800 • Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio 44114

# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

of the

**Cleveland Municipal School District** 

For the

### FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Prepared by

### **Finance Department**

Derek Richey Chief Financial Officer Dennis Kubick Deputy Chief Financial Officer/Controller Michael Bowen Executive Director of Accounting

1111 Superior Avenue E. \* Cleveland, Ohio 44114

### CLEVELAND MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Board of Education



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Lisa Thomas, Ph.D.



**Eric S. Gordon** Chief Executive Officer





## Introductory Section



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Chief Executive Officer Eric S. Gordon

#### **Board of Education**

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Robert M. Heard, Sr. Vice Chair

Louise P. Dempsey, Esq. Jasmine Fryer Denise W. Link Willetta A. Milam Shaletha T. Mitchell Justin L. Monday, Esq. Lisa Thomas, Ph.D.

#### **Ex Officio Members**

Ronald M. Berkman, Ph.D. Alex Johnson, Ph.D. December 29, 2017

Members of the Board of Education and the Citizens of Cleveland, Ohio

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Cleveland Municipal School District (the "School District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This CAFR includes an opinion from the State Auditor and conforms to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental activities. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the School District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the School District. This report will provide the taxpayers of the School District with comprehensive financial data in a format which will enable them to gain an understanding of the School District's financial affairs. Copies will be made available to taxpayers, financial rating services and other interested parties.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The School District's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent accountants' report.

### The School District

### The Board of Education and Administration

The Board of Education of the School District (the "Board") is a political and corporate body charged with the responsibility of managing and controlling the affairs of the School District, and is governed by the general laws of the State of Ohio (the "Ohio Revised Code"). The Board is comprised of nine members who are appointed by the Mayor of the City of Cleveland.

Finance Department

The Chief Executive Officer leads the School District's academic work following the guidance of the Board and aligned with five State performance standards:

- 1. Vision, Continuous Improvement, and Focus of District Work: Superintendents establish a vision, expect continuous improvement and develop a focused plan for achieving district goals.
- 2. Communication and Collaboration: Superintendents establish processes to communicate and collaborate effectively.
- 3. Policies and Governance: Superintendents work with the Board of Education to identify, prioritize and set policies and governance procedures that maximize the success of all students.
- 4. Superintendents lead the creation of instructional systems designed for high student achievement.
- 5. Superintendents manage and organize the district's resources (human, fiscal, operational and material) to accomplish district goals.

The Chief Executive Officer of the School District has the responsibility for hiring, directing and assigning teachers and other employees, assigning the pupils to the proper schools, grades and performing such other duties as determined by the appointed Board. In May of 2011, the Board with the concurrence of the Mayor appointed Eric Gordon as the School District's Chief Executive Officer with a one-year contract effective July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012. Mr. Gordon's second contract was renewed and expired after three years on June 30, 2015. He was unanimously appointed to a third contract running through June 30 2019. Prior to being named the Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Gordon served as the School District's Chief Academic Officer since 2007.

The Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer is the chief fiscal officer of the Board and the School District. Under the current administrative structure, the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer reports to the Chief Executive Officer. On November 15, 2011 the School District formally announced the appointment of John W. Scanlan as the Chief Financial and Administrative Officer effective January 1, 2012. Mr. Scanlan was previously the Deputy Superintendent of Administration in New York's Rochester City School District and the Chief Operating Officer of the Oklahoma City Public School District. Mr. Scanlan resigned from the School District on August 1, 2017. Derek Richey, former Executive Director of Budgets and Grants for the School District was appointed as the treasurer on August 1, 2017. Previously he was the Director of Strategic Resource Use for the Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools.

### The School District and its Facilities

Of the School District's area of approximately 82 square miles, 81.44 square miles (or 99.32 percent) are in the City of Cleveland. The balance of the School District's area is located in and serves the entire area of the Villages of Newburgh Heights, Linndale and Bratenahl and a small portion of the City of Garfield Heights. The School District is located entirely within Cuyahoga County, and, with the exception of a portion of the City of Cleveland located in the Shaker Heights City School District, its boundaries are generally coterminous with the corporate boundaries of the City of Cleveland.

The School District provides approximately 400,000 Cleveland residents an efficient educational system for the children enrolled in the public schools, whereby each child has access to programs and services that are appropriate to his or her needs. In addition to regular educational programs, the School District offers comprehensive vocational education, special education and bilingual education programs. The School District's specialty schools provide advanced educational programs in fine arts, computer science, healthcare professions, law and municipal professions, business, and technical trades.

In fiscal year 2017, the School District was funded for 36,598 K-12 students according to the state foundation payment system (compared to 36,962 the previous year) in 68 K-8 schools, and 37 senior high schools. In addition, classes were provided in four residential school programs. The School District also operated a variety of specialized educational facilities (consisting of gardens, athletic fields, a sheltered workshop and a greenhouse), eight administration facilities (including a central kitchen and two leased sites) and two transportation depots. Recent trend data indicates that the district has slowed the loss of students and district planning projections reflect slight growth for 2017 due to the return of students leaving failing/closed community schools.

The School District has completed its sixteenth year of a massive school facility construction/renovation project, which is described in more detail in the *Management's Discussion and Analysis* section. The project commenced in 2001 to address the condition and age of the existing classroom facilities (which ranged from 25 to 113 years old).

### Charter/Community Schools

Beginning in fiscal year 1999, State of Ohio legislation allowed for the creation of charter/community schools. By law the School District receives State Foundation Aid for students attending charter/community schools that are residents of the School District on a per pupil basis. That aid, which includes an imputed local match, is paid out to the charter/community schools for their operations. The number of students attending charter/community schools has grown in the past ten years to 16,224 for fiscal 2017, resulting in the payment from the School District of state aid of \$132.1 million.

### Employee Relations

As of June 30, 2017, the School District had 5,713 full and part-time employees (compared to 5,401 the previous year). The School District paid \$382.7 million in salaries and wages and \$138.6 million for fringe benefits such as employer retirement contributions, health care, life insurance, and certain other benefits.

The School District's certificated administrators and supervisors (such as principals, assistant principals and many central office staff) are not members of any bargaining unit but are represented by the Cleveland Council Administrators and Supervisors; however, many of these individuals are employees on an at-will basis. Teachers and educational specialists, including aides, are represented by the Cleveland Teachers Union ("CTU").

In March 2017, the School District entered into a contract with CTU for a three-year period beginning July 1, 2016 and ending June 30, 2019. This contract provides for 2% wage increase effective July 1, 2016 and 2.75% wage increases July 1, 2017 and July 1, 2018. Beginning in January 2018, CTU members who participate in wellness incentive will also pay monthly healthcare premium costs of \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. CTU members who do not participate in the wellness incentive will pay 10% of the COBRA cost of the health insurance plan capped at \$100 for single coverage and \$220 for family coverage. The parties are currently in negotiations for a successor agreement. Members will also have the option to participate in the UH Choice option with monthly contributions of \$35 for single coverage and \$100 for family coverage for those participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive.

Classified employees (secretarial-clerical, custodial, maintenance, transportation and cafeteria staff) of the School District are represented for collective bargaining purposes by different unions, including:

• The International Brotherhood of Teamsters Local 407 (school bus drivers and bus attendants), have entered into a two-year contract with the District for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 with wage increases of 2.75% effective July 1, 2017 and July 1, 2018. Beginning in January 2018, union members who participate in the wellness incentive will also pay monthly

healthcare premium costs of \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. Members who do not participate in the wellness incentive will pay 10% of the COBRA cost of the health insurance plan capped at \$100 for single coverage and \$220 for family coverage. Members will also have the option to participate in the UH Choice option with monthly contributions of \$35 for single coverage and \$100 for family coverage for those participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive;

- The City, County, and State Truck Drivers Union Local 244 (truck drivers), now represented by Teamsters Local 436, have entered into a two-year contract with the District for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 with wage increases of 2.75% effective July 1, 2017 and July 1, 2018. Beginning in January 2018, union members who participate in the wellness incentive will also pay monthly healthcare premium costs of \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. Members who do not participate in the wellness incentive will pay 10% of the COBRA cost of the health insurance plan capped at \$100 for single coverage and \$220 for family coverage. Members will also have the option to participate in the UH Choice option with monthly contributions of \$35 for single coverage and \$100 for family coverage for those participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive;
- The National Conference of Fireman and Oilers Local 860 (assistant custodians, laborers, and mechanics), are still in contract negotiations with the District. Beginning in January 2018, union members who participate in the wellness incentive will also pay monthly healthcare premium costs of \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. Members who do not participate in the wellness incentive will pay 10% of the COBRA cost of the health insurance plan capped at \$100 for single coverage and \$220 for family coverage. Members will also have the option to participate in the UH Choice option with monthly contributions of \$35 for single coverage and \$100 for family coverage for those participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive;
- The International Brotherhood of Teamsters Local 436 no longer represents the District's security officers, who are now represented by the Ohio Patrolmen's Benevolent Association (OPBA) and are still in contract negotiations with the District. Beginning in January 2018, union members who participate in the wellness incentive will also pay monthly healthcare premium costs of \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. Members who do not participate in the wellness incentive will pay 10% of the COBRA cost of the health insurance plan capped at \$100 for single coverage and \$220 for family coverage. Members will also have the option to participate in the UH Choice option with monthly contributions of \$35 for single coverage and \$100 for family coverage for those participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive;
- The Service Employees International Union Local 1199 (clerical, food service and cleaning staff). have entered into a two-year contract with the District for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 with wage increases of 2.75% effective July 1, 2017 and July 1, 2018 for employees with an annual compensation of more than \$27,040. Those employees earning \$27,040 on an annualized basis received a \$1.00 per hour increase effective July 1, 2017. Beginning in January 2018, union members who participate in the wellness incentive will also pay monthly healthcare premium costs of \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. Members who do not participate in the wellness incentive will pay 10% of the COBRA cost of the health insurance plan capped at \$100 for single coverage and \$220 for family coverage. Members will also have the option to participate in the UH Choice option with monthly contributions of \$35 for single coverage and \$100 for family coverage for those participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive. Beginning in January 2018, union members who earn \$27,040 or less on an annualized basis will pay 65% of the monthly contribution paid by District 1199 members who earn more than \$27,040 on an annualized basis. For those employees whose annualized wage are \$27,040 or less, employee contribution shall be 6.5% of monthly healthcare premium costs capped at \$75

for individual and \$170 for family coverage. If at any time the employee's annualized wages exceed \$23,000, the employees contribution shall be increased to %10 effective the first month after the annualized wages exceed;

- The Cleveland Building Trades Council (trades people) and the carpenters union, have entered in to a two-year contract with the District for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 with wage increases of 2.75% effective July 1, 2017 and July 1,2018. Beginning in January 2018, union members who participate in the wellness incentive will also pay monthly healthcare premium costs of \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. Members who do not participate in the wellness incentive will pay 10% of the COBRA cost of the health insurance plan capped at \$100 for single coverage and \$220 for family coverage. Members will also have the option to participate in the UH Choice option with monthly contributions of \$35 for single coverage and \$100 for family coverage for those participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive; and
- The National Conference of Fireman and Oilers Local 777 (custodians), with a three year agreement ending on June 30, 2016, with a 3% compensation increase in the first year of the contract, a stipend of \$800 to be paid in the second year of the contract since sufficient progress was made toward a differentiated compensation system and a 1% increase in the third year of the contract. Members will pay 10% of monthly healthcare premium costs capped at \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. For fiscal year 2017, they agreed to extend the previous contract for one year with a 2% compensation increase for the year. Beginning in January 2018, union members who participate in the wellness incentive will also pay monthly healthcare premium costs of \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage and \$170 for family coverage and \$220 for family coverage. Members who do not participate in the UH Choice option with monthly contributions of \$35 for single coverage and \$100 for family coverage for those participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive and \$250 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive who do not participate in the wellness participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive who do not participate in the wellness participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive

### The Reporting Entity

The School District has reviewed its reporting entity definition in order to insure conformance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", and Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units." The basic financial statements include all organizations, activities and functions for which the School District is financially accountable.

Excluded from the reporting entity because they are fiscally independent of the School District are the City of Cleveland and the Cleveland Public Library. The City of Cleveland and the Cleveland Public Library are related organizations whose relationships to the School District are described in Note 19 to the basic financial statements. The School District also participates in the Ohio Schools Council, which is a jointly governed organization. In 2001, the School District created the Bond Accountability Commission ("BAC"), which is also a jointly governed organization. These relationships are described in Note 20 to the basic financial statements.

The School District is an independent municipal school district and is not a component unit of another government. A complete discussion of the School District's reporting entity is provided in Note 1 to the basic financial statements.

### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

The School District's primary sources of revenues are from the State of Ohio through the State Foundation program and through the levying of property taxes on real property located within the School District. These two sources combined represent approximately 94 percent of the School District's fiscal year 2016 budget basis General Fund operating revenues. The following discussion provides additional information pertaining to these revenue sources.

### Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions generally occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility located in the School District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years.

A table showing the assessed valuation of property in the School District subject to ad valorem taxes by the Board for the most recent ten years is presented in the statistical section.

Fiscal year 2017 property taxes are currently estimated by the Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office based on a current collection rate of 89.4%, up from 86.9%. The forecast through 2022 assumes a current collection rate of 89.4%. The Ohio Revised Code and Ohio Administrative Code mandate Cuyahoga County to conduct a re-appraisal every six years, an update every three years and annual valuation of improvements based upon building permits received from each city annually. As of November 2015, the County is certifying its updated valuations and the district anticipates flat to small negative changes for both residential and commercial properties. The next re-appraisal is scheduled for the year 2018.

State law grants tax relief to property owners (property tax rollbacks) in the form of a 10% reduction in real property tax bills. In addition, a 2.5% rollback is granted for owner occupied homesteads (total of 12.5%). The State reimburses the School District for the loss of real property taxes as a result of the rollback provision. HB 66 eliminated the 10% rollback on commercial property; hence the School District will no longer receive a State reimbursement for those dollars, as it will receive those payments directly from commercial property owners. The new law states that the ten percent and two and one-half percent rollbacks will no longer apply to new levies that are enacted after August 31, 2013.

House Bill 66 phases out the tax on the tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property was eliminated in 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property was eliminated in 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. HB 66 makes provision to replace revenue lost due to the phase out of the tangible personal property tax. Businesses are now subject to a commercial activity tax (CAT) that will provide some replacement income to school districts for the lost tangible property revenues.

Ohio law grants tax credits to offset increases in taxes resulting from increases in the true value of real property. Legislation implementing a 1980 constitutional amendment classifies real property between (1) residential and agricultural and (2) all other real property, and provides for tax reduction factors to be separately computed for and applied to each class. These credits apply to certain voted levies on real property, and do not apply to unvoted tax levies or voted tax levies to pay debt service on general obligation debt.

Additionally, in 1976 the General Assembly passed House Bill 920. This law provides that real property owners receive tax credits equal to any tax increase caused by an increase in value of all real property in taxing districts as a result of reappraisal, update or readjustment. This does not apply to inside non-voted millage, tangible property or new construction. In effect, H.B. 920 removes inflationary revenue growth from the applicable real property by requiring an adjustment to the voted millage rate, thereby resulting in a lower effective millage rate.

Property tax levies and collections for the last ten years are shown in comparative format in the statistical section.

### School Foundation

The State's School Foundation Program is another major source of revenue for the School District's General Fund. The State assists public school districts under a statutory program, which includes direct payments to districts based upon a statutory formula. Such payments are made through the School Foundation Program established by the Ohio Revised Code. School Foundation Program funds distributed to a School District are required to be used for current operating expenses, unless specifically allocated by the State for some other purpose.

As before, foundation payments are calculated twice a month and for each payment a foundation letter is generated that specifically references that payment and provides detailed information on the formula funding calculation as well as the distribution of various other funds and transfers by which the foundation calculation is adjusted. In addition to the School Finance Payment Report (SFPR) which contains the foundation calculation details, a Statement of Settlement report is also provided as before that summarizes the payment information to school districts based on the SFPR calculation and adjustments as well as additional adjustments and transfers from outside of the foundation formula that are relevant to each payment.

The SFPR is a comprehensive document designed to walk the user through every step of the funding calculation with relative ease by referencing the data and the funding formulae provided.

Foundation Funding Components that make up the foundation formula are:

- A. Opportunity Grant
- B. Targeted Assistance
- C. K-3 Literacy Funding
- D. Economic Disadvantaged Funding
- E. Limited English Proficiency Funding
- F. Gifted Education Funding
- G. Transportation Funding
- H. Special Education Additional Funding
- I. Career Tech Educational Funding
- J. Capacity Aid
- K. Graduation Bonus
- L. Third Grade Reading Bonus

In addition to these funding components, the foundation formula also provides for a Transitional Guarantee which guarantees that no district will receive less in total FY 2016 funding than it did in FY 2015 by distributing the difference between the FY 2015 total funding (guarantee base) and the FY 2016 total calculated amount. Although the formula guarantees at least the FY 2015 total funding, it also caps the FY 2016 calculated funding at 7.5% above the FY 2015 funding level.

There can be no assurance concerning future funding levels for or the details of State funding for school districts. As has been the case in the past, funding can also been subject to adjustment during a biennium. As indicated above, the General Assembly has the power to amend the system of State school funding. The School District cannot predict whether, when or in what form any future system of State school funding will be enacted into law.

### Local Economy

The City of Cleveland is located on the southern shores of Lake Erie, and is the county seat of Cuyahoga County. The City is included in the Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), comprised of Cuyahoga, Lake, Lorain, Geauga, and Medina counties. This MSA is the 26<sup>th</sup> largest of 366 Metropolitan Areas in the United States, and the largest Metropolitan Area in the State of Ohio. Founded in 1796, Cleveland quickly established economic strengths in heavy industry, including oil, iron and steel, and combined with its favorable location on major shipping channels soon emerged as the dominant manufacturing and business center of Northeast Ohio. While the City's economy has shifted more toward health care and financial services, its manufacturing base has assumed a smaller, yet still vital role. Competitive pressures in manufacturing have limited job creation, but the competitive position of Cleveland-based industrial companies has improved.

Cleveland's economic condition draws strength and stability from its evolving role as a focal point of a growing, changing and substantial regional economy. The City is located at the center of one of the nation's heaviest population concentrations. The Cleveland metropolitan area is a significant local market, housing 2.1 million people. Cleveland also provides superior links to the global markets. The Cleveland-Cuyahoga Port Authority handles the largest amount of overseas cargo on Lake Erie and includes a Foreign Trade Zone. The City is also well-served with extensive highways, and the Cleveland Hopkins International Airport which is serviced by all major airlines. The re-emergence of downtown Cleveland as a vibrant center for national and regional entertainment and major cultural activities signals a turning point in the City's overall fortunes and is paving the way for further economic expansion that will be significantly more entrepreneurial in scope.

### Downtown and Other Economic Development

- The City continues to focus its strategies on identified clusters of regional strength including health technology, paints and coatings, lighting and electrical, information technology, automotive and automotive related, aerospace, and banking and finance. Retention efforts include two visitation programs: the Cleveland Industrial Retention Initiative for all manufactures, distribution and related supply chain businesses and a specific downtown stakeholders' visitation program through Downtown Cleveland Alliance. Oatey Co., a long time Cleveland manufacturer of plumbing products with locations around the world, built a new 43,500 square foot headquarters building in Cleveland's Emerald Corporate Park, which opened in October 2016.
- One of the central focus areas is the Health Tech Corridor, a three-block transit-oriented development running from Cleveland State University to University Circle, encompassing 1,600 acres. The Health Tech Corridor includes three colleges and universities and three major hospitals. In 2014, RTA completed a new transit station in University Circle on Cedar Avenue and completed construction of a new transit station on Mayfield Road in August 2015. These stations complement RTA's Health Line transportation system by connecting it to the City's second "downtown." The Health Line was key in the retention of Dealer Tire in the City's Midtown area. Dealer Tire recently opened their new Headquarters at the Victory Center, keeping their 450 employees in the City. They intend to add over 100 jobs in the next three years. The area also continues to provide a location for incubated health technology companies like Abeona, which has announced its intention to build a private gene manufacturing facility (one of 10 in the United States) in the Health Tech corridor.
- Hemingway Development and University Hospitals have agreed to purchase a ten acre brownfield site that the City assembled and cleaned up. University Hospitals is developing another Health Technology Campus to be anchored by a 40,000 square foot University Hospitals clinic for women and children, which broke ground in December 2016 and is expected to be completed in 2018. Hemingway also broke ground in 2016 on a 60,000 square foot speculative tech center. The City also started clean-up activities on another 2.5 acre site to keep pace with demand in the Health Tech Corridor and is working with potential buyer.

- A development team of First Interstate Properties, Ltd., and Petros Development Corp. began construction in summer 2016 on One University Circle, a new 28-story residential tower in University Circle, five miles east of downtown in the vicinity of the Cleveland Clinic, Case Western Reserve University and many of the City's cultural institutions. Midwest Development Partners and the Coral Company plan to start construction on Centric, a residential and office complex. Site work commenced in December 2016. The two projects represent a total investment in the University Circle area of over \$180 million.
- In 2013, the Cleveland Clinic demolished a block of buildings across from its campus to make way for a new medical school in partnership with Case Western Reserve University. Originally planned as a 165,000 square foot medical education building, the project has now been expanded to become a Health Education Campus of in excess of 485,000 square feet and a cost over \$515 million. The project broke ground on October 1, 2015 and is expected to be completed in mid-2019.
- In 2015, Integrated CC LCC, as the developer, commenced construction of the 276-room all service Holiday Inn Cleveland Clinic located on the Cleveland Clinic Campus. The hotel has a full service restaurant and lounge. The hotel is designed to serve the public and the families of overnight patients at the Cleveland Clinic. The \$45 million project was financed with bonds issued by the Cleveland-Cuyahoga County Port Authority. The hotel opened for business in May 2016.
- The County's \$465 million Convention Center and Global Center for Health Innovation project in the City's downtown was completed in 2013. The project included an integrated facility for (i) exhibition space and showrooms for medical devices and equipment and related functions (the Global Center for Health Innovation) and (ii) exhibition, tradeshow and conference facilities, meeting rooms and related functions. A \$260 million Hilton convention center hotel, funded through bonds issued by the County, opened in mid-2016 in time for the Republican National Convention. The 30-story, 650-room Hilton was built on the site of the former County administration building, which was razed in early 2014. Several other hotels were completed in time for the Republican National Convention. They include the 481- room Westin, which opened in the spring of 2014; the 150-room Metropolitan, which opened in the fall of 2014; the 120-room Kimpton Schofield which opened in March 2016, and the 180-room Drury Plaza Hotel, which opened in April 2016.
- The 1.4 million square foot the 925 building was purchased by Hudson Holdings which has received State and Federal Historic Tax credits to renovate the building. The \$370 million project includes 600 apartments and 93 micro-units available to companies and workers participating in their business incubator which will be located in the building. The project will also include a 279-room hotel, 300-400,000 square feet of office space, a fitness club and retail space. The building's lobby will function as events space and lobby for the apartments and hotel. The project is expected to create over 1,500 construction jobs and 1,800 permanent jobs, and construction is expected to begin in late 2017 or early 2018.
- Stark Enterprises purchased two buildings and a surface parking lot in the City's downtown and has announced plans to create a 2.6 acre site that will become "nucleus", a \$250 million development that will include 500 residential units, 200,000 square feet of office space, 130,000 square feet of retail space, two new parking garages and a new hotel.
- The \$275 million Cleveland Flats East Development Project Phase I was completed in 2013. This project consisted of an approximately 476,000 square foot, 18-story office tower, an approximately 550-space parking garage, a 150-room Aloft hotel, and approximately 31,000 square feet of restaurant and retail space. The \$146 million Phase II included 243 apartments and

80,000 square feet of ground floor restaurant and retail as well as 48,000 square feet of entertainment space. A 1,200 linear foot river walk has been completed and provides access to the riverfront. The Phase II grand opening was held in October 2015. The Metroparks has opened a seasonal water taxi service that connects both sides of the river with plans to connect in the future to a lakefront beach Wendy Park, furthering the tourist draws to this area.

- The Ohio City neighborhood continues to grow and be a destination for residents and tourists. The neighborhood includes the City-owned West Side Market, the oldest continually operating market in the country, which recently celebrated its 100<sup>th</sup> anniversary. The West 25ht Street Lofts Project created 83 loft style apartments and some rooftop penthouse units, as well as 9,100 square feet of commercial space. The last of the apartments were completed in December 2016. Total project cost was over \$60 million. Abode Modern Lifestyle Developers has assembled four acres of land with hopes of constructing a \$40 to \$50 million new mixed use development. The area has seen more than \$15 million new investment to redevelop over 198,000 square feet of vacant or underutilized mixed use space, including historic renovations and some new The Snavely Group has announced a \$60 million mixed-use, mixed-income construction. development that began construction in October 2016. The success of Ohio City investments has led to development moving along the retail corridor on Lorain Avenue, with investors buying buildings from West 25<sup>th</sup> Street to West 50<sup>th</sup> Street with a variety of retail and commercial projects that include microbreweries, a home brewing supplier, an organic grocery store, restaurants and a shuffle board club. Many of the buildings are renovating long vacant apartments over the first floor retail space as the Ohio City housing market continues to draw new residents from all income levels looking to be in this walkable, transit-oriented community.
- The Cleveland Cavaliers have announced that there will be a \$140 million transformation of the Quicken Loans Arena, which is the home of the Cleveland Cavaliers. A deal was reached earlier this year that local governments will provide half of the funding and the Cleveland Cavaliers will cover the remaining half plus any cost overruns. This deal will extend the Cavaliers lease of the arena from 2027 to 2034. The team also pledged to rehab basketball floors in all of the City's recreation centers and all of the District's high schools. This pledge would involve about 40 gymnasiums.

### **Major Initiatives**

### The Cleveland Plan (H.B. 525)

Three years ago, in July 2012, Governor John Kasich signed House Bill 525, also known as "The Cleveland Plan," into law. Cleveland Mayor Frank Jackson, Governor Kasich, the General Assembly, the Cleveland Teacher's Union and the Cleveland business community collaborated to create a plan for the School District to improve standards, reward, retain, and recruit high-quality educators, and increase school autonomy and accountability.

The goal of this plan is to ensure that every child in Cleveland attends a high-quality school and that every neighborhood has a multitude of great schools from which families can choose. To reach this goal, Cleveland must transition from a traditional, single-course school district to a new system of district and charter schools that are held to the highest standards and work in partnership to create dramatic student achievement gains for every child. The plan is built upon growing the number of excellent schools in Cleveland, regardless of provider, and giving these schools autonomy over staff and budgets in exchange for high accountability for performance. It aims to create an environment that empowers and values principals and teachers as professionals and makes certain that our students are held to the highest expectations.

This plan is driven by a fierce sense of urgency. The intensity of global competition demands that students in Cleveland build the knowledge, skills and attributes that position them to be successful and

competitive in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century global economy. The future must include many different kinds of schools that give children and their parents choices from an array of innovative options. Fundamentally, schools in Cleveland must break the one-size-fits-all premise of today's education system.

This plan recognizes that public education in Cleveland is at a crossroads. Recent reform efforts undertaken by the District and its partners have generated positive results for some students. The number of high-performing district and charter schools in Cleveland has grown from 14 in 2006 to 37 in 2011, enrolling more than 11,400 students. And the District now offers a more diverse set of options for students and families than ever before, including 13 new schools opened since 2006. However, the pace of change is not fast enough, nor deep enough to overcome the challenges facing the District. We have no other option but to reinvent our school system, as unacceptable academic performance, declining enrollment and an untenable financial situation threaten the very existence of public education in the city.

Cleveland's Plan for Transforming Schools is grounded in an emerging national approach known as the "Portfolio Strategy," which is showing promising results in cities such as Baltimore, Denver and New York. It has four major components:

Grow the number of High-Performing District and Charter Schools in Cleveland: The principal focus of this work is to significantly increase the number of high-performing schools while reducing and eventually eliminating low-performing schools. To do this, the District will employ four distinct strategies. (1) Promote, expand and replicate existing high-performing District and charter schools. Great schools, measured by a consistent standard of quality, will have full autonomy over school budgets, staff selection and assignment, academic and student support programs, school calendar and school schedules in exchange for high accountability standards and access to financial and other resources. (2) Start new schools. Cleveland will attract the best national education models to our city, invent our own schools that are unique to Cleveland and encourage local community partners and Cleveland teachers to co-create new and innovative school models. (3) Refocus and strengthen mid-performing schools. For those schools that meet minimum state standards and have some critical academic and social conditions in place, the District will employ precise, customized and differentiated interventions and investments and grant some levels of autonomy. (4) Repurpose and address low-performing schools. The lowest performing schools will be targeted for immediate and dramatic action, including closure and reassignment of students to better schools, closure and start-up of a new school, phase in of a new program and phase out of the old, or turning the school over to a capable charter operator.

**Focus District's Central Office on key roles and Transfer Authority and Resources to Schools:** Organizational roles and relationships will change in three fundamental ways. The primary focus of central office will be to oversee the portfolio of schools to ensure continuous improvement, provide system coordination for essential functions (enrollment, data systems, etc.) and provide some targeted services directly to schools. Secondly, schools will be given varying levels of autonomy based on their level of performance and will be accountable for delivering an excellent education. All schools will have to abide by certain state and federal requirements, such as state testing and serving students with disabilities and English language learners, among others. Finally, the District will shift to weighted perpupil funding system for all schools and transfer a majority of spending control to schools based on the number and needs of the students they enroll. This will include the transfer of some locally generated tax revenues to high-performing charter schools that are sponsored by or have agreements with the District.

**Invest and Phase in High-Levering System reforms across all schools:** Beyond investments in this new, performance-based system of schools, Cleveland will invest in several fundamental building blocks upon which this plan must be built: high-quality preschool education, college and workforce readiness, year-round calendar, talent recruitment and capacity building, academic technology enhancement and support for high-quality charter schools.

**Create the Cleveland Transformation Alliance to ensure accountability for all public schools:** The Cleveland Transformation Alliance, a public-private partnership with representatives from the District,

the charter sector and the community, will be charged with ensuring the growth of the portfolio of highperforming District and charter schools in Cleveland. It will assume the following unique roles: ensure fidelity to the citywide education plan, assess the quality of all Cleveland schools, communicate to parents about quality school choices and serve as a watchdog for charter sector growth in Cleveland.

Cleveland's plan requires the right policy conditions including necessary changes in state policy, a fresh start in labor-management agreements and relationships and a financial sustainability plan. The long-term survival of the District is dependent upon the interwoven elements outlined in this plan.

### The Seven Components of the Portfolio Strategy as Envisioned in *The Cleveland Plan:*

The Portfolio strategy is a performance management model for districts that aim to create dramatic student achievement gains at scale. It centers on creating more high-quality schools regardless of provider, giving schools autonomy over staff and funding, and holding all schools accountable for performance. The Portfolio Strategy is built on 7 key components:

- Good options and choices for all families
- School Autonomy
- Pupil-Based Funding for all schools
- Talent seeking strategy
- Sources of support for schools
- Performance-based accountability for schools
- Extensive public engagement

### **District's Theory of Action**

The District believes that principals and their leadership teams are best positioned to drive college and career ready learning and to fulfill the ambitious student achievement goals of *The Cleveland Plan*.

Over the next two years, the District will systematically empower all school leadership teams to assume increasing responsibility for the instructional design and programming at their schools. By August 2019, all schools will be able to select instructional services and resources off of a menu of options that they also help to create and that will expand and improve over time.

Supporting flexible implementation of a strong instructional core will require central office to realign a number of its practices so that it can focus on holding schools accountable for outcomes and providing asneeded support to schools in utilizing these increased flexibilities.

Generally, we will need to:

- 1. Realign our principal selection, development, and accountability processes.
- 2. Refocus network support services.
- 3. Align central support services, and
- 4. Develop a communications and feedback system to ensure successful completion of action steps.

### Cleveland Plan Progress

Following implementation of *The Cleveland Plan*, the School District in the 2016-2017 school year, achieved the following benchmarks:

- *Expanded Quality Preschool:* adding 1,420 seats over three years to a grand total of 4,277 seats.
- *K-3 Literacy Improvement:* increased 13.7%, the District outperformed 88 other Ohio school districts
- *Third Grade Reading Guarantee:* 79.6% of students were promoted to 4<sup>th</sup> grade this year

- *Increased Graduation Rate:* Graduation Rates have increased 19.7% since the 2010-2011 school year. In 2016-2017 the graduation rate was 71.9%. This represents the fourth fastest growing rate in Ohio since 2011 and the fastest growing rate among state's large urban districts.
- *More Students read for College & Careers:* There has been a decrease in college remediation rates over the last four years by 14%.
- *Reduction in off-track Attendance:* There are 14% fewer students missing more than ten days in a school year over the last two years.
- Active Parent Engagement: Parent engagement has increase 19.5% over the last four school years
- *Student Perception of School Safety:* Every year since 2013 student's perception of safety in their schools has increased.

Additionally to the above progress, the following is also happening in the District:

- *Growing public trust in the District:* Academic progress under *The Cleveland Plan* is restoring public trust in the District, as evidence by three consecutive years of increasing enrollment. Seventy-two percent of citizens polled say the District is "moving in the right direction." The public's continued support of the Districts initiatives shows the value that Cleveland residents place on quality schools.
- *Introducing new schools models:* The District continues to expand quality school options to enable students and families to find the right school to meet their needs and interests. The District has opened six new high schools in the 2017-2018 school year:
  - Campus International High School
  - Davis Aerospace and Maritime High School
  - John Adams College and Career Academy
  - Rhodes College and Career Academy
  - Rhodes School of Environmental Studies
  - Bard High School Early College Cleveland East Campus
- International newcomers feel at home: Immigrants and refugees who come to Cleveland are offered a doorway to a bright future at International Newcomers Academy. This K-12 school helps arrivals from other countries and Puerto Rico learn English and adjust to a new culture at school and in their neighborhood. Students hail from more than 24 countries and speak 36 languages and dialects.
- *The District schools as hubs of our neighborhoods:* Increasingly, our public schools are becoming an indispensable hub for the communities they serve. Students, teachers and parents are supported by more than 160 community agencies, including area hospitals, foundations, universities, corporations and service organizations, all committed to providing families with the assets, resources and supports they need.
- *Continues to attract top talent:* The District aggressively recruits school leaders and teachers to ensure our students have the best instruction and guidance. Our Teach Cleveland initiative actively recruits educators who are passionate about serving children in urban schools. *Sports participation increases academic success:* A robust offering of sports and extracurricular activities at the District is a strong contributor to overall student success. Research shows that participation motivates students to attend school and reduces the dropout rate by 40 percent. With the generosity of the Cleveland Browns, three synthetic-turf football fields were installed last year, and two additional fields are scheduled for installation this year.

### Long-Term Financial Planning

The Board of Education has assigned responsibility for annual and long-term financial planning to the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer. The policies require that the first objective of financial management planning is to provide for the education of the School District's children. We are expected to use the best available techniques for budget development and management, as well as to engage in strategic, long-term financial planning which attempts to forecast the need for future educational and capital expenditures.

The School District prepares a Five Year Forecast along with assumptions prior to October 31<sup>st</sup> of each fiscal year and updates this forecast between April 1 and May 31<sup>st</sup> of each fiscal year.

### **Relevant Financial Policies**

At the beginning of each fiscal year, the School District adopts either a temporary or permanent appropriation measure for that fiscal year. If a temporary appropriation measure is first adopted, the permanent appropriation measure must be adopted upon receipt from the County Fiscal Officer of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates, which is usually within the first three months of the fiscal year.

Annual appropriations may not exceed the County Budget Commission's official estimate of resources. The County Fiscal Officer must certify that the School District's appropriation measures, including any supplements or amendments, do not exceed the amount set forth in the latest of those official estimates.

All disbursements and transfers of cash between funds require appropriation authority. Budgets are controlled at the fund level. All purchase order requests must be approved by the appropriate levels of authority and certified by the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer; necessary funds are then encumbered and purchase orders are released to vendors.

The accounting system used by the School District provides interim financial reports which detail year-to-date expenditures and encumbrances versus the original appropriation plus any additional appropriations made to date.

Each administrator and school principal is furnished monthly reports showing the status of the budget accounts for which they are responsible. In addition, an on-line inquiry system is available for each cost center site.

The School District pursues an aggressive cash management program by expediting the receipt of revenues and prudently investing and depositing available cash in obligations collateralized by instruments issued by the United States Government, governmental agencies, corporations or the State of Ohio or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and/or the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC).

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the federal deposit insurance corporation and/or by qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. By law, financial intuitions may establish a collateral pool to cover all public deposits. The market value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105 percent of public funds deposited. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and other designated third-party trustees of the financial institutions.

### **Internal Controls**

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the School District are protected from loss, theft or misuse. The internal control structure ensures that accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal, state, and county financial assistance, the School District is also responsible for maintaining a rigorous internal control structure that ensures full compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management, external auditors and the internal audit staff of the School District. The School District is

required to undergo an annual audit in conformity with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance Title II Subtitle A Chapter 2 Part 200, Section 501. The information related to the Single Audit, including the schedule of federal awards expenditures, findings and recommendations, and auditor's reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are included in a separate report.

#### Awards

#### GFOA Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the School District for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### ASBO International Certificate of Excellence

The School District received the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) International Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This award certifies that the report substantially conforms to the principles and standards of financial reporting as recommended and adopted by ASBO. The award is granted only after an intensive review of financial reports by an expert ASBO panel of review consisting of certified public accountants and practicing School business officials. Receiving the award is recognition that a School system has met the highest standards of excellence in School financial reporting.

A Certificate of Excellence is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Excellence program requirements, and we are submitting it to ASBO.

### Acknowledgments

The publication of this report signifies a professionalizing of the School District's financial reporting. It enhances the School District's accountability to the residents of the School District.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the assistance and support of the staff of the Financial Reporting's Division of the Finance Department.

Finally, we would like to acknowledge members of the Board who have expressed their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the School District.

Respectfully submitted,

Derek Richey

Chief Financial Officer

The Cleveland Municipal School District does not discriminate in educational programs, activities or employment on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, age, religion or disability.

## Cleveland Municipal School District Board Members

Appointed by Mayor of City of Cleveland

Name	Began Service as a Board Member	Present Term Expires June 30
Anne E. Bingham, Board Chair	2014	2017
Robert M. Heard, Vice Chair	2004	2017
Louise P. Dempsey, Esq.	2003	2019
Jasmine Fryer	2017	2019
Denise Link	2007	2019
Willetta A. Milam	2003	2017
Shaletha Mitchell	2011	2019
Justin L. Monday, Esq.	2015	2019
Lisa Thomas, Ph.D.	2011	2017

Ronald M. Berkman, Ph.D. ex-officio

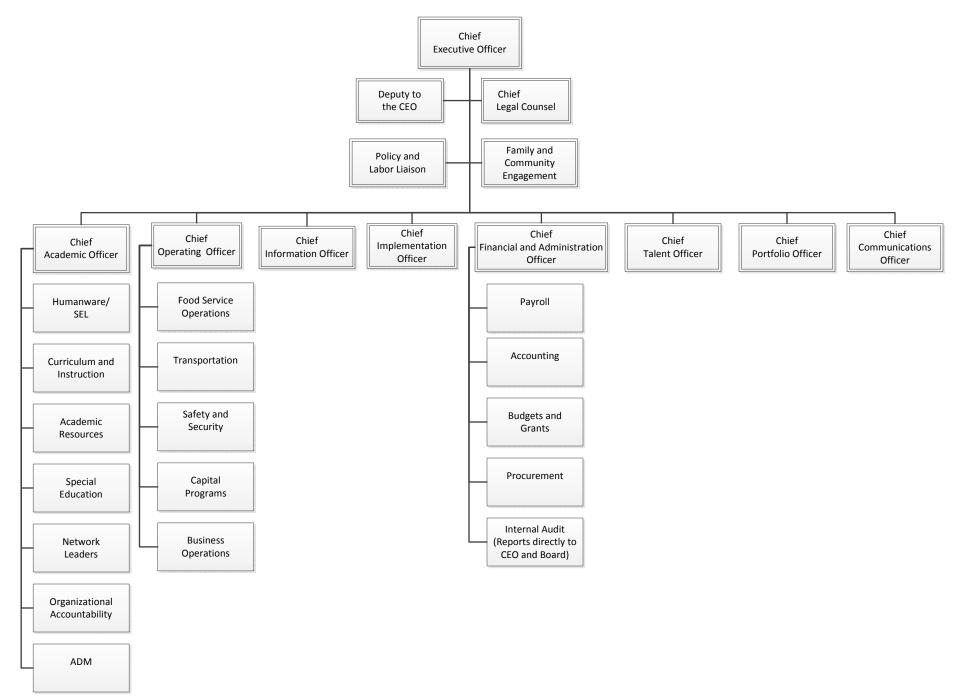
Alex Johnson, Ph.D. ex-officio

### Cleveland Municipal School District

Senior Appointed Officials

Eric Gordon	Chief Executive Officer
Michelle N. Pierre-Farid	Chief Academic Officer
Dr. Roseann Canfora	Chief Communications Officer
Derek Richey	Chief Financial and Administrative Officer
Roderick Houpe	Chief Information Officer
Wayne Belock	Chief Legal Counsel
Patrick Zohn	Chief Operating Officer
Christine Fowler-Mack	Chief Portfolio Officer
Lori Ward	Chief Talent Officer
Diana Ehlert	Deputy Chief, Academic Resources
Gary Sautter	Deputy Chief, Capitol Programs
Karen Thompson	Deputy Chief, Curriculum and Instruction
Dennis Kubick	Deputy Chief, Financial Officer/Controller
Chris Broughton	Interim Deputy Chief, Organizational Accountability
Lester Fultz	Deputy Chief, Safety and Security
Curtis Timmons	Deputy Chief, Information Technology
Michael Bowen	Executive Director, Accounting
LaTisha Grimes	Executive Director, Assessments Testing and Logistics
Angele Latham	Executive Director, Budgets
Stephanie Klupinski	Executive Director, Charter Oversight, Review & Partnership
Blessing Nwaozuzu	Executive Director, Enterprise Applications
Tracy Hill	Executive Director, Family and Community Engagement
Denine Goolsby, M.Ed	Executive Director, Humanware
Shawn Braxton	Executive Director, Instructional Technology
Larry Johnston	Executive Director, Internal Auditor
Jessica Baldwin	Executive Director, Intervention Services
Rosie Tufts	Executive Director, IT Operations
Carol Lockhart	Executive Director, Legal Services
Joe Micheller Leo Serrano	Executive Director, New School Development Executive Director, Office of Institutional Advancement
Mychael Henderson	Executive Director, Payroll
Melissa Skelly	Executive Director, Policy and Planning
Angee Shaker	Executive Director, Portfolio Engagement
Angela Foraker	Executive Director, Procurement
Matt Linick	Executive Director, Research and Evaluation
Rick McIntosh	Executive Director, School Choice and Enrollment
Nicholas D'Amico	Executive Director, School Performance
Luther Johnson	Executive Director, Talent Management
Chris Burkhardt	Executive Director, Food Services
Andrew Koonce	A cademic Superintendent, A chievement Schools
Valentina Moxon	Academic Superintendent, Best Practices/Academics & Culture
Trent Mosley	A cademic Superintendent, Investment Schools I
Paul Hoover	A cademic Superintendent, Investment Schools II
Lisa Farmer Cole	A cademic Superintendent, New and Innovative Schools
Lorenzo Russell	Academic Superintendent, Portfolio Schools
Erin Frew	Academic Superintendent, STEAM Schools
Michele Pomerantz	Policy and Labor Liaison
Kevin Burtzlaff	Board Attorney and Liasion

### Cleveland Metropolitan School District Organizational Chart





### The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

### **Cleveland Municipal School District**

### for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016.

The CAFR has been reviewed and met or exceeded ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence standards.



Anthony N. Dragona, Ed.D., RSBA President

John D. Musso

John D. Musso, CAE Executive Director



Government Finance Officers Association

## Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## **Cleveland Municipal School District**

Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

hey K.

Executive Director/CEO

## Financial Section





## Dave Yost • Auditor of State

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Cleveland Municipal School District Cuyahoga County 1111 Superior Ave. E, Suite 1800 Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Board of Education

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cleveland Municipal School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Cleveland Municipal School District Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cleveland Municipal School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis* and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Cleveland Municipal School District Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jare Yost

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 29, 2017

The discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2017 are as follows:

- □ Total current and other assets decreased by \$28.0 million and capital assets increased by \$15.9 million, resulting in a net decrease in total assets of \$12.1 million in Governmental Activities.
- □ Total short-term liabilities increased by \$7.5 million and total long-term liabilities increased \$170.5 million, resulting in a net increase in total liabilities of \$178.0 million in Governmental Activities.
- **D** Total net position decreased \$94.1 million in Governmental Activities.
- □ General revenues accounted for \$647.6 million in revenue or 77.9% of all revenues for Governmental Activities. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, sales, grants or contributions accounted for \$183.6 million or 22.1% of total revenues of \$831.2 million.
- □ Total program expenses were \$921.6 million in Governmental Activities.
- □ Among major funds, the General Fund had \$690.6 million in revenues and other financing sources and \$724.7 million in expenditures and other financing uses. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$34.1 million.

### Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand The School District as an entire operating entity. The statements begin at a summary level and expand to detailed financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the entire School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's current finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements present how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, the Permanent Improvement Fund and the Classroom Facilities Fund, are the most significant governmental funds.

### Reporting the School District on a Government-Wide Basis

### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds utilized by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as an entity looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2017?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into consideration all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash was received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in those net positions. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the School District, as a whole, has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, general inflation and other factors.

All of the School District's programs and services are reported as Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Governmental Activities consists of functions that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Such activities include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, operation of non-instructional services and extracurricular activities among others for the School District.

Currently, the School District has no Business-Type Activities, which include functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

### **Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds**

### Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 22. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for its financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements concentrate on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, the Permanent Improvement Fund and the Classroom Facilities Fund.

*Governmental Funds* - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine the amount of financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

**Proprietary Funds** - Proprietary funds have historically operated as enterprise and internal service funds using the same basis of accounting as business-type activities. The School District has no enterprise funds. The internal service fund is used to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss and associated expenses attributable to deductibles and self-insured retention limits for general liability and property damage claim settlements and judgments. Also, it used to account for and finance the School Districts self-insurance programs for employee medical benefits.

### **Cleveland Municipal School District**

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

### The School District on a Government-Wide Basis

The Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for FY 2017 compared to the FY 2016:

### Table 1 Net Position Governmental Activities (\$ In Millions)

	Governmental Activities					
	4	2017	2016		Change	
Assets						
Current and Other Assets	\$	859.8	\$	887.8	\$	(28.0)
Capital Assets		827.3		811.4		15.9
Total Assets		1,687.1		1,699.2		(12.1)
Deferred Outflow & Resources						
Pension		197.6		85.1		112.5
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities		93.0		85.5		7.5
Long-Term Liabilities		340.6		347.8		(7.2)
Net Pension Liability		1,050.8		873.1		177.7
Total Liabilities		1,484.4		1,306.4		178.0
Deferred Inflow of Resources						
Property Taxes		203.4		146.4		57.0
Pension		32.6		73.0		(40.4)
Total Deferred Inflow & Resources		236.0		219.4		16.6
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		536.3		511.8		24.5
Restricted for Debt Service		47.6		46.5		1.1
Restricted for Capital Projects		320.5		360.7		(40.2)
Restricted for Educational Special Trust		10.2		8.2		2.0
Restricted for Classroom Facilities Maintenance		6.9		11.4		(4.5)
Restricted for Food Services		0.8		1.8		(1.0)
Restricted for Miscellaneous State Grants		0.3		0.5		(0.2)
Restricted for Other Purposes		7.7		11.6		(3.9)
Unrestricted		(766.0)		(694.1)		(71.9)
Total Net Position	\$	164.3	\$	258.4	\$	(94.1)

During 2015, the School District adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27," which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

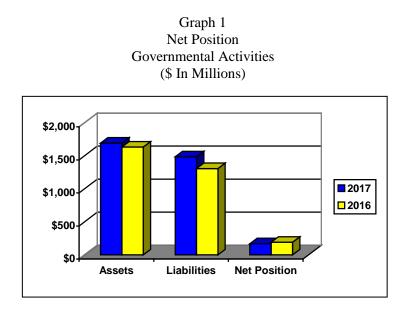
Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present Value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.



Current and other assets decreased by \$28.0 million and capital assets increased by \$15.9 million, resulting in an overall decrease in total assets of \$12.1 million. The decrease in current and other assets is mostly attributable to a combination of the taxes receivable increasing \$20.9 million which is due to the increase of our tax collection rate and the intergovernmental receivable decreasing \$33.3 million which is due to the District starting the construction on ten new schools and the demolition of eleven existing school buildings.

Current liabilities increased by \$7.5 million and long-term liabilities increased by \$170.5 million, resulting in an overall increase in liabilities of \$178.0 million. The increase in current liabilities is due primarily to the increase of accounts payable of \$6.5 million and the increase of intergovernmental payable of \$4.4 million. The net increase in long-term liabilities is due to the Net Pension Liability increased by \$177.7 million.

Total net position decreased by \$94.1 million. The decrease was partially due to the net position of restricted for capital projects decreasing by \$40.2 million which was due the School District beginning the construction on ten new school buildings and the demolition of eleven existing structures. In addition, the unrestricted net position decreased by \$71.9 million, which was due to an increase in the pension liability from the previous year. At the end of the current year, the School District is able to report positive balances in two of the three categories of net position.

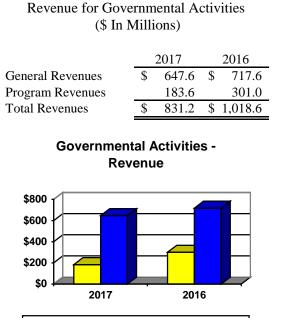
#### Table 2 shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2017 and 2016.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position **Governmental Activities** (\$ In Millions)

	Governmental Activities					
		2017		2016	(	Change
Revenues						
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$	218.4	\$	274.3	\$	(55.9)
Investment Income		2.8		3.4		(0.6)
Miscellaneous		14.9		8.5		6.4
Grants and Entitlements		411.5		431.4		(19.9)
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services		10.3		9.0		1.3
Operating Grants		169.4		172.6		(3.2)
Capital Grants		3.9		119.4		(115.5)
Total Revenues		831.2		1,018.6		(187.4)
Program Expenses						
Instruction		576.2		544.4		31.8
Support Services:						
Pupil and Instructional Staff		73.0		66.6		6.4
Board of Education, Administration, Fiscal						
and Business		77.3		68.5		8.8
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		65.5		68.6		(3.1)
Pupil Transportation		34.8		35.0		(0.2)
Central		38.2		29.5		8.7
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		37.3		35.3		2.0
Extracurricular Activities		5.8		6.3		(0.5)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		13.5		13.2		0.3
Total Expenses		921.6		867.4		54.2
Change in Net Position		(90.4)		151.2		(241.6)
Transfer Out		(3.8)		0.0		(3.8)
Net Position Beginning of Year - Restated		258.5		107.3		151.2
Net Position End of Year	\$	168.1	\$	258.5	\$	(90.4)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Graph 2



#### Program Revenues General Revenues

#### General Revenues

General revenues for the School District are comprised almost entirely of property tax collections and grants from various sources. Property taxes made up 33.7% and 38.2% and grants made up 63.5% and 60.1% of general revenues for governmental activities for the School District in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The unusual nature of property tax legislation in the State of Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for increases in operating funds to maintain a constant level of service. As a result of legislation enacted in 1976, the overall revenue generated by a voted millage does not increase as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 (assessed value of \$35,000) and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home was reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (assessed value of \$70,000) the effective tax rate would become .5 mill and the owner would still pay \$35.00. Because of this taxation methodology, real property tax assessments due to the School District have held steady for the past several years. Collection rates have declined and there has been some increase in delinquencies in the past several years due to the slowing economy and slightly higher unemployment rates for the City of Cleveland.

The voters of the City of Cleveland approved a new property tax levy in May 2001 (Issue 14). This levy was approved to support the payment of the debt service for bonds issued for the school facility construction/renovation program and to support the ongoing maintenance of those facilities. Collections cannot be used to support the general operations of the School District. The collection on that levy began in January 2002.

The voters of the City of Cleveland approved a new property tax levy in November 2012 (Issue 106), the first operating levy since 1996. This four year levy was approved to support The Cleveland Plan (H.B. 525) that was signed into law in July 2012. Fourteen mills will be allocated to the current expenses of the School District and one mill will be allocated to the current expenses of partnering community school. The collection on that levy began in January 2013. This tax levy was renewed by the voters in November 2016.

The voters of the City of Cleveland approved a new property tax levy in November 2014 (Issue 4). This levy allowed for an additional property tax to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, enlargement, renovation, and financing of general permanent improvements at a rate not exceeding 0.5 mill for each one dollar of tax valuation. Collections cannot be used to support the general operations of the School District.

The primary source of grant revenue is State general operating aid known as the "Foundation Program Aid". Established by Ohio law and funded by biennial appropriations, the Foundation Program is a statutory program through which the State currently makes direct payments to school districts based upon a statutory formula. Moneys distributed to a school district under the existing Foundation Program are required to be used for current operating expenses, unless specifically allocated by the State for some other purpose.

#### Program Revenues

Operating and capital grants comprise 94.4% of total program revenues of the School District. These grants, obtained mainly from the Federal Government, State of Ohio and the Ohio School Facilities Commission, support specific educational programs and objectives as defined by these agencies as well as the capital programs. The amount available to the School District may vary from year to year depending on amounts made available by these agencies and the needs of the School District.

#### (\$ In Millions)

	Total Cost of Services 2017		Net Cost of Services 2017		Total Cost of Services 2016		Net Cost of Services 2016	
Instruction	\$	576.2	\$	(486.2)	\$	544.5	\$	(333.9)
Support Services:								
Pupil and Instructional Staff		73.0		(40.8)		66.6		(38.4)
Board of Education, Administration,								
Fiscal and Business		77.3		(66.7)		68.5		(57.8)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		65.5		(58.6)		68.6		(60.9)
Pupil Transportation		34.8		(31.9)		35.0		(32.0)
Central		38.2		(34.9)		29.5		(25.7)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		37.3		(2.8)		35.3		0.7
Extracurricular Activities		5.8		(4.6)		6.3		(5.3)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		13.5		(13.5)		13.2		(13.2)
Capital Outlay		0.0		1.9		0.0		0.0
Total Expenses	\$	921.6	\$	(738.1)	\$	867.5	\$	(566.5)

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 above shows, for governmental activities, (services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements), the total cost of services and the net cost of services.

The largest Governmental Activities program expense remains instruction, comprising 62.5% of the total cost of services. When combined with pupil and instructional support these categories make up 70.5% of the total cost of services. This make-up is consistent with the general educational objectives of the School District. The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent. 61.3% of instruction activities are mainly supported through taxes and general revenues. Similarly, for all governmental activities general revenue support is 65.3%. The community, as a whole, is by far the primary support for the School District students.

#### The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 22. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$855.8 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$923.3 million, resulting in a net decrease in fund balances of \$67.5 million.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the School District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$86.0 million, while total fund balance decreased to a \$91.8 million surplus.

The net changes in fund balances for the year were most significant in the Debt Service Fund, Permanent Improvement Fund, Classroom Facilities Fund and Other Governmental Funds. The fund balance in the Debt Service Fund increased \$2.5 million, the fund balance in the Permanent Improvement Fund decreased \$20.3 and the fund balance in the Classroom Facilities Fund decreased \$10.4. The increase in the Debt Service fund was due to the tax collection rates increasing from the previous year. The decreases in the Permanent Improvement Fund and Classroom Facilities Fund were the result of the District beginning the construction on a new segment of schools. Funding of this program is described in more detail in the *Capital Assets and Debt Administration* section. The fund balance for Other Governmental Funds decreased by \$9.0 million. The decrease was mainly due to the District receiving \$1.0 million less in donations from previous year, \$1.6 million less in reimbursement from Promise Academy and continued spending in the maintenance of our school buildings.

#### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for transactions on a cash basis for receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The General Fund is the most significant fund to be budgeted and is the main operating fund of the School District.

For the General Fund total actual revenues and other financing sources were \$738.8 million, which was \$7.2 million more than the final budget estimate. The School District received slightly more than what was expected in miscellaneous revenue during the fiscal year.

The final expenditure and other financing uses budget was \$753.1 million. Total actual expenditures and other financing uses was \$738.3 million, or \$14.8 million below the final budget estimates. This was mainly due to

over 200 positions not being filled. There is a continuing effort by the School District's management to reduce its expenditures to increase fund balance.

The General Fund's ending unencumbered cash balance totaled \$99.4 million, which was \$22.0 million more than the final budgeted amount.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2017 the School District had \$827.3 million invested in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2017 balances compared to 2016:

#### Table 4 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) (\$ In Millions)

	(	Government				
	2017		2016		C	hange
Land	\$	31.8	\$	31.8	\$	0.0
Land Improvements		0.1		0.1		0.0
Buildings and Improvements		731.6		742.5		(10.9)
Vehicles and Equipment		14.3		15.5		(1.2)
Intangible Assets		0.6		0.9		(0.3)
Construction in Progress		48.9		20.6		28.3
Totals	\$	827.3	\$	811.4	\$	15.9

All capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are reported net of depreciation.

In 2000, a Facilities Assessment Commission was established to review the condition of the School District's facilities. The Commission recommended that a complete renovation program of all School District facilities be undertaken and that a substantial contribution from the State of Ohio (through the Ohio School Facilities Commission) could be included in the proposed construction and renovation plan by participation in the Classroom Facilities Assistance Program (CFAP). Since then, the School District and the Ohio School Facilities Commission have created a Master Facilities Plan, which was revised in 2008 and then again in 2014, that addresses the needs of all buildings in the School District and the unique needs of the School District and its students. The Revised Master Facilities Plan has been approved by the School District's Board, the Ohio School Facilities Commission and the State Controlling Board. The Revised Master Facilities Plan calls for building an additional 22 schools and refurbishing 20 to 23 others. Projects were contingent on voters approving a November 2014 ballot issue that authorized \$200 million in bonds for the construction and a half-mill property tax for maintenance, which was passed. The State will add more than \$2 for every \$1 that the District contributes to construction. Since 2000, the School District has built 37 schools and fully renovated seven others. Three high schools finished construction during the fiscal year and went into operation in fiscal

year 2016. With the new levy that was passed in November 2014, the School District will be able to build approximately 20 new schools and refresh approximately 23 current school buildings.

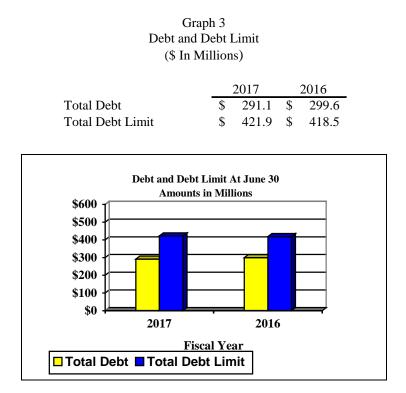
Construction began in 2002 utilizing funding from several sources as described below under *Debt Administration*. Initial work focused mainly on making every facility warm, safe and dry. Concurrently, new facilities have been constructed and others significantly renovated and others inactivated for student use. See Note 12 to the basic financial statements for additional information on capital assets. *Debt Administration* 

At June 30, 2017 the School District had \$291.1 million in bonds, notes and other long term capital lease obligations outstanding, \$8.2 million due within one year. Table 5 summarizes bonds and notes outstanding.

(\$ In Millions)				
	Governmental Activities 2017		Ac	rnmental tivities 2016
General Obligation Bonds and Notes:				
2001 H.B. 264 Energy Conservation Notes	\$	0.0	\$	0.5
2010 School Facilities Improvement Bonds		55.0		55.0
2012 School Facilities Improvement Bonds		14.2		15.9
2013 School Facilities Improvement Bonds		27.4		27.4
2015 School Facilities Improvement Bonds		136.1		139.8
2015 Qualified School Constuction Bonds		49.2		49.2
Other Long-Term Obligations:				
Capital Lease Obligation		9.2		11.8
Total	\$	291.1	\$	299.6

#### Table 5 Outstanding Debt, at Year End (\$ In Millions)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited



In order to undertake the initial stages of planning and to perform some required work on its facilities to make them "warm, safe and dry," the School District utilized several borrowing/funding sources. One source totaling \$21.3 million, the Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB), was put in place just before the beginning of the 2002 fiscal year. These bonds were used to support facility renovations at seven specific school sites. Another source, the \$11.5 million H.B. 264 Energy Conservation Notes was used to renovate the environmental controls at school facilities across the School District. In November 2001, the School District issued \$35 million School Facility Bond Anticipation Notes. These Notes represented the first installment of the \$335 million of facility construction/renovation borrowing approved by voters in May 2001.

In October 2002, the School District replaced the short-term School Facility Bond Anticipation Notes with long-term School Facility Bonds. An additional \$40 million of new proceeds was borrowed at that time, representing the second installment of the \$335 million approved borrowing capacity. In July 2004, the School District issued \$125 million of School Improvement Bonds, the third installment. In December 2005, the School District issued \$30 million of School Facility Bond Anticipation Notes, representing the fourth installment of the \$335 million approved borrowing capacity. In March 2007, the School District issued \$30 million of School Facility Bond Anticipation Notes, representing the fourth installment of the \$335 million approved borrowing capacity. In March 2007, the School District issued \$30 million of School Facility Bond Anticipation Notes, representing the fifth installment of the \$335 million approved borrowing capacity. In December 2007, the School District issued \$30 million of new proceeds representing the sixth installment of the \$335 million approved borrowing capacity. In December 2007, the School District issued \$15 million of School Improvement Bond Anticipation Notes representing the sixth installment of the \$335 million approved borrowing capacity. In December 2008, the School District issued \$15 million of School Improvement Bond Anticipation Notes representing the seventh installment of the \$335 million approved borrowing capacity. In September 2010, the School District issued \$15 million approved borrowing capacity. In September 2010, the School District

issued \$55 million of School Improvement Bond Anticipation notes representing the eighth and final installment of the \$335 million approved borrowing capacity.

In June 2015 the School District issued bonds for the purpose of constructing, renovating, remodeling, enlarging, furnishing, equipping and otherwise improving school district buildings and facilities and acquiring, clearing, equipping and otherwise improving school district building and facility sites in the principal amount of \$200 million to be repaid annually over 35 years, and levy a property tax outside the ten-mill limitation, estimated by the county fiscal officer to average over the bond repayment period 2 mills for each one dollar of tax valuation, which amounts to 20 cents for each one hundred dollars of tax valuation, to pay the annual debt charges on the bonds, and to pay debt charges on any notes issued in anticipation of those bonds.

Due to the School District's participation in the Credit Enhancement Program, Fitch, Moody's and S&P have assigned programmatic ratings of "AA", "Aa2", and "AA", respectively, to the School District's bonds.

The School District applied for underlying ratings from Fitch, S&P and Moody's. As a result of the application process, Fitch assigned an underlying rating of "A-" to the bonds, Moody's assigned an underlying rating of "A2" to the bonds, and S&P assigned an underlying rating of "BBB+" to the bonds. The School District's underlying ratings and the ratings with regard to the School District's participation in the Credit Enhancement Program have been published by the respective rating services.

At June 30, 2017, the School District's overall legal debt margin was \$162.3 million, with an unvoted debt margin of \$4.6 million. See Note 18 to the basic financial statements for additional information on all long-term obligations.

#### **Current Issues**

In November 2012, the voters of the city of Cleveland approved a four year 15 mill operating levy, which was renewed in November 2016. With the passing of the four year levy, the School District is projecting a positive unencumbered cash balance through fiscal year 2019. In addition, there are other ongoing issues to be addressed over the next five years as described below.

State Foundation Payments – Am. Sub. H.B. 94 of the 131th Ohio General Assembly passed in July 2015 and replaced the prior fiscal year 2014 – fiscal year 2015 biennium budget's enacted by Governor Kasich's administration. The H.B. 94 state foundation formula is for fiscal years 2016 and 2017. Payments to city, local and exempted village school districts are calculated from data reported by the district, such as the number of students enrolled in the district, and are made twice each month according to a schedule published each spring. Since the data are updated throughout the year, the annual amount due to the School District is calculated for each payment and the district receives approximately  $1/24^{th}$  of the annual amount.

*Commercial Activity Tax* – HB 66 makes provisions to replace some revenue lost due to the phase out of the Tangible Personal Property Tax. Businesses are now subject to a Commercial Activity Tax (CAT) that will provide some replacement income to school districts for lost tangible property revenues.

*Homestead Exemption* – The recent budget bill (HB 119) included significant property tax reductions for senior citizens. The Homestead Exemption will allow senior citizen homeowners and permanently/totally disabled homeowners, regardless of income, to withhold \$25,000 of market value of their owner occupied home from property taxes. In 2015, individuals who turned 65 in 2014 or who become disabled after January

1, 2013, were be required to have Ohio Qualifying income (\$31,000 or less) in order to receive Homestead Exemption based upon age or disability.

*Financial Forecast* – The School District is required to adopt a five-year financial forecast of revenues and expenditures each year. A deficit was projected in fiscal years 2021 and beyond. The forecast includes several revenue and expense assumptions based upon recent legislation, historical trends, and future assumptions.

#### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mr. Michael Bowen, Executive Director of Accounting at Cleveland Municipal School District, 1111 Superior Avenue East, Cleveland, Ohio 44114 or by email Michael.Bowen@clevelandmetroschools.org.

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# Cleveland Municipal School District Statement of Net Position-Governmental Activities

June 30, 2017

	Total
Assets	\$ 160,827,283
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	\$ 100,827,283 1,379,123
Investments	209,214,249
Investments with Fiscal Agents	22,736,000
Receivables:	<u></u> , 100,000
Taxes	325,556,060
Accounts	1,238,461
Intergovernmental	136,577,821
Accrued Interest	1,028,848
Materials and Supplies Inventory	1,195,020
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	80,763,496
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	746,576,056
Total Assets	1,687,092,417
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension	197,663,330
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	23,735,072
Accrued Wages and Benefits	39,301,074
Retainage Payable	1,379,122
Intergovernmental Payable	24,686,133
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	804,317
Accrued Interest Payable	1,113,509
Claims Payable	1,979,171
Long-Term Obligations:	10 146 150
Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year:	19, 146, 159
Net Pension Liability	1,050,829,701
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	321,477,515
Total Liabilities	1,484,451,773
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	203,363,571
Pension	32,633,680
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	235,997,251
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	536,270,536
Restricted	
Restricted for Debt Service	47,607,887
Restricted for Capital Programs	320, 528, 644
Restricted for Educational Special Trust	10,208,319
Restricted for Classroom Facilities Maintenance	6,880,511
Restricted for Food Services	810, 108
Restricted for Miscellaneous State Grants	323,883
Restricted for Other Purposes	7,745,812
Unrestricted	(766,068,977)
Total Net Position	\$ 164,306,723

Statement of Activities-Governmental Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

								Total
				Pro	gram Revenues			Net (Expense)
								Revenue and
	_		Charges for		erating Grants		pital Grants	Changes in
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Serv	ices and Sales	and	Contributions	and	Contributions	Net Position
Instruction:								
Regular	\$ 376, 498, 921	\$	4,014,946	\$	28,914,602	\$	0	\$ (343,569,373)
Special	181,581,733		1,894,148		45,270,733		0	(134,416,852)
Vocational	8,667,189		72,721		1,588,553		0	(7,005,915)
Adult/Continuing	384,463		2,713		125,490		0	(256, 260)
Other	9,094,101		(3,058)		8, 172, 852		0	(924, 307)
Support Services:								
Pupils	40, 460, 547		267,694		7,833,549		0	(32, 359, 304)
Instructional Staff	32,571,751		90, 197		24,085,576		0	(8,395,978)
Board of Education	306,270		3,009		22,074		0	(281, 187)
Administration	63,075,110		897,805		7,410,219		0	(54,767,086)
Fiscal	12,399,059		180,927		1,952,889		10,421	(10,254,822)
Business	1,503,595		13,893		101,908		0	(1,387,794)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	65,547,856		692,682		4,329,621		1,919,786	(58,605,767)
Pupil Transportation	34, 783, 284		335,899		2, 549, 930		0	(31,897,455)
Central	38, 152, 866		375,880		2,829,392		0	(34,947,594)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	37, 273, 100		871,387		33,611,343		0	(2,790,370)
Extracurricular Activities	5,802,430		617,423		551,198		0	(4,633,809)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	13,549,588		0		0		0	(13, 549, 588)
Capital Outlay	0		0		0		1,921,083	1,921,083
Totals	\$ 921,651,863	\$	10,328,266	\$	169,349,929	\$	3,851,290	\$ (738, 122, 378)
		Gen	eral Revenues					
		Prop	erty Taxes Lev	ied Fo	or:			
		Ge	neral Purposes					197, 120, 815
		De	bt Service					17,846,019
		Ca	pital Outlay					1,655,130
		Ca	pital Projects					1,805,373
		Inve	stment Income					2,846,853
		Miso	cellaneous					14,939,918
		Gran	nts and Entitlem	ients r	not Restricted to	Specifi	c Programs	411,531,716
		Tota	l General Reve	nues				647,745,824
		Cha	nge in Net Posit	ion				(90,376,554)
		Trar	nsfer Out					(3,799,964)
		Net	Position Beginn	ing of	Year Restated			258,483,241
		Net	Position End of	Year				\$ 164,306,723

## Cleveland Municipal School District Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2017	
---------------	--

	General	Debt Service	Permanent Improvement	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 111,826,022	\$ 983,679	\$ 657.467	\$ 6.607.227	\$ 26,902,945	\$ 146,977,340
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	\$ 111,020,022 0	φ 903,079 0	5 057,467 167,122	\$ 0,007,227 1,212,001	φ 20,902,943 0	5 146,977,340 1,379,123
Investments	0	12,902,075	134,817,576	61,494,598	0	209,214,249
Investments with Fiscal Agents	0	22,736,000	0	01,404,000	0	22,736,000
Receivables:	0	22,750,000	0	0	0	22,730,000
Taxes	286,245,504	28,434,063	2,828,253	0	8,048,240	325,556,060
Accounts	45,482	20, 10 1,000	2,020,200	0	1,192,979	1,238,461
Intergovernmental	4.980.013	0	0	121,852,195	9,745,613	136,577,821
Accrued Interest	420,067	111,951	362,639	134,191	0	1,028,848
Interfund	8,815,236	0	0	0	0	8,815,236
Materials and Supplies Inventory	936,035	0	0	0	258,985	1,195,020
Total Assets	413,268,359	65,167,768	138,833,057	191,300,212	46, 148, 762	854,718,158
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	11,255,915	0	2,938,744	3,391,857	6, 148, 556	23,735,072
Accrued Wages and Benefits	33,020,883	0	33,779	0	6,246,412	39,301,074
Retainage Payable	0	0	167,122	1,212,000	0	1,379,122
Interfund Payable	0	0	0	0	8,815,237	8,815,237
Intergovernmental Payable	21,098,164	0	17,862	0	3,570,107	24,686,133
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	804,317	0	0	0	0	804,317
Total Liabilities	66,179,279	0	3, 157, 507	4,603,857	24,780,312	98,720,955
Deferred Inflow of Resources		04 050 505	0 407 540	0	7 000 005	000 700 070
Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue	255,288,254	24,958,565	2,487,518	0	7,026,035	289,760,372
	0	0	0	121,852,195	1,366,721	123,218,916
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	255,288,254	24,958,565	2,487,518	121,852,195	8,392,756	412,979,288
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable	936,035	0	0	0	258,985	1,195,020
Restricted	0	40,209,203	133,188,032	64,844,160	22,914,688	261,156,083
Assigned	4,852,598	0	0	0	0	4,852,598
Unassigned	86,012,193	0	0	0	(10, 197, 979)	75,814,214
						<u></u>
Total Fund Balances	91,800,826	40,209,203	133, 188, 032	64,844,160	12,975,694	343,017,915
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 413,268,359	\$ 65,167,768	\$ 138,833,057	\$ 191,300,212	\$ 46,148,762	\$ 854,718,158

#### Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2017

Total Governmental Funds Balances	\$	343,017,915
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		827, 339, 552
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds: Delinquent Property Taxes       86,396,8         Grants       123,218,9		
Total	<u>////</u>	209,615,717
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		11,870,773
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		(1,113,509)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period;         therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not         reported in governmental funds         Deferred outflows - pension         197,663,6         Net Pension Liability         Tetel	680)	(225, 200, 051)
Total         Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:         General Obligation Bonds       (281,845,0         Compensated Absences       (43,854,2         Worker's Compensation Claims       (5,700,4         Capital Lease Obligations       (9,224,0         Total       Total	257) 101)	(885,800,051) (340,623,674)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	164, 306, 723

# **Cleveland Municipal School District** Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General	Debt Service	Permanent Improvement	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Local Sources:						
Taxes	\$ 205,892,193	\$ 19,266,705	\$ 1,932,211	\$ 0	\$ 5,115,142	\$ 232,206,251
Investment Income	1,141,230	(29,916)	1,124,232	438,541	56,614	2,730,701
Tuition and Fees	7,224,318	0	0	0	0	7,224,318
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	0	565,573	565,573
Contributions and Donations	0	0	0	0	8,985,343	8,985,343
Sale of Personal Property	263	0	0	0	0	263
Food Services	0	0	0	0	860,882	860,882
Miscellaneous	14,716,274	0	0	0	965,451	15,681,725
State Sources:						
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	402, 398, 113	2,673,795	72,136	0	576,230	405,720,274
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	53, 413, 391	0	0	11,427,493	14,292,575	79, 133, 459
Federal Sources:						
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	5,811,442	0	0	0	0	5,811,442
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	0	0	0	0	95,252,290	95,252,290
Total Revenues	690,597,224	21,910,584	3,128,579	11,866,034	126,670,100	854,172,521
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	333, 752, 689	0	0	0	5,239,508	338,992,197
Special	140, 104, 755	0	0	0	35,371,849	175,476,604
Vocational	7, 182, 557	0	0	0	1,106,812	8,289,369
A dult/Continuing	268,495	0	0	0	115,968	384,463
Other	(302,703)	0	0	0	9,427,243	9,124,540
Support Services:						
Pupils	33,025,446	0	0	0	5,815,010	38,840,456
Instructional Staff	8,883,891	0	0	0	23, 168, 336	32,052,227
Board of Education	283, 108	0	0	0	0	283,108
Administration	54,879,093	0	0	0	3,772,643	58,651,736
Fiscal	5,825,678	469,722	9,647	0	5,790,026	12,095,073
Business	1,395,552	0	0	0	0	1,395,552
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	57,975,425	0	588, 149	0	8,429,564	66,993,138
Pupil Transportation	33,221,052	0	0	0	92,329	33, 313, 381
Central	36,674,219	0	0	0	402,587	37,076,806
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,039,731	0	0	0	36,299,743	37, 339, 474
Extracurricular Activities	5, 126, 376	0	0	0	631,357	5,757,733
Capital Outlay	11,383	0	21,172,471	23,884,733	0	45,068,587
Debt Service: Principal Retirement	554,842	5,395,000	0	0	0	5,949,842
	14,425	13.557.935	0	0	0	5,949,842 13,572,360
Interest and Fiscal Charges Total Expenditures	719,916,014	19,422,657	21,770,267	23,884,733	135,662,975	920,656,646
Examp (Deficiency) of Payonum						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(29,318,790)	2,487,927	(18,641,688)	(12,018,699)	(8,992,875)	(66,484,125)
						-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	-	-	-	4 000 700	-	4 055 70-
Transfers In	0	0	0	1,655,767	0	1,655,767
Transfers Out	(4,799,964)	0	(1,655,767)	0	0	(6,455,731)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,799,964)	0	(1,655,767)	1,655,767	0_	(4,799,964)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(34, 118, 754)	2,487,927	(20,297,455)	(10,362,932)	(8,992,875)	(71,284,089)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year (Restated)	125,919,580	37,721,276	153,485,487	75,207,092	21,968,569	414,302,004
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 91,800,826	\$ 40,209,203	\$ 133,188,032	\$ 64,844,160	\$ 12,975,694	\$ 343,017,915

Reconciliation of the Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	:	\$ (71,284,089)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital Assets Additions Current Year Depreciation Total	43,638,438 (27,686,726)	15,951,712
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported in the funds. These revenues were attributed to property taxes and intergovernmental receivables Property Taxes Ohio School Facilities Grant Other Grants Total	(13,778,914) (9,390,258) 314,758	(22,854,414)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the		(22,004,414)
repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		5,950,129
Repayment of capital lease is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		2,538,798
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and bond premiums are amortized over the terms of the bonds, whereas in the governmental funds the expenditure is reported when the bonds are issued: Accrued Interest on Bonds Total	22,485	22,485
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated Absences Accrued Wages and Benefits - Pension Obligation Worker's Compensation Claims Total	(2, 163, 672) (24, 769, 538) 827, 117	(26, 106, 093)
The internal service funds used by management to charge the the costs of insurance to individual funds are not reported in the District-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.	_	1,604,954
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ <u>(94,176,518)</u>
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	-	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Origina	- The	, locoa	(Hogarito)
Local Sources:				
Taxes	\$ 217,965,911	\$ 224,326,645	\$ 225,087,547	\$ 760,902
Investment Income	1,637,327	1,602,171	1,690,824	88,653
Tuition and Fees	6,947,777	7,131,813	7, 174, 783	42,970
Miscellaneous	11,622,153	8,228,702	12,001,631	3,772,929
Sale of Personal Property	0	0	263	263
State Sources:				
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	416, 465, 651	427,445,838	429,367,784	1,921,946
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	51,723,423	52,751,054	53,413,391	662,337
Federal Sources:				(00.070)
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	5,328,119	5,528,883	5,502,205	(26,678)
Total Revenues	711,690,361	727,015,106	734,238,428	7,223,322
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:	346,766,512	337,463,322	337,408,752	54,570
Regular Special	144,088,306	137,517,438	137,419,417	98,021
Vocational	7,601,321	7,607,022	7,607,022	90,021 0
Adult/Continuing	281,706	268,495	268,495	0
Other	(383, 170)	(328,684)	(328,684)	0
Support Services:	(,,	()	(,,)	-
Pupils	33,987,366	32,904,846	32,904,846	0
Instructional Staff	10,358,994	10,728,306	10,726,398	1,908
Board of Education	295,092	290, 193	290, 193	0
Administration	56,616,409	70,438,238	55,766,885	14,671,353
Fiscal	6,945,132	7,775,590	7,775,590	0
Business	1,423,762	1,727,027	1,727,027	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	62,398,773	61,743,116	61,743,116	0
Pupil Transportation	35,433,249	35,032,324	35,032,324	0
Central	34,337,592	37,016,516	37,016,516	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,071,984	1,103,623	1,103,623	0
Extracurricular Activities	5,152,233	5,116,500	5,116,500	0
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	12,836	12,234	12,234	0
Principal Retirement	554,842	554,842	554,842	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	14,425	14,425	14,425	0
Total Expenditures	746,957,364	746,985,373	732,159,521	14,825,852
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(35,267,003)	(19,970,267)	2,078,907	22,049,174
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Advances In	4,557,000	4,557,000	4,557,000	0
A dvances Out	(5,111,000)	(5,111,000)	(5,111,000)	0
Transfers Out	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,554,000)	(1,554,000)	(1,554,000)	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(36,821,003)	(21,524,267)	524,907	22,049,174
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	80, 102, 409	80, 102, 409	80, 102, 409	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	18,784,514	18,784,514	18,784,514	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 62,065,920	\$ 77,362,656	\$ 99,411,830	\$ 22,049,174

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Assets	
Current Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,849,944
Liabilities:	
Current Liabilities:	
Claims Payable	1,979,171
Net Position:	
Unrestricted	<u>\$ 11,870,773</u>

#### Cleveland Municipal School District Statement of Revenues,

Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services	\$	82,373,335
<b>Operating Expenses:</b> Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses		81,768,381
Total Operating Expenses		81,768,381
Operating Income (Loss)		604,954
Transfers In		1,000,000
Change in Net Position		1,604,954
Net Position Beginning of Year		10,265,819
Net Position End of Year	\$	11,870,773
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements		

#### Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Increase In Cash and Cash Equivalents:	_	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided Cash Payments for Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses	\$	82,373,335 (84,054,070)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		(1,680,735)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities Cash Received through Transfers from Other Funds		1,000,000
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(680,735)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		14,530,679
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	13,849,944
Reconciliation of Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	604,954
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Decrease in Claims Payable		(2,285,689)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	(1,680,735)

## Cleveland Municipal School District Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2017

Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 529,756
<i>Liabilities</i> Due to Students	\$ 529,756
Total Liabilities	\$ 529,756

#### Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

#### A. School District and Board of Education

The Board of Education of the School District (the "Board") is a political and corporate body charged with the responsibility of managing and controlling the affairs of the School District, and is governed by the general laws of the State of Ohio (the "Ohio Revised Code"). The Board is comprised of nine members who were appointed by the Mayor of the City of Cleveland. On November 5, 2002, the voters of Cleveland elected to maintain the current government structure, which gives the Mayor the authority to continue appointing board members.

#### **B.** Financial Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, capital projects and student related activities of the School District.

Within the School District boundaries, there are also various non-public schools. Current State legislation provides funding to these non-public schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the non-public school by the Chief Financial Officer of the School District, as directed by the non-public school. The activity of these State monies by the School District is reflected in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The Cleveland Public Library and the City of Cleveland have been defined as related organizations and the Ohio Schools Council and the Bond Accountability Commission as jointly governed organizations. These organizations are discussed further in Note 20 and Note 21 to the basic financial statements.

#### **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The financial statements of the Cleveland Municipal School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

*Government-wide Financial Statements* The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental activity program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

*Fund Financial Statements* During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

#### **B.** Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories of governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

*Governmental Funds* Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

*General Fund* The general fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

*Debt Service Fund* The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

*Permanent Improvement Fund* The permanent improvement fund is used to account for all transactions related to the acquiring, constructing, or improving of such permanent improvements.

*Classroom Facilities Fund* The classroom facilities fund is used to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the School District for the construction or renovation to classroom facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

**Proprietary Fund Type** Proprietary funds focus on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows and are classified as either enterprise or internal service. The School District only has internal service funds.

*Internal Service Funds* The internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost-reimbursement basis. The internal service fund is used to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss and associated expenses attributable to deductibles and self-insured retention limits for general liability and property damage claim settlements and judgments and self-insurance programs for employee medical benefits.

*Fiduciary Funds* Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District has two agency funds, one which accounts for student activities and one which accounts for various payroll withholding items.

#### C. Measurement Focus

*Government-wide Financial Statements* The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net position.

*Fund Financial Statements* All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental

fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its internal service fund activities.

#### D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions** Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: advance on property taxes, investment income, the State's share of the classroom facility project, tuition, grants and student fees.

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refunding and for pension. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter

of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows or resources related to pension are explained in Note 14.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources included property taxes, pension, and unavailable revenue. Property Taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2017, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2018 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, intergovernmental grants, and miscellaneous revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the government-wide statement of net pension. (See Note 14)

*Expenses/Expenditures* On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported on the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are also reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### E. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board at the fund level.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate that was in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

#### F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including the proprietary fund, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" or "Investments" on the financial statements.

The School District utilizes a fiscal agent to hold monies set-aside for debt service payments. Monies are placed with a fiscal agent to ensure adequate payment of debt when it comes due. The balances in these accounts are presented on the financial statements as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents" and "Investments with Fiscal Agents".

During fiscal year 2017, investments were limited to STAR Ohio, certificates of deposit, treasury notes and bills, federal agency securities and commercial paper.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as repurchase agreements, are reported at cost.

The School District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2017. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2017.

Under existing Ohio statute, interest earnings are allocated to the general fund unless the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2017 amounted to \$1,141,230 which includes \$799,971 assigned from other School District funds.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

#### G. Fund Balance

Fund Balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable:* The nonspendable fund balance category included amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

*Restricted:* Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors,

contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed:** The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Board of Education, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these restraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

*Assigned*: Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amount represents intended uses established by the Board of Education or the Chief Financial Officer which has been delegated that authority by the CEO.

**Unassigned:** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for a specific purpose for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2016 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

#### I. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consisted of donated and purchased food and materials and supplies held for consumption.

#### J. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of fifty thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Intangible assets identified pursuant to GASB Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*, have been classified separately from other assets capitalized by the School District. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	25 years
Buildings and Improvements	25 - 50 years
Vehicles and Equipment	7 - 15 years
Internal Generated Software	5-10 years

Estimated lives for buildings and improvements of schools that will be demolished or inactivated for educational purposes under the current capital facility plan have been adjusted so they are fully depreciated by the anticipated year of demolition or inactivation.

#### K. Inter-fund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term inter-fund loans are classified as "inter-fund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

#### L. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net positon have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

#### M. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on actuarial calculations prepared by an outside actuarial firm.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "accrued wages and benefits" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate the compensated absences.

#### N. Bond Premium

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the bonds payable. On governmental fund statements, bond premiums are reported as another financing source when received.

#### **O.** Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources and are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions, capital lease obligations, and EPA asbestos abatement loans that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. In general, liabilities that mature or come due for payment during the fiscal year are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

#### P. Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by

creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position for other purposes included resources restricted for non-public schools and community involvement.

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$394,244,335 of restricted net position, none of which is restricted by enabling legislation.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### Q. Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Internal events that are allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Inter-fund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### **R.** Operating Revenue and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Any revenues and expenses not meeting the definitions of operating are reported as non-operating.

#### S. Contribution of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction. The proprietary fund received no contributions of capital during the current fiscal year.

#### T. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during the current fiscal year.

#### U. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### V. Restatement of Fund Balance

During the fiscal year, the District discovered that in fiscal year 2013 the expenditures for all funds were overstated by \$67,605,338 due to outstanding encumbrances being included in the calculation for actual expenditures. Therefore, the fund balances for all funds have increased by that amount.

	F	Fund Balance 6/30/16	Additions Deductions			Restated Fund Balance 6/30/16			
General Fund	\$	112,967,751	\$ 12,951,829	\$	-	\$	125,919,580		
Debt Service Fund		37,721,276	0		0		37,721,276		
Permanent Improvement Fund		146,067,465	7,418,022		0		153,485,487		
Classroom Facilities Fund		41,869,648	33,337,444		0		75,207,092		
Other Governmental Funds		8,070,476	13,900,787		2,694		21,968,569		
	\$	346,696,616	\$ 67,608,082	\$	2,694	\$	414,302,004		

#### Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2017, the School District implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures." GASB Statement No. 77 requires disclosure of information about the nature and magnitude of tax abatements. These changes were incorporated in the School District's 2017 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

The School District also implemented GASB's "Implementation Guide No, 2016-1." These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2017 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

#### Note 4 – Accountability and Compliance

#### Accountability

The following funds had deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2017:

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Other Local	\$ 442,250
Other State	106,825
Title VI-B Special Education	3,348,347
Vocational Education	76,452
Title I	2,502,312
Other Federal	2,753,385

The deficits in the special revenue funds resulted from the recognition of accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, rather than when accruals occur.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### Compliance

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) prohibits a subdivision from making an expenditure unless it has been appropriated as provided in Chapter 5705 of the Revised Code.

As of June 30, 2017, the following District's funds had expenditures plus encumbrances which exceeded the funds appropriations, contrary to the above requirement

	Expenditures						
	Plus						
Fund	A	Appropriation Encumbrances					
Title I	\$	44,451,271	\$	44,508,644	\$ 57,373		
Title I - SI Subsidy G		4,899,879		5,735,991	836,112		

This weakness may result in the District spending more than their available resources.

#### **Note 5 – Fund Balances**

Fund balance is classified in five categories (1) Nonspendable, (2) Restricted, (3) Committed, (4) Assigned and (5) Unassigned. Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally required to remain intact. Restricted fund balances include amounts that have external restrictions by either grantors, debt covenants, laws or other governments. Committed fund balances include amounts that are committed to a specific purpose by board ordinance. Assigned fund balances include amounts to be used for a specific purpose. Unassigned fund balances include amounts that have not been assigned to any purpose.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Fund Balances		General	D	ebt Service	Permanent mprovement	Classroom Facilites		Other Governmental Funds		Governmental		al Governmental Funds
Nonspendable												
Inventory	\$	936,035	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	) \$	258,985	\$	1,195,020		
Restricted for												
Debt Service Payments		0		40,209,203	0	(	)	0		40,209,203		
Capital Improvements		0		0	133,188,032	64,844,160	)	0		198,032,192		
Education Special Trust	Education Special Trust			0	0	(	)	10,333,075		10,333,075		
Classroom Facilities Maintenance		0		0	0	(	)	6,162,812		6,162,812		
Partnering Community Schools		0		0	0	(	)	681,470		681,470		
Other Local Grants		0		0	0	(	)	673,543		673,543		
Other State Grants		0		0	0	(	)	2,828		2,828		
Food Service Operations		0		0	0	(	)	740,850		740,850		
Other Purposes		0		0	 0	(	)	4,320,110		4,320,110		
Total Restricted		0		40,209,203	 133,188,032	64,844,160	)	22,914,688		261,156,083		
Assigned to:												
Other Purposes		4,852,598		0	 0	(	)	0		4,852,598		
Total Assigned		4,852,598		0	 0	(	)	0		4,852,598		
Unassigned (Deficit)		86,012,193		0	 0	(	)	(10,197,979)		75,814,214		
Total Fund Balances	\$	91,800,826	\$	40,209,203	\$ 133,188,032	\$ 64,844,160	) \$	12,975,694	\$	343,017,915		

For the purposes in the above chart, the Restricted Fund Balance for Other Local Grants consists of Public School Support, Other Grants and District Managed Activity. The Restricted Fund Balance for Other State Grants consists of Management Information Systems, Public School Preschool, Data Communications for School Buildings, Interactive Distance Learning, Vocational Education Enhancement and Alternative Schools. The Restricted Fund Balance for Other Purposes consists of Auxiliary Services, Miscellaneous State Grants, Miscellaneous Federal Grants and School Maintenance and Operational Assistance. The Assigned Fund Balance for Other Purposes is for the monies that the District has assigned to specific purposes through encumbrances out of the General Fund.

#### **Note 6 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting**

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- 3. In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- 4. Investments are reported at cost (budget basis) rather than fair value (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statement to the budgetary basis statement on a fund type basis for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance	
GAAP Basis	\$ (34,118,754)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	43,641,204
Advances In	4,557,000
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	11,897,227
Advances Out	(5,111,000)
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(20,340,770)
Budget Basis	\$ 524,907
Advances In Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals Advances Out Adjustment for Encumbrances	\$ 4,557,000 11,897,227 (5,111,000) (20,340,770)

#### **Note 7 - Deposits and Investments**

The School District has chosen to follow State statutes in order to classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and/or Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Under Ohio statutes and School District investment policy, interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation or transfer from the custodian.

#### Deposits

*Custodial Credit Risk* Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. Protection of School District deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as well as qualified securities pledged by the financial institution holding the assets. By Ohio law, financial institutions must collateralize public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105 percent of public funds deposited. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and other designated third party trustees of the financial institutions.

At fiscal year end, the School District's bank balance was \$22,760,761. Of the bank balance, \$958,567 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$21,802,194 was uninsured but collateralized with securities held by a pledging financial institution or by its trust department or agent although not in the School District's name.

#### Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. As of June 30, 2017, the School District had the following investments:

	Maturity				
	More Than				
	One Year				
		Less Than	В	Sut Less Than	
	One Year Five Years		 Total		
U.S. Agency Obligations	\$	98,962,927	\$	215,353,460	\$ 314,316,387
Commercial Paper		56,847,003		0	56,847,003
STAR Ohio		3,815,578		0	 3,815,578
Total Portfolio	\$	159,625,508	\$	215,353,460	\$ 374,978,968

*Interest Rate Risk* Ohio Revised Code and School District investment policy limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. School District investment policy also limits commercial paper purchases to issues from companies incorporated in the United States which have assets in excess of \$500 million and whose issues are rated in the highest classification by at least two standard rating services. The commercial paper must mature within 180 days of settlement date and the total holding of commercial paper may not exceed 25 percent of the portfolio, under Ohio Revised Code and School District investment policy. Money market mutual funds must be rated in the highest classification by at least one standard rating service and invest exclusively in eligible securities listed above, under School District investment policy.

*Custodial Credit Risk* For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds, Federal National Mortgage Association Bonds, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Bonds, Federal Farm

Credit Bank and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Discounted Notes are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial credit risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

*Credit Risk* The School District's investments at June 30, 2017 in FHLMC, FNMA, FFCB and FHLB agency securities were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. The investments in STAR Ohio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The School District has an investment policy to minimize credit risk by diversifying assets by issuer, ensuring that required minimum credit quality ratings exist and maintaining adequate collateralization of certificates of deposits.

*Concentration of Credit Risk* The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The following is the School District's allocation as of June 30, 2017:

	Percentage of
Investments	Investments
FHLB	10.61%
FHLMC	39.35%
FNMA	21.53%
Commercial Paper	15.16%
FAMC	4.28%
FFCB	8.05%
STAR Ohio	1.02%

## **Note 8 - Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the school district fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the school district in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2017 represents collections of calendar year 2016 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2017 were levied after April 1, 2016, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2016, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2017 represents collections of calendar year 2016 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2017 became a lien December 31, 2015, were levied after April 1, 2016 and are collected in 2017 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Cuyahoga County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2017, are available to finance fiscal year 2017 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2017 was \$35,795,688, which is comprised of \$30,957,250 in the general fund, \$3,475,498 in the debt service fund, \$340,735 in the permanent improvement fund, \$681,470 in the partnering community school fund and \$340,735 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2016, was \$58,067,429, which is comprised of \$50,211,428 in the general fund, \$5,643,043 in the debt service fund, \$553,240 in the permanent improvement fund, \$1,106,479 in the partnering community school fund and \$553,239 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2017 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations and are reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

On an full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

	2016 Second- Half Collections (in thousands of dollars)				2017 First- Half Collections (in thousands of dollars)		
	-	Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/Residential							
and Other Real Estate	\$	4,315,725	92.82%	\$	4,297,763	91.68%	
Public Utility Property		333,849	7.18		390,044	8.32	
Total	\$	4,649,574	100.00%	\$	4,687,807	100.00%	
Full voted tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$79.40		_	\$79.4	40	

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2017 taxes were collected are:

## Note 9 – Tax Abatements

School District property taxes were reduced under Enterprise Zone agreements entered into by an overlapping government – the City of Cleveland. As a result of the agreements, the School District had \$34,246,606 in taxes abated for the tax year 2016/collection year 2017.

## Note 10 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2017 consist of taxes, accounts (rent and student fees) and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year except delinquent property taxes and Ohio Schools Facilities Grant.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities	Amount		
Ohio Bureau of Workers Compensation	\$	2,256,457	
City of Cleveland		1,069,162	
Ohio Department of Education		829,096	
Ohio Department of Medicaid		775,763	
Cleveland Heights/University Heights School District		30,582	
Bedford School District		18,953	
Ohio School Facilities Grant		121,852,195	
Educational Special Trust		72,997	
Miscellaneous State Grants and Subsidies		35,503	
Other State Grants and Subsidies		371,992	
Title VI-B Special Education Grant and Subsidies		1,582,013	
Vocational Education Grant and Subsidies		220,832	
Title I Grant and Subsidies		6,142,267	
Improving Teacher Quality Title II-A Grant and Subsidies		146,784	
Miscellaneous Federal Grants and Subsidies		96,974	
Other Federal Grants and Subsidies		1,076,251	
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$	136,577,821	

## Note 11 – Contingencies

#### A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements which are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2016.

#### **B.** School Foundation

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2017 Foundation funding for the School District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable or liability of the School District.

## C. Litigation

The School District is party to various legal proceedings. The School District is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of all such claims will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

## D. Attendance Audit

The Auditor of State (AOS) issued its *Statewide Audit of Student Attendance Data and Accountability System* on February 11, 2013, a statewide assessment of school year 2010-11 student attendance and enrollment practices for select Ohio schools. AOS referred the Cleveland Municipal School District as a district with evidence of removing students from enrollment without lawful reason, regardless of motivation to the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) and U.S. Department of Education Office of the Inspector General (IG) for further investigation and recalculation of the school report cards. The removal of students does not necessarily imply malicious intent. The ODE and IG have not yet determined the impact of these results.

# **Cleveland Municipal School District** Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

# Note 12 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/16	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/17
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 31,814,081	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 31,814,081
Construction in Progress	20,645,660	47,141,745	(18,837,990)	48,949,415
Total Capital Assets, not being Depreciated	52,459,741	47,141,745	(18,837,990)	80,763,496
Capital Assets, being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	1,523,444	0	0	1,523,444
Buildings and Improvemets	1,103,178,973	15,334,684	0	1,118,513,657
Vehicles and Equipment	31,987,061	0	0	31,987,061
Internal Generated Software	5,878,735	0	0	5,878,735
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated	1,142,568,213	15,334,684	0	1,157,902,897
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(1,434,360)	(14,184)	0	(1,448,544)
Buildings and Improvements	(360,722,079)	(26,158,112)	0	(386,880,191)
Vehicles and Equipment	(16,521,436)	(1,151,663)	0	(17,673,099)
Internal Generated Software	(4,962,239)	(362,768)	0	(5,325,007)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(383,640,114)	(27,686,727) *	0	(411,326,841)
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated, Net	758,928,099	(12,352,043)	0	746,576,056
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 811,387,840	\$ 34,789,702	\$ (18,837,990)	\$ 827,339,552

\* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 25,957,221
Special	62,511
Support Services:	
Administration	540,278
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	17,624
Pupil Transportation	1,078,544
Central	22,431
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	8,118
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 27,686,727

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Construction in progress is composed of the following at June 30, 2017:

	Project		E	Expended to	
		Authorization	Jı	une 30, 2016	 Committed
Regular Instruction	\$	179,754,565	\$	48,949,415	\$ 130,805,150

# Note 13 - Risk Management

#### A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various loss potentials including but not limited to: torts, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The School District insures through commercial insurance companies for the following:

	Liability		
Coverage During Fiscal Year	 Limits	D	eductible
Property (Physical Damage) Insurance	\$ 300,000,000	\$	250,000
Boiler and Machinery	150,000,000		250,000
Commerical Crime Insurance	2,000,000		100,000
Public Officials Bond (Treasurer Bond)	1,000,000		N/A
Builders's Risk	30,000,000		50,000
Student Athletic	2,000,000		N/A
Terrorism	5,000,000		25,000
Cyber Risk	2,000,000		25,000

Liability Limits		Self- Insured Retention	
\$	6,000,000	\$	350,000
\$	6,000,000	\$	350,000
		Limits \$ 6,000,000	Limits R \$ 6,000,000 \$

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

Because of the prohibitive cost of commercial insurance, the School District in 1987, established a selfinsurance fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss (insurance deductibles and/or self-insured retentions) and associated expenses attributing to liability and property damage claim settlements and judgments. Estimates of claims liabilities, based on historical cost information, for incurred claims (including incurred but not reported claims) as calculated by the School District's Risk Management Division for all outstanding unsettled claims total \$1,979,171 as of June 30, 2017, and are recorded in the Liability Self-Insurance internal service fund.

### B. Employee Health Benefits

The School District has elected to provide medical and prescription drug benefits through a self insured program utilizing providers Medical Mutual of Ohio and Aetna Insurance companies. The maintenance of these benefits is accounted for in the Employee Benefits Self-Insurance internal service fund. Specific stop loss threshold covered per person is \$350,000 a claim and there is an unlimited maximum, which is in compliance with the Federal Healthcare Reform.

#### C. Workers' Compensation

The School District participates in the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) Retrospective Rating Plan. Under the retrospective rating plan, the School District assumes a portion of the risk in return for a reduction in current premiums. Estimates of claims liabilities based on actuarial methods, for incurred claims as calculated by the BWC for the cumulative retrospective rating period January 1, 2008, through June 30, 2017, including the estimate for incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims totals \$5,700,401.

The self insurance fund is funded from the General Fund, while the workers' compensation claims are charged to the same fund as the respective employee's salaries are charged, utilizing a historical percentage allocation method.

The claims liability reported at June 30, 2017 for liability and property damage claim settlements and judgments, medical and prescription drug benefits and workers' compensation is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in claims activity for fiscal years 2016 and 2017 are as follows:

		Balance at	Current Year	Claim	Balance at	
	Beg	inning of Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year	
2016	\$	10,834,484	77,139,416	74,451,074	\$ 13,522,826	
2017		13,522,826	83,226,953	82,373,335	14,376,444	

## Note 14 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

### A. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions--between an employer and its employees— of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

## B. Plan Description – School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017*	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Acturarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

\*Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. No allocation was made to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$16,945,944 for fiscal year 2017. Of this amount \$2,535,484 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

#### C. Plan Description – State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five year of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 26 years of service, or 31 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be

phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and 2 percent goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the employer rate was 14 percent and the plan members were also required to contribute 14 percent of covered salary. The statutory member contribution rate was increased one percent to 14 percent on July 1, 2016. The fiscal year 2017 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$36,351,340 for fiscal year 2017. Of this amount \$6,447,861 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

# D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

_	SERS	STRS	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	3.19451700%	2.49956532%	
Current Measurement Date	3.28617650%	2.42079156%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.09165950%	-0.07877376%	
	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	240,517,797	810,311,904	1,050,829,701
Pension Expense	27,043,763	51,023,062	78,066,825

At June 30, 2017, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected			
and actual experience	\$ 3,244,029	32,740,495	\$ 35,984,524
Changes of Assumptions	16,055,879		16,055,879
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	19,839,226	67,277,657	87,116,883
Changes in proportionate Share and difference			
between School District contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions	5,208,760	0	5,208,760
School District contributions subsequent			
to the measurement date	16,945,944	36,351,340	53,297,284
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 61,293,838	136,369,492	197,663,330
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	0	0	-
Changes in proportionate share and difference			
between School District contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions	1,131,241	31,502,439	32,633,680
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$ 1,131,241	\$ 31,502,439	\$ 32,633,680

\$53,297,284 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2018	\$11,823,562	\$6,879,376	\$18,702,938
2019	11,809,264	6,879,375	18,688,639
2020	13,880,866	32,695,703	46,576,569
2021	5,702,961	22,061,259	27,764,220
	\$43,216,653	\$68,515,713	\$111,732,366

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

### E. Actuarial Assumptions – SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2016, compared with June 30, 2015, are presented below:

Method	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Wage Inflation	3.00 percent	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent	4.00 percent to 22 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3 percent	3 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent of net of investments	7.75 percent net of investments
	expense, including inflation	expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal

For 2016, the morality assumptions are that mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. For 2015, the morality assumptions were based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

Target	Long Term Expected
Allocation	Real Rate of Return
1.00%	0.50%
22.50%	4.75%
22.50%	7.00%
19.00%	1.50%
10.00%	8.00%
15.00%	5.00%
10.00%	3.00%
100.00%	
	Allocation 1.00% 22.50% 22.50% 19.00% 10.00% 15.00% 10.00%

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. A discount rate of 7.75 percent was used in the prior measurement period. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	318,430,575	240,517,797	175,301,562

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### F. Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	12.25 percent at age 20 to 2.75 precent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for member retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013,
	or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	31.00%	8.00%
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00%	7.61%

\* 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.5 percent, and does not include investment expenses. The total fund long-term expected return reflects diversification among the asset classes and therefore is not a weighted average return of the individual asset classes.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June

30, 2016. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	1,076,838,679	810,311,904	585,480,862

### Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date

In March 2017, the STRS Board adopted certain assumption changes which will impact their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2017. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. In April 2017, the STRS Board voted to suspend cost of living adjustments granted on or after July 1, 2017. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the overall decrease to School District's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

#### G. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Retirement System. As June 30, 2017, no members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security.

#### **Note 15 - Postemployment Benefits**

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description – The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrator and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with

Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2017, no allocation of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2017, this amount was \$23,500. Statute provides that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2017, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$791,147.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$791,147, \$888,656, and \$1,860,649, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2017, 2016 and 2015.

## B. School Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2017, 2016 and 2015, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

## Note 16 – Other Employee Benefits

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn five to thirty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service and hours worked. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. School District employees earn sick leave, which, if not taken, accumulates until retirement. Employees may receive payment for up to 30 percent (varying by bargaining group) of accumulated sick leave of varying maximums up to \$30,000.

#### B. Insurance

The School District provides life insurance to most employees through Consumer Life Insurance in the amount of \$10,000 for each employee (\$50,000 for certain classes of employees). The School District also provides medical and prescription drug benefits through Medical Mutual of Ohio, Aetna and Healthspan, dental benefits through MetLife and vision through Spectera and Union Eye Care to all eligible employees.

### Note 17 - Set-Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the general fund, an amount based upon statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. The School District may still establish a budget reserve, if it so chooses; however, the requirement is no longer mandatory. The School District is also required to set aside money for any unspent portions of a bus purchase subsidy received annually from the State.

The following cash basis information describes the change in fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Iı	Capital mprovements
Set-Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2016	\$	(30,261,430)
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement		6,693,745
Current Year Offsets:		
Tax Levy for Classroom Facilities and Maintenance		(1,930,207)
Qualifying Disbursements		(48,473,002)
Totals		(73,970,894)
Set-Aside Balances Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years		(73,970,894)
Set-Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2017	\$	0

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

## Note 18 – Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2017 were as follows:

	Balance Outstanding 06/30/16		Additions	Deletions		Balance Outstanding 06/30/17		Amounts Due in One Year	
Governmental Activities:									
General Obligation Bonds and Notes:									
2001 H.B. 264 Energy									
Conservation Notes	\$ 555,129	\$	0	\$	555,129	\$	0	\$	0
2010 School Facilities									
Improvement Bonds	55,000,000		0		0		55,000,000		0
2012 School Facilities									
Improvement Refunding Bonds 2013 School Facilities	15,855,000		0		1,705,000		14,150,000		1,790,000
Improvement Refunding Bonds	27,385,000		0		0		27,385,000		0
2015 School Facilities									
Improvement Bonds	139,800,000		0		3,690,000		136,110,000		3,795,000
2015 Qualified School									
Construction Bond	49,200,000		0		0		49,200,000		0
Total General Obligation Bonds									
and Notes	 287,795,129		0		5,950,129		281,845,000		5,585,000
Net Pension Liability									
SERS	182,282,237		58,235,560		0		240,517,797		0
STRS	 690,806,743	_	119,505,161		0		810,311,904		0
Total Net Pension Liability	 873,088,980		177,740,721		0		1,050,829,701		0
Other Long-Term Obligations:									
Compensated Absences	41,690,585		7,571,596		5,407,924		43,854,257		6,595,509
Workers' Compensation Claims	6,527,518		4,014,900		4,842,017		5,700,401		4,386,730
Capital Lease Obligation	 11,762,527		0		2,538,512		9,224,015		2,580,991
Total Other Long-Term Obligations	 59,980,630		11,586,496	·	12,788,453		58,778,673		13,563,230
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,220,864,739	\$	189,327,217	\$	18,738,582	\$	1,391,453,374	\$	19,148,230

On June 10, 2015, the School District issued \$200,000,000 of General Obligation School Improvement Bonds consisting of \$150,800,000 of Tax Exempt School Improvement Bonds, Series 2015A and \$49,200,000 of Federally Taxable Qualified School Construction Bonds, Series 2015B bearing interest at the rate of 2.00% - 5.02% per annum. The premium received on this bond issue was \$9,277,561 and after deducting the bond issuance costs, \$8,500,106 was transferred to the Debt Service Fund. Issue 4, which was approved by voters on November 4, 2014, will allow for construction of 20-22 new schools and the refurbishing of 20-23 schools. This debt will be retired from the Debt Service Fund.

On January 29, 2013, the School District issued \$45,600,000 of School Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, at a true interest cost of approximately 3%. Proceeds of this bond issue (including a portion of the original issue premium), together with \$12,000,000 of cash on hand in the District's bond retirement fund, for a total of \$63,366,472.36, was deposited in an escrow fund that is being used ultimately to pay principal of and interest on \$59,020,000 in aggregate principal amount of certain of the

District's School Improvement Bonds, Series 2004, through June 1, 2014, the date of optional early redemption of those Series 2004 Bonds. As a result, those Series 2004 Bonds were defeased and considered no longer outstanding for purposes of the District's direct debt limitations.

On January 11, 2012, the School District issued \$20,855,000 of School Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, at a true interest cost of approximately 3%. Proceeds of this bond issue (including a portion of the original issue premium), together with \$8,000,000 of cash on hand in the District's bond retirement fund, for a total of \$29,998,078, was deposited in an escrow fund which will be used to pay principal of and interest on \$28,600,000 in aggregate principal amount of certain of the District's Various Purpose Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2002, through December 1, 2012, the date of optional early redemption of those Series 2002 Bonds. As a result, those Series 2002 Bonds were defeased and considered no longer outstanding for purposes of the District's direct debt limitations.

On December 21, 2010, the School District utilized cash on hand to defease \$14,675,000 principal amount of outstanding 2002 School Facilities Improvement Bonds. The School District placed \$15,848,185 from the debt service fund in an escrow account which was used to pay principal and interest on the defeased bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds was removed from long-term debt. The defeasance will result in a reduction in future debt service of \$25,172,925.

On September 29, 2010, the School District issued \$55,000,000 of School Improvement Bonds, bearing interest at the rate of 5.20% per annum. The series 2010 bond issue is the third long term financing bond issue related to the School District's participation in the Ohio School Facilities Assistance Program. The District made mandatory sinking fund payments to an escrow fund, which is part of the District's Bond Retirement Fund, held by The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as escrow agent, in the amount of \$3,016,357 on December 1<sup>st</sup> of each year starting in 2010, reducing the outstanding principal amount of this series of bonds by that aggregate amount pursuant to Sections 133.01 and 133.04 of the Revised Code.

On July 12, 2001, the School District entered into a 15-year installment payment agreement with Citicorp North America, Incorporated for \$11,500,000, bearing interest at the rate of 5.20% per annum. The proceeds will be used for the purpose of renovating and otherwise improving environmental controls at school facilities. This agreement was made in accordance with Ohio H.B. 264 and is therefore exempt from the debt limit set by Ohio bond statute. This debt will be retired from the General Fund.

Compensated absences and workers' compensation costs will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid which, for the School District, is primarily the general fund.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$162,313,206 with an unvoted debt margin of \$4,687,807 at June 30, 2017.

The School District is subject to federal arbitrage regulations. As of June 30, 2017 the District has not accrued any liability.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt and H.B. 264 Energy Conservation Notes, outstanding at June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year				
Ending June 30,		Principal	 Interest	Total
General Obligation	Bonds	and Notes		
2018	\$	5,585,000	\$ 13,404,681	\$ 18,989,681
2019		5,880,000	13,248,076	19,128,076
2020		6,105,000	13,033,881	19,138,881
2021		6,375,000	12,758,431	19,133,431
2022		6,725,000	12,453,331	19,178,331
2023-2027		94,390,000	55,993,693	150,383,693
2028-2050		156,785,000	 84,406,841	 241,191,841
Total	\$	281,845,000	\$ 205,298,934	\$ 487,143,934

In fiscal year 2014, the School District entered into an agreement to lease 225 buses. The cost of this lease was \$19,068,000. This agreement is, in substance, a lease purchase (capital lease) and is classified as a long-term lease obligation in the financial statements. \$17,929,613 was added to vehicles and equipment.

The following is a schedule of future lease payments and present value of net minimum lease payments as June 30, 2017:

	Amount
2018	2,724,000
2019	2,724,000
2020	2,724,000
2021	1,362,000
Total minimum lease payments	9,534,000
Less:	
Amount representing interest	309,985
Present value of net minimum	
lease payments	\$ 9,224,015

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

## Note 19 – Interfund Transfers and Balances

#### A. Transfers

Transfers made during the year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	1	Trans	-	
Transfers To	Ger	neral	Permanent Improvement	Totals
Major Governmental Funds:				
Classroom Facilites	\$	0	\$ 1,655,767	\$ 1,655,767
Non-Major Governmental Funds:	1.0	00.000	0	1 000 000
Self Insurance Fund Agency Funds	1,00	00,000	0	1,000,000
Districy Agency Fund	3,79	99,964	0	3,799,964
Totals	\$ 4,79	99,964	\$ 1,655,767	\$ 6,455,731

The purpose of the transfer from the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund to the Classroom Facilities capital projects fund was to fund the local portion of the new Segment 7 that was approved during the fiscal year. This transfer is in compliance with the Ohio Revised Code.

The purpose of the transfer from the general fund to self-insurance fund was to fund the account for legal expenditures.

The purpose of the transfer from the General Fund to the Agency Fund was cover the negative cash balance for payroll withholding taxes that were paid on June 30, 2017.

#### **B.** Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2017, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Interfund Receivable				
Interfund Payable	General					
Non-Major Governmental Funds:						
Other Local	\$	1,070,333				
Auxiliary Services		495,000				
Other State		394,067				
Title VI-B Special Education		2,318,000				
Vocational Education		428,000				
Title I		1,535,614				
Improving Teacher Quality Title II-A		160,000				
Other Federal		2,414,223				
Totals	\$	8,815,237				

The interfund receivable and payable are due to the timing of the receipt of grant monies by the nonmajor funds. The School District expects to receive the grant monies and repay the advance within the next fiscal year.

## **Note 20 - Related Organizations**

## A. Cleveland Public Library

The Cleveland Public Library (Library) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. A Board of Trustees appointed by the Cleveland Municipal School District Board of Education governs the Library.

The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the School District for operational subsidies. Although the School District does serve as the taxing authority and issues all tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Business Director of the Cleveland Public Library at 325 Superior Avenue, NE, Cleveland, Ohio 44114.

## B. City of Cleveland

In November 1998, the Mayor of the City of Cleveland was given appointment authority for the School District. As approved by the State legislature, the Ohio Revised Code provided for the Mayor to appoint a Chief Executive Officer who was to be approved by the Board. The Board is comprised of nine members who were appointed by the Mayor from a pool of candidates presented to the Mayor by an independent nominating panel. The City of Cleveland's accountability for the School District does not extend beyond appointment authority and therefore the School District is considered to be a related organization rather than a component unit of the City of Cleveland. A copy of the City of Cleveland's comprehensive annual financial report can be obtained from the Finance Director of the City of Cleveland at 601 Lakeside Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44114.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

## **Note 21 - Jointly Governed Organizations**

#### A. Ohio Schools' Council Association

The Ohio Schools Council (Council) is a jointly governed organization among various school districts in northern Ohio. The jointly governed organization was formed to purchase quality products and services at the lowest possible cost to the member districts. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. The Council's Board consists of seven superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year.

The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Executive Director of the Ohio Schools Council at 6133 Rockside Road, Suite #10, Independence, Ohio 44131.

#### **B.** Bond Accountability Commission

The Bond Accountability Commission (BAC) is an independent nonprofit agency that monitors the Cleveland Municipal School District's construction and renovation program and the spending of Issue 14 tax money approved by voters in May 2001.

As a commission created by the Board, the BAC is a "public body" subject to the Ohio Sunshine Law as set forth in Section 121.22 of the Ohio Revised Code, and shall conduct its business in accordance with the provisions of the Sunshine Law, including, but not limited to, establishing a reasonable method of notifying the public of the time, place and purpose of its meetings, and preparing, filing and maintaining minutes of its meetings. Other than the Board directing the Chief Executive Officer to secure initial external funding in the amount of \$200,000, the Board does not assume any ongoing financial interest or responsibility for the BAC and, as a result, is considered a jointly governed organization. In fiscal year 2015, the District extended the contract with the BAC for three years in the amount of \$260,000. Annual reports can be obtained by contacting Elise Hara Auvil, Administrator Bond Accountability Commission c/o Cuyahoga Community College, 2900 Community College Avenue MBA, Room 221, Cleveland, Ohio 44115.

## Note 22 – Construction and Other Significant Commitments

Projects		Committed Amount	 Amount Paid	Remaining on Commitment			
Segment 1	\$	218,634,102	\$ 218,634,102	\$ 0			
Segment 2		133,944,185	133,944,185	0			
Segment 3		150,706,231	150,706,231	0			
Segment 4		136,218,096	136,218,096	0			
Segment 5		203,884,277	203,674,134	210,143			
Segment 6		40,714,062	33,722,974	6,991,088			
Segment 7		111,653,941	10,688,177	100,965,764			
Local Funding Initiatives		191,453,038	140,684,623	50,768,415			
Total	\$	1,187,207,932	\$ 1,028,272,522	\$ 158,935,410			

Segment 1 consisted of the warm, safe, dry and security updates to all buildings in addition to the construction of five buildings and renovation of three buildings. Segment 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 consisted of

the construction of forty-three buildings, the renovation of five buildings and the demolishing of twentyfour buildings. Local Funding Initiatives consisted of various projects throughout the School District.

## Note 23 – Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year-end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the fiscal year were as follows:

Governmental:	
General Fund	\$ 4,852,598
Permanent Improvement Fund	47,787,277
<b>Classroom Facilities Fund</b>	104,810,058
Other Governmental Funds	9,516,139
Total Governmental	\$ 166,966,072

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2016	2015	2014	2013
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	3.286918%	3.194517%	3.024069%	3.024069%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	240,517,797	182,282,237	153,046,411	179,831,678
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	96,357,436	94,913,384	87,603,918	82,710,748
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	249.6%	192.1%	174.7%	217.4%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts are presented as of the School District's measurement date

which is the prior fiscal year end.

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2016	2015	2014	2013
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	2.42079156%	2.49956532%	2.57306004%	2.57306004%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	810,311,904	690,806,743	625,857,249	745,517,166
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	259,652,429	264,163,707	264,526,215	257,756,744
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	312.1%	261.5%	236.6%	289.2%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts are presented as of the School District's measurement date

which is the prior fiscal year end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 16,945,944	\$ 7,475,192	\$ 12,509,584	\$ 12,141,903
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (16,945,944)	 (7,475,192)	 (12,509,584)	 (12,141,903)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	121,042,457	53,394,225	94,913,381	87,603,918
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%

2013	 2012	2011	 2010	 2009	2008
\$ 11,447,168	\$ 11,818,410	\$ 11,137,020	\$ 13,810,800	\$ 9,893,625	\$ 9,337,074
 (11,447,168)	 (11,818,410)	 (11,137,020)	 (13,810,800)	 (9,893,625)	 (9,337,074)
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
82,710,748	87,869,221	88,600,000	102,000,000	100,544,969	95,082,215
13.84%	13.45%	12.57%	13.54%	9.84%	9.82%

Schedule of the School District's Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Contracually Required Contribution	\$ 36,351,340	\$ 35,518,073	\$ 36,982,919	\$ 34,388,408
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (36,351,340)	 (35,518,073)	(36,982,919)	 (34,388,408)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	259,652,429	253,700,519	264,163,704	264,526,215
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%

 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010	 2009	 2008
\$ 33,508,377	\$ 37,477,345	\$ 40,479,746	\$ 43,766,967	\$ 43,051,294	\$ 42,155,022
 (33,508,377)	 (37,477,345)	 (40,479,746)	 (43,766,967)	 (43,051,294)	 (42,155,022)
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
257,756,744	288,287,270	311,382,660	336,668,980	331,163,800	324,269,400
13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

# **Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules** Fund Descriptions – Non major Governmental Funds

## Non-major Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

## Local Funds:

*Educational Special Trust Fund* – This fund accounts for monies received from private individuals, companies and foundations for specified activities for purposes. This fund also accounts for monies being placed from the general fund for the Qualified Zone Academy Bonds into a escrow account held by a trustee in order to repay the obligation at maturity.

*Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund* – This fund accounts for the proceeds of a levy for the maintenance of facilities.

*Partnering Community School* – This fund reflects resources that belong to the Community Schools that partner with the District.

*Other Local Funds* – This fund accounts for all activity in other local funds including Public School Support, Other Grants, and District Managed Activity.

### **State Funds:**

*Auxiliary Services (NPSS) Fund* – This fund accounts for State funds which provide services and materials to pupils attending non-public schools within the School District.

*Miscellaneous State Grants Fund* – This fund is used to account for various monies received from State agencies which are not classified elsewhere including all money for students who resides in the district but are enrolled in a community school.

*Other State Funds* – This fund accounts for all activity in other State funds including Management Information Systems, Public School Preschool, Data Communications for School Buildings, Interactive Video Distance Learning, Vocational Education Enhancement and Alternative Schools.

#### **Federal Funds:**

Food Service Fund – This fund is used to record financial transactions related to food service operations.

*Race to the Top Fund* – This fund accounts for federal monies used to provide for either a new program or expansion of an existing program to support initiatives in the following areas: Standards and Assessments; Using Data to improve Instructions; Great Teachers and Leaders; and Turning Around the Lowest-Achieving Schools.

# Fund Descriptions – Non major Governmental Funds (continued)

## Non-major Special Revenue Funds (continued)

*Title VI-B, Special Education Fund* - This fund accounts for Federal monies used to assist schools in the identification of handicapped children, development of procedural safeguards, implementation of least restrictive alternative service patterns, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary, and secondary levels.

*Vocational Education Fund* – This fund accounts for revenues used in the development of vocational education programs in the following categories: secondary, post-secondary, adult, disadvantaged and handicapped persons, exemplary programs, cooperative education, construction of educational schools, ancillary services, research, advisory committees and work-study projects, including sex equity grants.

*Title I* – This fund accounts for Federal Monies used to assist the School District in meeting the special needs of economically and educationally deprived children.

*Improving Teacher Quality Title II-A Fund* – Funding for professional development and other programs to ensure teachers meet high quality standards. This fund also accounts for monies used to hire additional classroom teachers in elementary grades, so that the number of students per teacher will be reduced.

*Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund* – This fund accounts for various monies received through State agencies from the Federal Government or directly from the Federal Government which are not required to be in a separate fund.

*Other Federal Funds* – This fund accounts for all activity in other Federal funds including School Maintenance and Operational Assistance, Title II Technology, Title I Subsidiary A, Title I Subsidiary G, Nutrition Education Training Program, Bilingual Education Program, Transition for Refugee Children, and IDEA Preschool Grant for the Handicapped.

### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	G	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	26,902,945	\$	26,902,945			
Receivables:	Ψ	20,302,343	Ψ	20,302,340			
Taxes		8,048,240		8,048,240			
Accounts		1,192,979		1,192,979			
Intergovernmental		9,745,613		9,745,613			
Materials and Supplies Inventory		258,985		258,985			
Total Assets	\$	46, 148, 762	\$	46, 148, 762			
Liabilities	¢		۴				
Accounts Payable	\$	6,148,556	\$	6,148,556			
Accrued Wages and Benefits Interfund Payable		6,246,412 8,815,237		6,246,412 8,815,237			
Intergovernmental Payable		3,570,107		3,570,107			
nite governmenter rayable		3,370,107		3,370,107			
Total Liabilities		24,780,312		24,780,312			
Deferred Inflow & Resources							
Property Taxes		7,026,035		7,026,035			
Unavailable Revenue		1,366,721		1,366,721			
		· · ·		· · ·			
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		8,392,756		8,392,756			
Fund Balance:							
Nonspendable		258,985		258,985			
Restricted		22,914,688		22,914,688			
Unassigned		(10, 197, 979)		(10, 197, 979)			
Total Fund Balances		12,975,694		12,975,694			
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	46, 148, 762	\$	46,148,762			

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues:			
Local Sources:			
Taxes	\$ 5, 115, 142	\$	5, 115, 142
Investment Income	56,614		56,614
Extracurricular Activities	565,573		565,573
Contributions and Donations	8,985,343		8,985,343
Food Services	860,882		860,882
Miscellaneous	965,451		965,451
State Sources:	,		,
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	576,230		576,230
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	14,292,575		14,292,575
Federal Sources:	, - ,		, - ,
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	95,252,290		95,252,290
Total Revenues	 126,670,100		126,670,100
	 0;0:0;:00		
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	5,239,508		5,239,508
Special	35,371,849		35,371,849
Vocational	1,106,812		1,106,812
Adult/Continuing	115,968		115,968
Other	9,427,243		9,427,243
Support Services:	3,427,243		3,727,273
Pupils	5,815,010		5,815,010
Instructional Staff	23, 168, 336		23,168,336
Administration	3,772,643		3,772,643
Fiscal	5,790,026		5,790,026
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	8,429,564		3,730,020 8,429,564
Pupil Transportation	92,329		92,329
Central	92, 329 402, 587		92,329 402,587
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	402,387 36,299,743		36,299,743
Extracurricular Activities	631,357		631,357
Total Expenditures	 135,662,975		135,662,975
i olar Experianci es	 130,002,975		135,002,975
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(8,992,875)		(8,992,875)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(8,992,875)		(8,992,875)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Restated	 21,968,569		21,968,569
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 12,975,694	\$	12,975,694

## Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2017

	Educational Special Trust			Classroom Facilities Maintenance		Partnering community Schools
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,562,489	\$	6,065,932	\$	0
Receivables:	Ψ	10,002,100	Ψ	0,000,002	Ψ	Ũ
Taxes		0		2,667,976		5,380,264
Accounts		115,810		0		0
Intergovernmental		72,997		0		0
Materials and Supplies Inventory		0		0		0
Total Assets	\$	10,751,296	\$	8,733,908	\$	5,380,264
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$	313,685	\$	243,855	\$	0
Accrued Wages and Benefits		68,377		0		0
Retainage Payable						
Interfund Payable		0		0		0
Intergovernmental Payable		36, 159		0		0
Total Liabilities		418,221		243,855		0
Deferred Inflow & Resources						
Property Taxes		0		2,327,241		4,698,794
Unavailable Revenue		0		0		0
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		0		2,327,241		4,698,794
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable		0		0		0
Restricted		10,333,075		6,162,812		681,470
Committed		0		0		0
Assigned		0		0		0
Unassigned		0		0		0
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		10,333,075		6,162,812		681,470
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	10,751,296	\$	8,733,908	\$	5,380,264

Food Service	 Other State	 cellaneous State Grants	Auxiliary vices (NPSS)	Other Local	
1, 178, 407	\$ 18,709	\$ 333, 801	\$ 4,520,093	\$ 687,911	\$
C	0	0	0	0	
6,836	0	0	0	1,070,333	
(	371,992	35,503	0	0	
258,985	 0	 0	 0	 0	
1,444,228	\$ 390,701	\$ 369,304	\$ 4,520,093	\$ 1,758,244	\$
85,752	\$ 0	\$ 23,218	\$ 1,517,989	\$ 14,234	\$
225,635	69,523	14,524	180,887	117,980	
C	394,067	0	495,000	1,070,333	
133,006	 36,764	 7,679	 95,904	 62,390	
444, 393	500,354	45,421	2,289,780	1,264,937	
C	0	0	0	0	
(	 0	 49,235	 0	 935,423	
(	 0	 49,235	0	 935,423	
258,985	0	0	0	0	
740,850	0	274,648	2,230,313	673,677	
(	0	0	0	0	
(	0	0	0	0	
(	 (109,653)	 0	 0	 (1,115,793)	
999,835	 (109,653)	 274,648	 2,230,313	 (442,116)	
1,444,228	\$ 390,701	\$ 369,304	\$ 4,520,093	\$ 1,758,244	\$

(continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued) June 30, 2017

Assets	Race To The Top			Title VI-B Special Education		ocational ducation
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	0	\$	735,987	\$	207,170
Receivables:	Ψ	0	Ψ	100,001	Ψ	201,110
Taxes		0		0		0
Accounts		0		0		0
Intergovernmental		0		1,582,013		220,832
Accrued Interest		0		0		0
Interfund		Ū		Ũ		0
Materials and Supplies Inventory		0		0		0
Total Assets		-		2,318,000		428,002
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable		0		1,847,506		14,770
Accrued Wages and Benefits		0		944,685		40,348
Interfund Payable		0		2,318,000		428,000
Intergovernmental Payable		0		556,156		21,336
Total Liabilities		0		5,666,347		504,454
Deferred Inflow & Resources						
Property Taxes		0		0		0
Unavailable Revenue		0		0		0
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		0		0		0
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable		0		0		0
Restricted		0		0		0
Unassigned		0		(3,348,347)		(76,452)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		0		(3,348,347)		(76,452)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	0	\$	2,318,000	\$	428,002

Title I	Improving Teacher Quality Title II-A	Miscellaneous Federal Grants	Other Federal	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
\$ 0	\$ 1,863,345	\$ 349,799	\$ 379,302	\$ 26,902,945		
0	0	0	0	8,048,240		
0	0	0	0	1,192,979		
6,142,267	146,784	96,974	1,076,251	9,745,613		
0	0	0	0	0		
				0		
0	0	0	0	258,985		
6,142,267	2,010,129	446,773	1,455,553	46,148,762		
1,521,884	0	93,400	472,263	6,148,556		
3,612,950	132,546	161,565	677,392	6,246,412		
1,535,614	160,000	0	2,414,223	8,815,237		
2,103,774	70,091	85,438	361,410	3,570,107		
8,774,222	362,637	340,403	3,925,288	24,780,312		
0	0	0	0	7,026,035		
0	<u>0</u>	91,579	290,484	1,366,721		
0	0	91,579	290,484	8,392,756		
0	0	0	0	258,985		
0	1,647,492	14,791	155,560	22,914,688		
(2,631,955)	0_	0_	(2,915,779)	(10, 197, 979		
(2,631,955)	1,647,492	14,791	(2,760,219)	12,975,694		
\$ 6,142,267	\$ 2,010,129	\$ 446,773	\$ 1,455,553	\$ 46,148,762		

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues:	Educational Special Trust		Classroom Facilities Maintenance		Partnering Community Schools	
Local Sources:						
Taxes	\$	0	\$ 1,	782,313	\$	3,332,829
Investment Income		460		36,564		0
Extracurricular Activities		0		0		0
Contributions and Donations	8,985,	,343		0		0
Food Services		0		0		0
Miscellaneous		0		0		0
State Sources:						
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid		0		192,064		384,166
Restricted Grants-in-Aid		0	1.	,930,207		0
Federal Sources:		•				-
Restricted Grants-in-Aid		0		0		0
Total Revenues	8,985		3	.941.148		3,716,995
	0,000,	,000		041,140		0,710,000
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	7	.070		0		0
6	7,	,		0		0
Special		0		-		0
Vocational		0		0		÷
Adult/Continuing	10	0		0		0
Other	48,	,446		0		0
Support Services:						
Pupils		,248		0		0
Instructional Staff	6,441,			0		0
Administration	247,	,211		0		0
Fiscal		331		44,916		4,142,004
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		0	8	,274,203		0
Pupil Transportation		0		0		0
Central	54,	,321		0		0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	19,	,440		0		0
Extracurricular Activities	132,	,868		0		0
Total Expenditures	6,977,	,484	8	319,119		4,142,004
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,008,	,319	(4	,377,971)		(425,009)
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,008,	,319	(4	,377,971)		(425,009)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,		<b>,</b>			· · · · · /
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year Restated	8,324,	.756	10	540,783		1,106,479
	0,021	,	10			.,
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 10,333.	.075	\$ 6	162,812	\$	681,470
	¥ 10,000,	, , , , ,	<del>~</del> 0,		Ψ	001,110

			Μ	liscellaneous				
	Other	Auxiliary		State		Other		Food
	Local	Services (NPSS)		Grants		State		Service
\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Ψ	0	19,304	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	286
	565,573	0		0		0		0
	0	0		0		0		0
	0	0		0		0		860,882
	742,070	0		0		0		223,381
	,							,
	0	0		0		0		0
	0	8,935,596		1,954,780		1,029,716		442,276
	0	0		0		0		19,806,959
	1,307,643	8,954,900		1,954,780		1,029,716		21,333,784
	612,080	0		(6,746)		849,329		0
	463,896	0		11,551		0		0
	0	0		116,624		0		0
	0	0		0		0		0
	0	0		0		0		0
	0	6,232		71,226		0		0
	0	232,979		1,877,731		4,386		0
	319, 144	0		0		291,108		0
	129,010	0		0		0		0
	102,785	36,950		0		0		0
	0	0		0		0		0
	0	0		0		345,053		0
	0	9,051,274		0		0		22,358,203
	498,489	0		0		0		0
	2,125,404	9,327,435		2,070,386		1,489,876		22,358,203
	(817,761)	(372,535)		(115,606)		(460, 160)		(1,024,419)
	(817,761)	(372,535)		(115,606)		(460, 160)		(1,024,419)
	375,645	2,602,848		390,254		350,507		2,024,254
\$	(442,116)	\$ 2,230,313	\$	274,648	\$	(109,653)	\$	999,835
								(continued)

(continued)

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues:	Race To The Top		Title VI-B Special Education		Vocational Education	
Local Sources:						
Taxes	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Investment Income		0		0		0
Extracurricular Activities		0		0		0
Contributions and Donations		0		0		0
Food Services		0		0		0
Miscellaneous		0		0		0
State Sources:						
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid		0		0		0
Restricted Grants-in-Aid		0		0		0
Federal Sources:						
Restricted Grants-in-Aid		902, 196		19,049,788		1,689,003
Total Revenues		902,196		19,049,788		1,689,003
						, ,
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		0		0		3,367
Special		0		13,160,587		0
Vocational		0		0		990, 188
Adult/Continuing		0		0		000,100
Other		0		0		0
Support Services:		0		0		0
Pupils		0		2,860,360		0
Instructional Staff		66,096		2,800,300 1,082,707		688,878
Administration						
Fiscal		0		1,718,142		79,663
		0		302,436		0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		0		0		0
Pupil Transportation		0		0		45,933
Central		0		0		0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		0		790,409		0
Extracurricular Activities		0		0		0
Total Expenditures		66,096		19,914,641		1,808,029
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						(
Over (Under) Expenditures		836, 100		(864,853)		(119,026)
Net Change in Fund Balances		836, 100		(864,853)		(119,026)
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year Restated		(836,100)		(2,483,494)		42,574
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	0	\$	(3,348,347)	\$	(76,452)

TitleI	Improving Teacher Quality Title II-A	Miscellaneous Federal Grants	Other Federal	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$ 5,115,142
¢ 0	φ 0 0	φ 0 0	ф 0 0	¢ 0, 110, 142 56, 614
0	0	0	0	565,573
0	0	0	0	8,985,343
0	0	0	0	860,882
0	0	0	0	965,451
0	0	0	0	576,230
0	0	0	0	14,292,575
40,046,002	4,950,732	949, 174	7,858,436	95,252,290
40,046,002	4,950,732	949,174	7,858,436	126,670,100
3,429,505	0	297,096	47,807	5,239,508
18,965,814	2,214,610	21,219	534, 172	35,371,849
0	0	0	0	1,106,812
0	0	0	115,968	115,968
6,812,165	0	20,791	2,545,841	9,427,243
2,268,669	0	465,488	116,787	5,815,010
6,412,496	0	453,331	5,908,183	23, 168, 336
964, 190	0	0	153, 185	3,772,643
874,493	127,100	2,958	166,778	5,790,026
14,939	0	219	468	8,429,564
43,816	0	0	2,580	92,329
0	0	3,213	0	402,587
3,782,607	122,238	19,446	156,126	36,299,743
0 43,568,694	0 2,463,948	0 1,283,761	0 9,747,895	<u>631,357</u> 135,662,975
40,000,004	2,400,940	1,203,701	3,747,033	130,002,970
(3,522,692)	2,486,784	(334,587)	(1,889,459)	(8,992,875
(3,522,692)	2,486,784	(334,587)	(1,889,459)	(8,992,875
890,737	(839,292)	349,378	(870,760)	21,968,569
\$ (2,631,955)	\$ 1,647,492	\$ 14,791	\$ (2,760,219)	\$ 12,975,694

# **Combining Statements** Fund Descriptions – Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are established to account for the providing of goods or services by one department to other departments of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The following is the School District's internal service fund types:

## **Internal Service Funds**

*Liability Self-Insurance Fund* – This fund accounts for the self-insurance of uninsured risks of loss and associated expenses attributable to deductibles and self-insured retention limits for general liability and property damage claim settlements and judgments.

*Employee Benefits Self-Insurance Fund* – This fund accounts for the medical benefits self-insurance program for employees of the School District. Monthly fees are paid and any balance on hand is held until used.

Combining Statement of Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2017

	Liability Self-Insurance			Employee Benefits elf-Insurance	Totals		
Assets Current Assets:							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,794,194	\$	11,055,750	\$	13,849,944	
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities:							
Claims Payable		1,979,171		0		1,979,171	
<i>Net Assets</i> Unrestricted	\$	815,023	\$	11,055,750	\$	11,870,773	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Operating Revenues:	Liability Self-Insurance		Employee Benefits If-Insurance	 Totals
Charges for Services	\$	0	\$ 82, 373, 335	\$ 82, 373, 335
<b>Operating Expenses</b> Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses		63,319	 81,705,062	 81,768,381
Operating Income (Loss)		(63, 319)	668,273	604,954
<b>Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):</b> Transfers In		1,000,000	 0	 1,000,000
Change in Net Assets		936,681	668,273	1,604,954
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		(121,658)	 10,387,477	 10,265,819
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	815,023	\$ 11,055,750	\$ 11,870,773

#### Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Liability Self-Insurance		Employee Benefits Self-Insurance		 Totals
Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents:					
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided Cash Payments for Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses	\$	0 (543,503)	\$	82,373,335 (83,510,567)	\$ 82,373,335 (84,054,070)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(543,503)		(1,137,232)	(1,680,735)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities Cash Received through Transfers from Other Funds		1,000,000		0	 1,000,000
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		456,497		(1,137,232)	(680,735)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		2,337,697		12, 192, 982	 14,530,679
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	2,794,194	\$	11,055,750	\$ 13,849,944
Reconciliation of Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(63,319)	\$	668,273	\$ 604,954
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable		(480, 184)		(1,805,505)	(2,285,689)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	(543,503)	\$	(1,137,232)	\$ (1,680,735)

# **Combining Statements** Fund Descriptions – Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The following is the School District's fiduciary fund type:

# **Agency Funds**

*District Agency Fund* – This fund reflects resources which accounts for various payroll withholding items.

*Student Managed Activity* – This fund reflects resources that belong to the student bodies of the various schools.

## Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

District Agency Fund	Beginning Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance June 30, 2017
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,735,632	\$ 3,799,964	\$ 5,535,596	<u>\$</u> 0
<i>Liabilities</i> : Payroll Withholdings	1,735,632	3,799,964	5,535,596	0_
Student Managed Activity				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	649,041	483,664	602,949	529,756
<i>Liabilities:</i> Due to Students	649,041	483,664	602,949	529,756
All Agency Funds Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,384,673	4,283,628	6,138,545	529,756
Total Assets	2,384,673	4,283,628	6,138,545	529,756
<i>Liabilities:</i> Due To Students Payroll Withholdings	649,041 1,735,632	483,664 3,799,964	602,949 5,535,596	529,756 0
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,384,673	\$ 4,283,628	\$ 6,138,545	\$ 529,756

Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and

Changes in Fund Balance/Fund Equity – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues:	 Final Budget Actual		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Local Sources:						
Taxes	\$ 21,434,250	\$	21,434,250	\$	0	
Investment Income	311,328		371,328		60,000	
State Sources:	4 000 077		0.070.705		705 440	
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	 1,968,677		2,673,795		705,118	
Total Revenues	 23,714,255		24,479,373		765,118	
Expenditures						
Support Services:						
Fiscal	500,021		469,722		30,299	
Debt Service:					_	
Principal Retirement	5,395,000		5,395,000		0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 13,557,935		13,557,935		0	
Total Expenditures	 19,452,956		19,422,657		30,299	
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,261,299		5,056,716		795,417	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	 31,974,377		31,974,377		0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 36,235,676	\$	37,031,093	\$	795,417	

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Permanent Improvement Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues:	 Final Budget	 Actual	F	ariance With inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Local Sources:				
Taxes	\$ 2,144,239	\$ 2,144,716	\$	477
Investment Income	1,700,000	1,770,628		70,628
State Sources:				
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	 72,136	 72,136		0
Total Revenues	 3,916,375	 3,987,480		71,105
Evron fit was				
Expenditures: Support Services:				
Fiscal	46,137	46,137		0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	572,422	536,508		35,914
Capital Outlay	74,870,078	70,482,810		4,387,268
Total Expenditures	 75,488,637	 71,065,455		4,423,182
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(71,572,262)	(67,077,975)		4,494,287
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating Transfers Out	 (1,655,767)	 (1,655,767)		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,655,767)	 (1,655,767)		0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(73,228,029)	(68,733,742)		4,494,287
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	145,212,027	145,212,027		0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 8,984,414	 8,984,414		0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 80,968,412	\$ 85,462,699	\$	4,494,287

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Classroom Facilities Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Final Budget Actual				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Local Sources:								
Investment Income	\$	280,000	\$	459,224	\$	179,224		
State Sources:	Ψ	200,000	Ψ	100,221	Ψ			
Restricted Grants-in-Aid		50,509,233		11,427,493		(39,081,740)		
Total Revenues		50,789,233		11,886,717		(38,902,516)		
Expenditures: Support Services: Capital Outlay Total Expenditures		133,712,195		133,637,558		74,637		
rotar Experiantires		133,712,195		133,637,558		74,037		
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures		(82,922,962)		(121,750,841)		(38,827,879)		
<i>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</i> Transfers In Transfers Out <i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses</i> )		1,655,767 0 1,655,767		1,655,767 0 1,655,767		0 0 0		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(81,267,195)		(120,095,074)		(38,827,879)		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		63,618,432		63,618,432		0		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		17,712,195		17,712,195		0		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	63,432	\$	(38,764,447)	\$	(38,827,879)		

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Educational Special Trust Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues:		Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Local Sources:							
Local Sources.	\$	400	\$	460	\$	60	
Contributions and Donations	φ	9,034,600	φ	400 9,247,523	φ	212,923	
Total Revenues		9,034,000		9,247,983		212,923	
i Olai Revenues		9,035,000		9,247,903		212,903	
Expenditures:							
Instruction:							
Regular		71,815		24,290		47,525	
Special		18,768		0		18,768	
Vocational		10,777		1,700		9,077	
Other		237,219		53,880		183,339	
Support Services:		,				,	
Pupils		130,516		28,246		102,270	
Instructional Staff		10,796,602		8,922,125		1,874,477	
Board of Education		8,049		0		8,049	
Administration		790, 143		238,576		551,567	
Business		331		331		0	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		870		0		870	
Pupil Transportation		237,221		0		237,221	
Central		186,248		55,471		130,777	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		71,601		55,140		16,461	
Extracurricular Activities		333,648		159,632		174,016	
Total Expenditures		12,893,808		9,539,391		3,354,417	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,858,808)		(291,408)		3,567,400	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		6,740,929		6,740,929		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,643,808		1,643,808		0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	4,525,929	\$	8,093,329	\$	3,567,400	

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues:	 Final Budget	 Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Local Sources:					
Taxes	\$ 1,994,817	\$ 1,994,817	\$	0	
Investment Income	34,797	36,564		1,767	
State Sources:					
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	192,064	192,064		0	
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	 1,930,207	 1,930,207		0	
Total Revenues	 4,151,885	 4,153,652		1,767	
Expenditures: Support Services:					
Fiscal	177,557	44,916		132,641	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	12,716,251	11,632,911		1,083,340	
Total Expenditures	 12,893,808	 11,677,827		1,215,981	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(8,741,923)	(7,524,175)		1,217,748	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	4,287,596	4,287,596		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 7,756,488	 7,756,488		0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 3,302,161	\$ 4,519,909	\$	1,217,748	

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Partnering Community Schools For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Final Budget Actual				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:								
Local Sources: Taxes State Sources:	\$	3,757,838	\$	3,757,838	\$	0		
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid		384, 166		384,166		0		
Total Revenues		4,142,004		4,142,004		0		
<b>Expenditures:</b> Support Services: Fiscal		4, 142, 004		4,142,004		0_		
Total Expenditures		4,142,004		4,142,004		0		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0		0		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		0		0		0		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0		

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Other Local Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Local Sources:			
Extracurricular Activities	\$ 566,017	\$ 565,573	\$ (444)
Miscellaneous	1,811,118	718,278	(1,092,840)
Total Revenues	2,377,135	1,283,851	(1,093,284)
Expenditures:			
Instruction:			
Regular	639,822	638,381	1,441
Special	464,323	463,517	806
Support Services:			
Pupils	22,119	12,711	9,408
Administration	323,926	317,356	6,570
Fiscal	145, 126	143,400	1,726
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	104,684	102, 128	2,556
Extracurricular Activities	1,171,033	595,923	575,110
Total Expenditures	2,871,033	2,273,416	597,617
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(493,898)	(989,565)	(495,667)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(493,898)	(989,565)	(495,667)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	357,669	357,669	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	139,905	139,905	0_
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 3,676	\$ (491,991)	\$ (495,667)

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Auxiliary Services (NPSS) Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues:		Final Budget Actual				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Local Sources:								
Investment Income	\$	20,000	\$	19,304	\$	(696)		
State Sources:	Ŷ	20,000	Ψ	10,001	Ψ	(000)		
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	8	,937,160		8,935,596		(1,564)		
Total Revenues		,957,160		8,954,900		(2,260)		
		·						
Expenditures: Support Services:								
Instructional Staff		534,889		233,469		301,420		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		98,985		98,824		161		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	11	,190,925		10,981,782		209,143		
Total Expenditures	11	,824,799		11,314,075		510,724		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2	,867,639)		(2,359,175)		508,464		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Advances In		495,000		495,000		0		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		495,000		495,000		0		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2	,372,639)		(1,864,175)		508,464		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1	,706,505		1,706,505		0		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1	,211,299		1,211,299		0		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	545,165	\$	1,053,629	\$	508,464		

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Miscellaneous State Grants Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues:	Fir Bud		 Actual	Fin F	ance With al Budget Positive legative)
State Sources:					
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	<u>\$</u> 1,	945,020	\$ 1,879,253	\$	(65,767)
Total Revenues	1	945,020	 1,879,253		(65,767)
Expenditures: Instruction:					
Regular		(6,938)	(6,938)		0
Vocational		188,797	158,626		30, 171
Support Services:					
Pupils		80,665	72,731		7,934
Instructional Staff	2,	178,874	2,051,177		127,697
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		3,685	 0		3,685
Total Expenditures	2	445,083	 2,275,596		169,487
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(	(500,063)	(396, 343)		103,720
Net Change in Fund Balances		(500,063)	(396,343)		103,720
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		342,711	342,711		0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		174,225	 174,225		0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	16,873	\$ 120,593	\$	103,720

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Other State Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues					
State Sources:					
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	\$ 1,296,5		\$ (323,763)		
Total Revenues	1,296,5	48 972,785	(323,763)		
Expenditures					
Instruction:					
Regular	1,000,6	49 987,426	13,223		
Support Services:					
Instructional Staff	20,2	16 18,953	1,263		
Administration	310,5	50 282,064	28,486		
Central	345,0	53 345,053	0		
Total Expenditures	1,676,4	68 1,633,496	42,972		
Deficiency of Revenues					
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(379,9	20) (660,711)	(280,791)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Advances In	280,0	00 280,000	0		
Advances Out	(42,0	00) (42,000)	0		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	238,0	00 238,000	0		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(141,9	20) (422,711)	(280,791)		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	105,4	01 105,401	0		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	39,2	1439,214	00		
Fund Balances at End of Year	<u>\$2,6</u>	95 \$ (278,096)	\$ (280,791)		

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Food Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues:	 Final Budget Actual			Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Local Sources:						
Investment Income	\$ 0	\$	286	\$	286	
Food Services	0		860,882		860,882	
Miscellaneous	994, 986		223,381		(771,605)	
State Sources:						
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	0		442,276		442,276	
Federal Sources:						
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	 22,505,014		20,287,760		(2,217,254)	
Total Revenues	 23,500,000		21,814,585		(1,685,415)	
Expenditures: Support Services: Operation of Non-Instructional Services Total Expenditures	 <u>24,736,972</u> 24,736,972		<u>23, 800, 198</u> 23, 800, 198		<u>936,774</u> 936,774	
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	 (1,236,972)		(1,985,613)		(748,641)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,236,972)		(1,985,613)		(748,641)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	882, 161		882, 161		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 1,363,846		1,363,846		0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,009,035	\$	260,394	\$	(748,641)	

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Race to the Top Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Evenenditurees	Final Budget	 Actual	Fina Po	ance With IBudget ositive egative)
Expenditures: Support Services: Instructional Staff Total Expenditures	 <u>66,096</u> 66,096	 <u>66,096</u> 66,096		0
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(66,096)	(66,096)		0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(66,096)	(66,096)		0
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	66,096	66,096		0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Title VI-B Special Education Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues:	Final Budget		
Federal Sources:			
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	\$ 21,166,6	649 \$ 19,584,648	\$ (1,582,001)
Total Revenues	21,166,6	19,584,648	(1,582,001)
Expenditures:			
Instruction:			
Regular		0 0	0
Special	14,305,0	14,305,072	0
Support Services:			
Pupils	3,291,4	460 3,291,460	0
Instructional Staff	1,326,6	1,326,636	0
Administration	1,336,3	1,336,304	0
Fiscal	302,4	302,436	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	787,4	126 787,426	0
Total Expenditures	21,349,3	334 21,349,334	0
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(182,6	685) (1,764,686)	(1,582,001)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Advances In	2,318,0	2,318,000	0
Advances Out	(3,337,0	000) (3,337,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,019,0	000) (1,019,000)	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,201,6	685) (2,783,686)	(1,582,001)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(1,923,5	571) (1,923,571)	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	3,192,0	0623, 192, 062	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	<u>\$ 66,8</u>	306 \$ (1,515,195)	\$ (1,582,001)

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Vocational Education Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				
Federal Sources:				
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	\$ 2,133,525	\$ 1,904,525	\$ (229,000)	
Total Revenues	2,133,525	1,904,525	(229,000)	
Expenditures				
Instruction:				
Regular	3,367	3,367	0	
Vocational	1,408,329	1,274,379	133,950	
Support Services:				
Instructional Staff	686,485	696,600	(10, 115)	
Administration	96,113	93,404	2,709	
Pupil Transportation	46,564	49,303	(2,739)	
Total Expenditures	2,240,858	2,117,053	123,805	
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(107,333)	(212,528)	(105,195)	
	( - , ,	( )/	(,,	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Advances In	428,000	428,000	0	
A dvances Out	(223,000)	(223,000)	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	205,000	205,000	0	
Net Change in Fund Balances	97,667	(7,528)	(105,195)	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(393,014)	(393,014)	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	303,855	303, 855	0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 8,508	\$ (96,687)	\$ (105,195)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Title I Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				
Federal Sources:				
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	\$ 43,056,135	\$ 38,382,135	\$ (4,674,000)	
Total Revenues	43,056,135	38, 382, 135	(4,674,000)	
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular	1,801,355	1,801,355	0	
Special	19,111,189	19,232,920	(121,731)	
Other	8,153,298	8,138,539	14,759	
Support Services:				
Pupils	2,300,174	2,300,174	0	
Instructional Staff	6,846,899	6,828,379	18,520	
Administration	1,284,523	1,253,445	31,078	
Fiscal	874,493	874,493	0	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	152,345	152,345	0	
Pupil Transportation	50,737	50,736	1	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	3,876,258	3,876,258	0	
Total Expenditures	44,451,271	44,508,644	(57,373)	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,395,136)	(6, 126, 509)	(4,731,373)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,395,136)	(6, 126, 509)	(4,731,373)	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(2,249,581)	(2,249,581)	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	3,926,400	3,926,400	0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 281,683	\$ (4,449,690)	\$ (4,731,373)	

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Improving Teacher Quality Title II-A Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Federal Sources:			
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	\$ 5,595,222	\$ 5,431,222	\$ (164,000)
Total Revenues	5,595,222	5,431,222	(164,000)
Expenditures			
Instruction:			
Special	4,830,535	2,823,232	2,007,303
Support Services: Fiscal	107 100	107 100	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	127,100 152,112	127,100 152,112	0
Total Expenditures	5,109,747	3,102,444	2,007,303
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	485,475	2,328,778	1,843,303
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Advances In	160,000	160,000	0
Advances Out	(39,000)	(39,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	121,000	121,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	606,475	2,449,778	1,843,303
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(620, 394)	(620, 394)	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	32,120	32,120	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 18,201	\$ 1,861,504	\$ 1,843,303

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Federal Sources:			
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	\$ 842,320	\$ 929,477	\$ 87,157
Total Revenues	842,320	929,477	87,157
Expenditures:			
Instruction:			
Regular	309,933	309,874	59
Vocational	3,460	0	3,460
Other	24,705	21,324	3,381
Support Services:	,. •••	_ ,	-,
Pupils	516,380	509, 128	7,252
Instructional Staff	479,605	478,874	731
Administration	0	0	0
Fiscal	2,958	2,958	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	219	219	0
Pupil Transportation	3,213	3,213	0
Central	19,446	19,446	0
Total Expenditures	1,359,919	1,345,036	14,883
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(517,599)	(415,559)	102,040
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Advances In	90,000	0	(90,000)
Advances Out	(15,000)	0	15,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	75,000	0	(75,000)
	10,000		(10,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(442,599)	(415,559)	27,040
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	301,981	301,981	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	151,919	151,919	0_
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 11,301	\$ 38,341	\$ 27,040

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Other Federal Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Federal Sources:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• (
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	\$ 10,392,475	\$ 8,977,810	\$ (1,414,665)
Total Revenues	10,392,475	8,977,810	(1,414,665)
Expenditures			
Instruction:			
Special	848,476	772,797	75,679
Adult/Continuing	115,968	115,968	0
Other	2,811,971	3,421,903	(609,932)
Support Services:	_, • · · , • · ·	-,,	()
Pupils	226,237	98,394	127,843
Instructional Staff	5,885,912	5,826,711	59,201
Administration	32,845	74,283	(41,438)
Fiscal	166,778	166,778	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	468	468	0
Pupil Transportation	7,814	7,814	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	163,862	163,862	0
Total Expenditures	10,260,331	10,648,978	(388,647)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	132,144	(1,671,168)	(1,803,312)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Advances In	1,430,000	1,430,000	0
Advances Out	(916,000)	(916,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	514,000	514,000	0
	011,000	011,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances	646,144	(1, 157, 168)	(1,803,312)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(1,422,823)	(1,422,823)	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	791,306	791,306	0_
Fund Balances at End of Year	<u>\$ 14,627</u>	\$ (1,788,685)	<u>\$ (1,803,312)</u>

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Liability Self-Insurance Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Final Budget		Actual	Fir	iance With nal Budget Positive Negative)
Expenses						
Support Services: Administration	\$	1,045,667	\$	732,524	\$	313, 143
Total Expenditures	ψ	1,045,667	Ψ	732,524	Ψ	313, 143
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,045,667)		(732,524)		313, 143
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,000,000 1,000,000		1,000,000 1,000,000		<u>0</u> 0
Net Change in Fund Equity		(45,667)		267,476		313, 143
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year		2,292,029		2,292,029		0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		45,667		45,667		0
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$	2,292,029	\$	2,605,172	\$	313, 143

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Employee Benefits Self-Insurance Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Final Budget Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Charges for Services Total Revenues	\$ <u>82,750,000</u> 82,750,000	<u>\$ 82,373,335</u> 82,373,335	\$ (376,665) (376,665)	
Expenses: Support Services: Central Total Expenditures	84,533,623 84,533,623	83,510,567 83,510,567	1,023,056 1,023,056	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,783,623)	(1,137,232)	646,391	
Net Change in Fund Equity	(1,783,623)	(1,137,232)	646,391	
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year	12, 159, 360	12, 159, 360	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	33,623	33,623	0	
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$ 10,409,360	\$ 11,055,751	\$ 646,391	

# Statistical Section



# STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Cleveland Municipal School District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the School District overall financial health.

### Contents

### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the School District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

### **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the School District's most significant local revenue source of Property Tax and Foundation payments.

## **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the School District's current levels of outstanding debt, and the ability to issue additional debt in the future.

### **Demographic and Economic Information**

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the School District's financial activities take place.

### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the School District's financial report relates to the services the School District provides and the activities it performs.

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The School District implemented GASB Statement 54 for the year ended June 30, 2011; schedules presenting government wide net position information include information beginning in that year. GASB 54 changed the classification of the governmental fund balance, but did not change the government wide net position. The School District implemented GASB 68 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

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## S29

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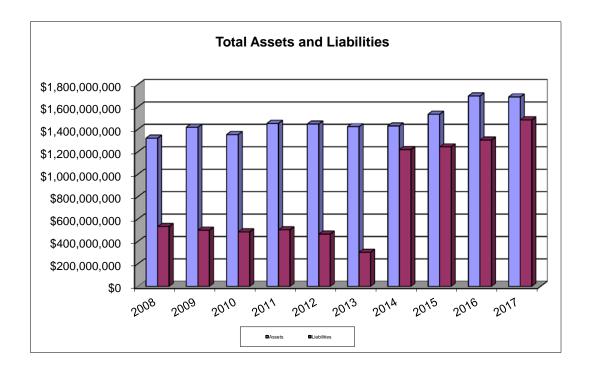
Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	 2008	 2009	 2010	 2011
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 332,124,644	\$ 410,820,839	\$ 500,616,971	\$ 503,951,883
Restricted				
Restricted Debt Service	33,349,361	33,857,725	47,506,378	48,223,777
Restricted Capital Programs	313,896,979	391,466,835	257,882,844	260,606,827
Restricted Special Revenue	34,529,429	40,215,098	41,703,464	77,722,493
Unrestricted	74,406,756	41,835,337	20,520,336	58,715,005
Total Net Position	\$ 788,307,169	\$ 918,195,834	\$ 868,229,993	\$ 949,219,985

Source: School District Financial Records

a-GASB 68 was implemented in FY 15 and restated FY 14

 2012	 2013	 2014 (a)	 2015 (a)	 2016	 2017
\$ 518,814,295	\$ 558,674,014	\$ 619,248,160	\$ 501,440,286	\$ 511,830,184	\$ 536,270,536
51,217,114	42,713,939	49,735,043	51,010,824	46,540,646	47,607,887
278,969,178	184,352,359	84,864,225	222,963,999	319,958,620	320,528,644
58,944,626	47,468,206	47,730,652	18,957,773	19,575,978	25,968,633
73,262,646	113,553,821	(720,669,457)	(754,622,557)	(707,027,575)	(766,068,977)
\$ 981,207,859	\$ 946,762,339	\$ 80,908,623	\$ 39,750,325	\$ 190,877,853	\$ 164,306,723



### Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities

Last Ten Fiscal Years crual basis of accounting

(	accrual	basis	of	accounting)	

		2008		2009		2010		2011
Expenses		2008		2009		2010		2011
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	327,247,872	\$	328,162,328	\$	380,866,357	\$	297,907,426
Special	Ψ	168,823,350	Ψ	180,413,911	Ψ	189,643,261	Ψ	207,990,072
Vocational		13,985,560		11,895,564		11,923,801		10,336,437
Adult/Continuing		2,833,813		2,856,799		3,668,819		132,537
Other		19,765,060		19,497,068		9,655,896		6,384,172
Support Services:		19,705,000		17,477,000		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		0,304,172
Pupils		32,218,673		27,746,864		39,107,286		37,463,820
Instructional Staff		48,850,968		57,621,095		65,429,955		59,204,651
Board of Education		258,840		284,153		234,344		250,996
Administration		46,168,403		44,605,981		48,600,081		43,536,920
Fiscal		11,408,394		12,212,820		10,120,397		15,131,810
Business		1,873,943		2,645,732		2,223,407		1,643,284
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,875,945		74,505,273		61,657,748		63,176,797
Pupil Transportation		27,527,934		31,991,149		30,858,435		28,923,689
Central								
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		15,035,691		19,272,538 42,225,005		14,648,056 41,452,383		12,437,133
Extracurricular Activities		42,585,167						42,237,400
		6,783,614		6,910,474		6,492,522		6,418,054
Interest and Fiscal Charges Total Primary Government Expenses		9,219,611 883,782,012		8,078,738 870,925,492		7,478,002 924,060,750		9,869,253 843,044,451
Total I finally Government Expenses		885,782,012		870,923,492		924,000,730		845,044,451
Program Revenues								
Governmental Activities:								
Charges for Services and Sales								
Instruction:								
Regular		660,425		616,265		805,242		2,351,003
Special		238,482		229,296		364,149		976,843
Vocational		27,430		19,401		29,849		62,210
Adult/Continuing		890		707		5,916		0
Other		168		4,804		18,813		36,692
Support Services:				,		- ,		,
Pupils		53,857		63,040		95,886		316,993
Instructional Staff		50,724		45,270		67,537		154,682
Board of Education		579		536		654		1,788
Administration		95,123		113,343		105,953		417,562
Fiscal		23,294		40,664		26,169		258,747
Business		4,354		5,007		6,204		11,703
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		104,131		96,210		167,875		522,574
Pupil Transportation		58,433		56,888		74,134		175,290
Central		34,018		34,908		39,399		87,927
Operation of Non-Instruction Services		7,798		5,512		7,879		11,614
Extracurricular Activities		821,166		800,606		788,285		653,175
		021,100		000,000		700,205		000,170

Source: School District financial records

 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017
\$ 322,367,731	\$ 367,669,653	\$ 381,411,371	\$ 362,037,069	\$ 355,008,543	\$ 376,444,351
174,228,202	172,023,833	182,682,324	173,593,367	172,360,574	181,613,355
11,316,290	12,599,383	11,404,778	8,453,227	9,056,446	8,667,189
0	112,488	620	0	64,500	384,463
4,493,188	673,778	1,970,489	7,393,303	7,948,798	9,134,951
36,216,356	34,197,654	35,833,670	35,790,269	34,179,013	40,460,547
50,834,523	55,202,905	30,250,022	36,113,336	32,419,457	32,535,827
285,033	274,588	264,265	248,308	266,498	306,270
41,533,976	46,168,870	43,290,224	42,751,427	50,223,299	63,093,132
12,498,573	12,708,747	12,274,449	16,310,738	16,663,611	12,399,059
1,700,249	2,018,076	1,590,930	1,137,981	1,375,403	1,503,595
55,146,243	59,940,850	62,189,841	64,587,903	68,629,253	65,547,856
27,896,118	30,662,826	56,924,644	34,699,642	35,010,112	34,783,284
11,966,119	20,006,680	17,526,350	25,503,536	29,503,864	38,152,866
39,718,319	36,951,908	35,846,103	34,670,028	35,255,055	37,273,100
5,857,755	6,990,941	6,510,125	6,649,997	6,332,462	5,802,430
9,640,956	11,669,533	93,660	6,984,197	13,212,539	13,549,588
805,699,631	869,872,713	880,063,865	856,924,328	867,509,427	921,651,863

1,800,754	4,192,551	4,170,473	3,825,172	3,283,143	4,014,946
832,254	1,621,243	1,533,891	1,657,048	1,628,204	1,894,148
61,797	111,542	99,620	69,797	61,803	72,721
0	1,068	5	1,692	510	2,713
28,614	4,590	1,307	0	4,775	(3,058)
190,315	457,244	467,558	452,849	437,033	267,694
144,317	192,966	56,314	472,420	115,213	90,197
1,831	2,692	2,311	2,188	2,116	3,009
237,566	547,753	597,459	339,112	779,516	897,805
68,264	324,446	323,162	351,598	358,888	180,927
10,921	19,786	13,915	10,029	10,895	13,893
336,066	656,920	591,810	587,592	570,943	692,682
170,981	270,047	319,926	282,985	261,455	335,899
75,555	194,889	152,101	221,306	222,148	375,880
15,927	11,351	7,806	184,278	693,540	871,387
575,250	574,128	618,561	617,323	556,374	617,423

(continued)

# **Cleveland Municipal School District** Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities (continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2008		2009		2010		2011
Operating Create Contributions and Interest								
<b>Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest</b> Instruction:								
	\$	35,546,322	\$	37,192,665	\$	32,685,231	\$	38,093,482
Regular Special	φ	55,540,522 66,638,056	φ	62,689,317	φ	63,043,009	φ	38,093,482 103,872,868
Vocational		2,533,848		1,637,911		1,326,967		1,446,826
		2,555,848 2,617,719		2,462,002				71,032
Adult/Continuing Other						1,904,193		1,663,788
		19,133,256		18,403,044		3,127,296		1,005,788
Support Services:		0 175 101		5 016 754		E E 10 E E 1		6 100 052
Pupils Instructional Staff		9,175,181 30,313,516		5,916,754		5,548,551		6,100,952 39,853,992
Instructional Staff				35,440,720		42,964,473		, ,
Board of Education		14,767		2,849		1,387		1,240
Administration		4,546,107		4,575,772		4,916,794		4,190,878
Fiscal		1,348,188		925,564		705,052		3,198,202
Business		17,476		18,548		13,164		8,117
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		12,818,564		14,781,452		2,447,744		623,740
Pupil Transportation		1,601,296		1,093,004		894,026		3,096,448
Central		683,303		641,824		568,623		299,521
Operation of Non-Instruction Services		32,764,919		33,961,591		31,495,919		41,054,534
Extracurricular Activities		70,647		61,459		44,017		92,068
Capital Grants and Contributions								
Instruction:		0.005 (14		150 001 040		0.004.045		2 027 (02
Regular		2,395,614		150,881,349		3,376,765		2,037,682
Support Services:		0		0		0		0
Fiscal		0		0		0		0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		0		0		0		0
Capital Outlay		0		0		0		0
Total Program Revenues		224,399,651		372,818,282		197,667,155		251,744,173
Net Expense	\$	(659,382,361)	\$	(498,107,210)	\$	(726,393,595)	\$	(591,300,278)
General Revenues and Other								
Changes in Net Position								
Governmental Activities:								
Property Taxes Levied For:								
General Purposes	\$	185,684,541	\$	155,294,660	\$	156,893,542	\$	158,760,869
Debt Service		33,647,336		10,941,106		16,654,007		28,724,375
Capital Outlay		2,347,262		22,122,341		17,391,407		2,097,559
Capital Projects		0		0		0		0
Investment Income		18,682,784		9,507,759		5,756,808		3,535,089
Miscellaneous		7,100,867		10,669,482		11,268,565		13,723,968
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to		,		,,		,, <b>-</b>		, -,
Specific Programs		410,667,785		419,460,527		468,463,425		465,448,410
Total General Revenues		658,130,575		627,995,875	-	676,427,754		672,290,270
		,,		,		,		. ,,
Change in Net Position	\$	(1,251,786)	\$	129,888,665	\$	(49,965,841)	\$	80,989,992
Change in 1900 I obtion	Ψ	(1,231,700)	Ψ	127,000,005	ψ	(1),)05,041)	Ψ	00,707,772

2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
20,734,813	\$	5,201,595	\$	38,760,754	\$	28,622,647	\$	27,686,802	\$	28,914,602
28,181,385		43,030,489		50,997,326		45,079,772		48,647,774		45,270,733
1,572,223		1,379,138		1,692,844		1,151,574		1,961,612		1,588,553
0		510		53		0		4,990		125,490
49,095		168,775		1,809,839		6,442,704		7,868,381		8,172,852
6,609,256		6,132,756		7,294,674		6,809,394		6,572,417		7,833,549
26,649,396		30,471,914		26,469,136		28,316,332		21,059,213		24,085,576
1,979		1,247		22,411		19,814		20,685		22,074
2,101,662		3,090,526		7,917,347		6,098,758		7,633,524		7,410,219
764,430		717,508		1,885,624		1,312,335		1,768,304		1,952,889
11,804		9,162		134,917		90,807		106,520		101,908
2,234,494		2,236,816		7,388,942		6,694,034		7,200,079		4,329,621
280,450		315,733		3,482,438		2,898,364		2,709,989		2,549,930
151,489		99,632		1,592,966		2,430,507		3,592,550		2,829,392
29,413,981		32,517,985		31,407,090		33,223,035		35,342,724		33,611,343
36,928		32,198		505,410		490,802		466,759		551,198
43,033,556		2,100,511		3,155,969		13,049,804		119,391,577		0
0		0		0		0		0		10,421
0		0		0		0		0		1,919,786
0		0		0		0		0		1,921,083
166,377,353		136,689,711	_	193,473,959		191,806,072	_	301,020,456		183,529,485
100,577,555										
	20,734,813 28,181,385 1,572,223 0 49,095 6,609,256 26,649,396 1,979 2,101,662 764,430 11,804 2,234,494 280,450 151,489 29,413,981 36,928 43,033,556 0 0 0	20,734,813 \$ 28,181,385 1,572,223 0 49,095 6,609,256 26,649,396 1,979 2,101,662 764,430 11,804 2,234,494 280,450 151,489 29,413,981 36,928 43,033,556 0 0 0	20,734,813         \$ 5,201,595           28,181,385         43,030,489           1,572,223         1,379,138           0         510           49,095         168,775           6,609,256         6,132,756           26,649,396         30,471,914           1,979         1,247           2,101,662         3,090,526           764,430         717,508           11,804         9,162           2,234,494         2,236,816           280,450         315,733           151,489         99,632           29,413,981         32,517,985           36,928         32,198           43,033,556         2,100,511           0         0           0         0           0         0	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						

φ 155,510,7 <del>4</del> 2	φ 200,074,021	φ 255,750,045	φ 157,757,050	φ 2+0,+17,175	φ 177,120,015	
28,235,142	12,635,634	30,404,951	11,786,075	22,789,130	17,846,019	
2,083,420	1,042,267	2,498,740	1,171,067	2,947,290	1,655,130	
0	0	0	1,735,036	2,123,398	1,805,373	
1,910,966	1,345,163	2,942,716	1,771,268	3,434,960	2,846,853	
18,445,756	23,507,563	11,360,311	17,813,733	8,509,968	14,939,918	
465,318,126	459,821,084	413,100,316	431,725,749	431,394,557	411,531,716	
671,310,152	698,445,732	696,265,877	623,959,958	717,616,498	647,745,824	
\$ 31,987,874	\$ (34,737,270)	\$ 9,675,971	\$ (41,158,298)	\$ 151,127,527	\$ (90,376,554)	

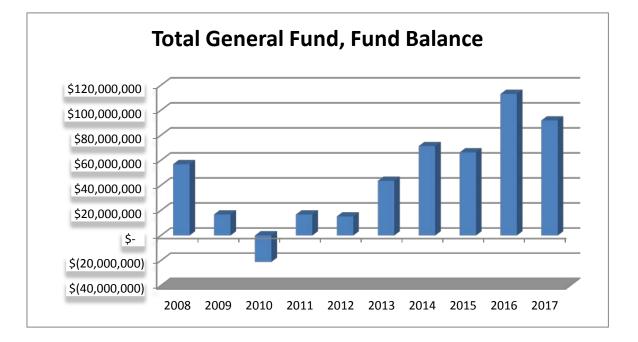
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	 2008	 2009	 2010	 2011
General Fund Nonspendable Restricted	\$ 1, 126, 828 0	\$ 598,118 (6,453,783)	\$ 1,920,719 (40,964,314)	\$ 3,691,170 0
Assigned Unassigned	3, 158, 174	919,523	2,207,974	5,608,988
Total General Fund	 <u>52,570,463</u> 56,855,465	 21,682,643 16,746,501	 <u>15,781,618</u> (21,054,003)	 7,386,402 16,686,560
All Other Government Funds				
Nonspendable Restricted	517,125	798,579	798,579	861,912
Debt Service	24,666,810	25,015,901	25,302,974	24,546,026
Capital Programs	134,193,707	112,989,202	92,432,492	125,465,988
Special Revenue	57,800,184	68,916,232	51,415,431	54,820,445
Unassigned	0	 0	 0	(35,448,458)
<b>Total all Other Governmental Funds</b>	 217,177,826	 207,719,914	 169,949,476	 170,245,913
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 274,033,291	\$ 224,466,415	\$ 148,895,473	\$ 186,932,473

**Source:** School District financial records

Note: The School District implemented GASB 54 in 2011

 2012	 2013		2014	 2015	 2016	 2017
\$ 4,920,465	\$ 6,535,268	\$	1,036,595	\$ 841,940	\$ 806,615	\$ 936,035
0	0		0	0	0	0
7,802,251	9, 185, 899		12, 144, 755	10,265,807	12, 150, 076	4,852,598
 2,456,478	27,814,870		58,129,480	55, 156, 983	 100,011,060	 86,012,193
 15,179,194	 43,536,037		71,310,830	 66,264,730	 112,967,751	 91,800,826
526,708	803,066		789,880	394,760	372,733	258,985
26, 553, 552	29, 520, 664		31,213,000	43,972,211	37,721,276	40,209,203
116,773,664	55,767,865		50,200,775	206,917,876	187,937,113	198,032,192
75, 197, 128	78, 180, 740		53, 265, 187	25,236,675	19,950,086	22,914,688
 (6,600,746)	(19,869,898)		(15,616,054)	(14,897,662)	 (12,252,343)	 (10, 197, 979)
 212,450,306	 144,402,437		119,852,788	 261,623,860	 233,728,865	 251,217,089
\$ 227,629,500	\$ 187,938,474	\$	191,163,618	\$ 327,888,590	\$ 346,696,616	\$ 343,017,915



Governmental Funds Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Revenues				
Local Sources:				
Taxes	\$ 216,291,084	\$ 198,637,233	\$ 175,412,408	\$ 185,815,163
Investment Income	18,682,784	9,507,759	5,756,808	3,535,089
Tuition and Fees	1,373,458	1,341,693	1,831,628	4, 181, 794
Extracurricular Activities	807,414	790,764	772,316	612,023
Contributions and Donations (1)	9,533,478	7,984,141	6,253,700	8,107,354
Sale of Personal Property	0	0	0	152,615
Food Services	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous	7,100,867	10,669,482	11,268,565	14,816,339
Total Local Sources	253,789,085	228,931,072	201,295,425	217,220,377
State Sources:				
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	406,097,141	415,513,502	466, 379, 953	458,759,975
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	135,715,773	135, 128, 629	54,495,286	39, 162, 866
<b>Total State Sources</b>	541,812,914	550,642,131	520,875,239	497,922,841
Federal Sources:				
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	4,570,644	3,947,025	2,083,472	2,251,018
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	127,244,206	131,068,187	160,859,694	170,974,083
Total Federal Sources	131,814,850	135,015,212	162,943,166	173,225,101
Total Revenues	\$ 927,416,849	\$ 914,588,415	\$ 885, 113, 830	\$ 888, 368, 319

Source: School District financial records

Notes:

(1) 2008 was the first year the School District reported contributions and donations. Previously reported under miscellaneous revenues.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ 179,685,485	\$ 211,788,636	\$ 242,555,376	\$ 256, 365, 424	\$ 249,636,203	\$ 232,206,251
1,910,966	1,345,163	2,942,716	1,771,268	3,551,112	2,730,701
3,999,330	6,236,352	5,878,768	6,053,782	5,474,617	7,224,318
541,229	512,011	567,220	563,270	509,981	565,573
2,627,175	4,369,374	6, 156, 679	8,208,426	9,935,905	8,985,343
1,374,307	4,838,821	717	6,460,191	0	263
0	0	0	287,363	685,744	860,882
17,071,449	15,259,654	13,862,593	4,237,700	10,826,181	15,681,725
207, 209, 941	244,350,011	271,964,069	283,947,424	280,619,743	268, 255, 056
462, 502, 688	457,766,044	405, 113, 830	406,067,383	429,698,535	405,720,274
31,850,562	47,613,559	123,889,931	98,064,931	69,784,566	79, 133, 459
494, 353, 250	505,379,603	529,003,761	504, 132, 314	499, 483, 101	484,853,733
3,060,502	2,055,040	7,986,486	1,772,901	25,581,487	5,811,442
149,294,345	109,780,767	102, 343, 737	94,527,868	96,875,831	95, 252, 290
152,354,847	111,835,807	110,330,223	96, 300, 769	122,457,318	101,063,732
\$ 853,918,038	\$ 861,565,421	\$ 911,298,053	\$ 884, 380, 507	\$ 902,560,162	\$ 854,172,521

### Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 318,032,298	\$ 317,468,088	\$ 320,913,453	\$ 285, 176, 732
Special	170,005,047	180,320,570	189, 382, 175	207,710,557
Vocational	14,091,870	11,903,774	11,906,845	10,325,890
Adult/Continuing	2,851,351	2,856,799	3,665,685	117,389
Other	19,859,383	19,463,893	9,233,999	6,470,346
Support Services:				
Pupils	34,551,766	36, 579, 743	38, 434, 140	36,624,319
Instructional Staff	49, 169, 705	57,763,047	65,575,019	60, 166, 032
Board of Education	256,012	278,777	237,500	245,987
Administration	46,455,469	43,240,868	43, 344, 082	36,689,828
Fiscal	11,404,888	12,207,258	10,093,012	15,237,357
Business	1,877,131	2,657,905	2,230,778	1,637,398
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	60,307,795	64,415,385	61,633,008	86,750,620
Pupil Transportation	26, 423, 864	30, 463, 468	27,703,192	27,878,194
Central	15, 138, 926	18,952,494	14,731,249	12,527,955
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	42,631,226	41,995,798	41,262,127	18,517,941
Extracurricular Activities	6,798,182	6,902,348	6,493,928	6,385,611
Capital Outlay	73, 333, 174	98,020,101	95, 529, 232	56,852,634
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	24,665,132	9,845,919	10, 193, 245	24,867,030
Interest and Fiscal Charges	9,633,715	8,819,056	8, 122, 103	10, 112, 550
Bond Issuance Costs	0	0	0	36,949
Total Expenditures	\$ 927,486,934	\$ 964,155,291	\$ 960,684,772	\$ 904,331,319
Capital Asset Additions Debt Service as a Percentage of	74,058,479	87,869,540	108,906,618	57,242,290
Noncapital Expenditures	4.0%	2.1%	2.2%	4.1%

Source: School District financial records

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ 296,589,788	\$ 296,652,085	\$ 328,296,064	\$ 335,082,439	\$ 324,618,371	\$ 338,992,197
<sup>(4)</sup> 290,309,700 174,268,968	<sup>3</sup> 290,002,000 171,815,811	<sup>3</sup> 328,290,004 182,611,969	<sup>3</sup> 335,082,439 177,015,873	172,622,234	175,476,604
11,317,046	12,554,974	12,096,694	8,602,736	9,061,911	8,289,369
n,5n,0 <del>4</del> 0	108,929	620	0,002,750	64,500	384,463
4,565,662	883,337	1,974,637	7,543,041	7,948,798	9,124,540
4,000,002	000,007	1,374,007	7,040,041	7,340,730	3, 124, 340
36,685,082	36, 194, 695	34,740,999	35,762,625	34,931,451	38, 840, 456
50,661,878	53,789,823	31,412,749	36,799,727	32, 344, 941	32,052,227
274,705	273,980	268,543	254,804	257,321	283, 108
32,974,897	35, 343, 239	40,298,245	46,708,964	51,041,593	58,651,736
12,788,220	12,622,530	12,268,155	16,625,868	16,527,158	12,095,073
1,689,243	2,013,062	1,571,515	1,174,319	1,325,568	1,395,552
55,268,800	60, 109, 673	62,283,307	68, 459, 149	70,242,266	66,993,138
27, 339, 459	27,477,112	54,625,249	33,667,163	30, 536, 879	30,774,583
12,018,833	19,762,993	17,449,971	25,793,659	29, 169, 898	37,076,806
37,955,918	37,885,012	35,451,831	34,800,157	35,427,070	37, 339, 474
5,856,800	6,979,541	6,488,287	6,821,653	6,332,299	5,757,733
25, 129, 584	100, 952, 346	75,299,430	76,490,025	26,687,322	45,068,587
37,540,082	2,184,442	15,524,161	41,460,586	20,405,143	8,488,640
10,357,440	11,652,099	6,482,113	3, 129, 494	13,207,413	13,572,360
0	364,505	177,858	826,655	0	0
\$ 833,282,405	\$ 889,620,188	\$ 919,322,397	\$ 957,018,937	\$ 882,752,136	\$ 920,656,646
25,787,407	52,343,089	99,865,136	71,296,300	18,379,931	43,638,438
5.9%	1.7%	2.7%	5.0%	3.9%	2.5%

Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Change in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	¢ (70.095)	¢ (40.566.076)	¢ (75.570.042)	¢ (15.062.000)
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (70,085)	\$ (49,566,876)	\$ (75,570,942)	\$ (15,963,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Inception of Capital Lease	0	0	0	0
Issuance from the Sale of Bonds	0	0	0	55,000,000
Proceeds from the Sale of Notes	0	0	0	0
Payment of Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	0	0	0	0
Premium from Sale of Bonds	0	0	0	0
Transfers In	29,532,247	3,770,394	11,072,036	14,573,314
Transfers Out	(29,532,247)	(3,770,394)	(11,072,036)	(15,573,314)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	54,000,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (70,085)	\$ (49,566,876)	\$ (75,570,942)	\$ 38,037,000

Source: School District financial records

 2012	2013	 2014	2015	 2016	 2017
\$ 20,635,633	\$ (28,054,767)	\$ (8,024,344)	\$ (72,638,430)	\$ 19,808,026	\$ (66,484,125)
0	0	17,943,165	0	0	0
20,855,000	45,600,000	10,525,000	200,000,000	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	(63,366,472)	(16,913,399)	0	0	0
0	6,130,213	444,722	9,277,561	0	0
15,596,576	13,469,667	9,320,558	8,679,511	7,960,673	1,655,767
(16,390,182)	(13,469,667)	(10,070,558)	(9,179,511)	(8,960,673)	(6,455,731)
20,061,394	(11,636,259)	11,249,488	208,777,561	 (1,000,000)	(4,799,964)
\$ 40,697,027	\$ (39,691,026)	\$ 3,225,144	\$ 136,139,131	\$ 18,808,026	\$ (71,284,089)

### Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Collection Years (in thousands of dollars)

	Real Pro	perty	Public Utili	ty
Fiscal	Assessed	Estimated	Assessed	Estimated
Year	Value	Actual Value	Value	Actual Value
2008	5,526,506	15,790,017	212,297	241,246
2009	5,544,198	15,840,565	222,204	252,505
2010	5,336,350	15,246,715	235,305	267,392
2011	5,455,841	15,588,117	243,660	276,886
2012	5,449,321	15,569,488	247,613	281,378
2013	4,602,210	13,149,171	266,558	302,907
2014	4,601,349	13,146,711	298,603	339,322
2015	4,629,285	13,226,529	318,829	362,306
2016	4,315,725	12,330,643	333,849	379,374
2017	4,297,763	12,279,323	390,044	443,232

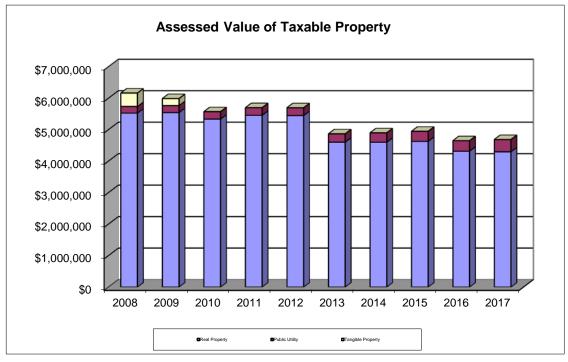
Source: Office of the County Auditor, Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each reappraisal.

The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. Personal property tax is assessed on all tangible personal property used in business in Ohio. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25 percent of true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric transmission and distribution property. General business tangible personal property was assessed in previous years at 25 percent for machinery and equipment and 23 percent for inventories. General business tangible personal property tax was being phased out beginning in 2006. The listing percentage was 12.5 percent for 2007, 6.25 percent for 2008 and zero for 2009.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rebates would be reduced by the 10%,  $2 \ 1/2\%$  and homestead exemptions before being billed.

Tangible	Property	Тс		Total	
Assessed	Estimated	Assessed Estimated			Direct
Value	Actual Value	Value	Actual Value	Ratio	Rate
424,871	3,398,968	6,163,674	19,430,231	32	64.80
221,153	3,538,448	5,987,555	19,631,518	30	64.80
0	0	5,571,655	15,514,107	36	64.80
0	0	5,699,501	15,865,003	36	64.80
0	0	5,696,934	15,850,866	36	64.80
0	0	4,868,768	13,452,078	36	64.80
0	0	4,899,952	13,486,033	36	79.80
0	0	4,948,114	13,588,834	36	79.40
0	0	4,649,574	12,710,017	37	79.40
0	0	4,687,807	12,722,555	37	79.30



### Ad Valorem Property Tax Rates - All Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Collection Years (Rate Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation)

			Cleveland	С	leveland Municipa School District	1
Collection Year	City of Cleveland	Cuyahoga County	Public Library	General Fund	Building Maintenance	Bond Retirement
2008	12.70	18.20	6.80	58.20	0.50	6.1
2009	12.70	18.10	6.80	58.20	0.50	6.1
2010	12.70	18.10	6.80	58.20	0.50	6.1
2011	12.70	18.40	6.80	58.20	0.50	6.1
2012	12.70	18.30	6.80	58.20	0.50	6.1
2013	12.70	18.30	6.80	73.20	0.50	6.1
2014	12.70	20.03	6.80	73.20	0.50	6.1
2015	12.70	23.43	6.80	73.20	1.00	5.2
2016	12.70	14.05	6.80	73.20	1.00	5.1
2017	12.70	14.05	6.80	73.20	1.00	5.1

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor

Notes:

(1) Amount represents the total for a City of Cleveland resident.

(2) Certain points of the Villages of Bratenahl, Newburgh Heights and Linndale and the City of Garfield Heights are within the School District and are subject to the School District's tax.

CMSD Total	Total (1)	Village of Bratenahl (2)	Village of Newburgh Heights (2)	Village of Linndale (2)	City of Garfield Heights (2)
64.80	102.50	14.00	19.50	2.80	21.90
64.80	102.40	15.50	19.50	2.80	23.30
64.80	102.40	15.50	19.50	2.80	28.70
64.80	102.70	16.00	23.10	2.80	24.70
64.80	102.60	16.00	23.10	2.80	24.30
79.80	117.60	16.10	23.10	2.80	27.00
79.80	119.33	16.00	31.80	2.80	27.00
79.40	122.33	16.00	31.80	2.80	27.20
79.30	112.85	15.00	31.80	2.80	27.20
79.30	112.85	15.00	31.80	2.80	29.40

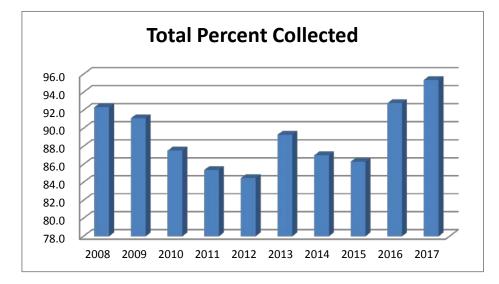
# **Cleveland Municipal School District** Principal Property Tax Payers 2016 and 2007 (1)

		2016				2007	
Taxpayer	Approximate Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total District Assessed Valuation		Approximate Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total District Assessed Valuation
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.	\$ 203,456,950	1	4.78%				
East Ohio Gas Co.	117,676,990	2	2.76%				
City of Cleveland, Ohio	103,108,120	3	2.42%				
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	96,739,690	4	2.27%				
Key Center Properties LLC	84,622,410	5	1.99%				
American Transmission System	66,788,240	6	1.57%				
Rock Ohio Ceasars Cleveland LLC	45,641,450	7	1.07%				
Cleveland Financial Associates, LLC	45,527,380	8	1.07%				
Cleveland Clinic Foundation	34,917,010	9	0.82%				
National City Bank	33,508,720	10	0.79%				
City of Cleveland, Ohio				\$	137,750,750	1	2.46%
Cleveland Clinic Foundation					81,604,420	2	1.46%
Cleveland Financial Associates					49,232,020	3	0.88%
Case Western Reserve					36,260,690	4	0.65%
National City Center, LLC					27,949,990	5	0.50%
ISG Cleveland West					26,790,930	6	0.48%
Western Reserve					23,391,320	7	0.42%
TIC OCC Ainley, LLC & ETAL					22,177,160	8	0.40%
Behringer Harvard 600					21,000,000	9	0.38%
MB Cleveland Erieview LLC					19,921,860	10	0.36%
Total Ten Largest	831,986,960		19.54%	_	446,079,140	-	7.98%
Total District Assessed Valuation	\$ 4,257,595,000			\$	5,589,053,000		

**Source**: City of Cleveland 2016 CAFR, CMSD 2008 CAFR (1) 2017 Tax Collection Year Information Not Available.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Ad Valorem Real and Tangible Personal Property Taxes Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

Collection Year	Current Tax Levy Billed (1)	Current Collected	Percent Collected (1)	Collected Delinquencies	Total Collected	Total Collected As Percent Of Current Tax Levy
2008	228,622	192,688	84.3	18,439	211,127	92.3
2009	218,073	183,273	84.0	15,452	198,725	91.1
2010	224,782	181,857	80.9	14,888	196,745	87.5
2011	225,219	177,622	78.9	14,652	192,274	85.4
2012	227,945	173,457	76.1	19,090	192,547	84.5
2013	286,871	236,946	82.6	19,192	256,138	89.3
2014	294,107	236,058	80.3	19,822	255,880	87.0
2015	300,289	239,052	79.6	20,107	259,159	86.3
2016	279,407	242,941	86.9	16,304	259,245	92.8
2017	284,689	254,540	89.4	16,955	271,495	95.4



**Source:** Office of the Auditor, Cuyahoga County, Ohio - Data is presented on a calendar year basis because this is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County Auditor.

Notes:

- (1) Includes Homestead/Rollback taxes assessed locally, but distributed through the State and reported as Intergovernmental Revenue.
- (2) Represents collection year.

### Ratio of Bonded Debt to Personal Income and Debt per Capita

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Gene	ral Obligation Bonded	Debt
			Net General	Ratio of General	General
			Obligation	<b>Obligation Bonded</b>	Obligation
Fiscal	Estimated	Estimated	Bonded	Debt to Estimated	Bonded Debt
Year	Population (1)	Actual Values	Debt (2)	Actual Value	per Capita
2008	438,042	19,430,231,000	168,976,995	0.87	386
2009	433,748	19,631,518,000	160,598,657	0.82	370
2010	431,369	15,514,107,000	151,950,319	0.98	352
2011	431,369	15,865,004,000	183,101,981	1.15	424
2012	396,815	15,850,866,000	166,883,643	1.05	421
2013	390,928	13,452,078,000	147,445,305	1.10	377
2014	390,113	13,486,033,000	120,820,000	0.90	310
2015	389,521	13,588,834,000	304,080,000	2.24	781
2016	388,072	12,710,017,000	287,240,000	2.26	740
2017	385,809	13,284,495,286	281,845,000	2.12	731

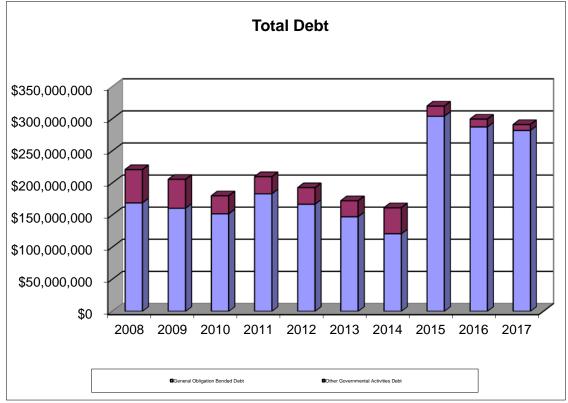
### Sources:

(1) U.S. Bureau of the Census

(2) Although the general obligation bond retirement fund is restricted for debt service, it is not specifically restricted to the payment of principal. Therefore, these resources are not shown as a deduction from general obligation bonded debt.

(3) The personal income can be found on S27.

Qualified Zone Academy Bonds	Notes	Capital Lease Obligation	Total Debt	Percentage of Personal Income (3)	Per Capita
21,250,000	27,767,780	2,862,062	220,856,837	3.53	504
21,250,000	22,007,532	1,751,391	205,607,580	3.32	474
21,250,000	6,215,191	595,487	180,010,997	2.92	417
21,250,000	5,388,648	0	209,740,629	3.24	486
21,250,000	4,518,566	0	192,652,209	2.98	485
21,250,000	3,602,652	0	172,297,957	2.62	441
21,250,000	2,638,491	16,714,894	161,423,385	2.44	414
0	1,623,542	14,259,257	319,962,799	4.83	821
0	555,129	11,762,527	299,557,656	4.43	772
0	0	9,224,016	291,069,016	4.30	754



Other Governmental Activities Debt	
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Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

### Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2017

Assessed Value	\$ 4,687,806,690
Debt Limit (9% of assessed value)	421,902,602
Debt Applicable to Limit	259,589,396
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 162,313,206

	2008	2009	 2010	 2011
Debt Limit	\$ 554,730,660	\$ 538,879,947	\$ 501,448,950	\$ 512,955,090
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	 135,715,009	 127,899,099	 119,367,026	 156,124,865
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 419,015,651	\$ 410,980,848	\$ 382,081,924	\$ 356,830,225
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	24.47%	23.73%	23.80%	30.44%

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Note: Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for voted debt and 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt. Voted debt margins are determined without reference to applicable monies in the School District's Debt Service Fund.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ 512,724,060	\$ 438,189,120	\$ 446,125,379	\$ 450,630,496	\$ 418,461,602	\$ 421,902,602
138,566,996	115,251,131	107,878,824	287,903,530	268,001,993	259,589,396
\$ 374,157,064	\$ 322,937,989	\$ 338,246,555	\$ 162,726,966	\$ 150,459,609	\$ 162,313,206
27.03%	26.30%	24.18%	63.89%	64.04%	61.53%

### Direct and Overlapping Debt Governmental Activities Debt

As of June 30, 2017

Name of Governmental Unit	Municipality Accessed Value	Accessed Value	General Obligation Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Cleveland Municipal School District (1)	Amount Applicable to Cleveland Municipal School District
Direct Debt: Cleveland Municipal School District	\$ 4,787,008,390	\$ 4,787,008,390	\$ 238,078,339	100.00%	\$ 238,078,339
<b>Overlapping Debt:</b> City of Cleveland (2)	4,632,896,100	4,728,745,440	201,170,278	97.97	197,092,656
Cuyahoga County (2)	4,787,008,390	27,623,744,450	226,090,000	17.33	39,179,870
Village of Bratenahl (2)	92,078,330	92,078,330	324,417	100.00	324,417
Village of Linndale (2)	. 2,230,910	2,230,910	0	100.00	0
Newburgh Heights Village (2)	19,923,600	19,923,660	1,179,667	100.00	1,179,663
City of Garfield Heights (2)	18,165,450	307,116,440	14,101,850	5.91	834,102
City of Brookpark (2)	21,714,000	414,199,470	5,792,013	5.24	303,641
Greater Cleveland Regional Transit Authority (2) <b>Total Overlapping Debt</b>	4,787,008,390 14,361,025,170	27,623,744,450 60,811,783,150	3,910,000 452,568,225	17.33	<u>677,577</u> 239,591,926
Total	\$ 19,148,033,560	\$ 65,598,791,540	\$ 690,646,564		\$ 477,670,265

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Notes:

(1) Percentages were determined by dividing the assessed valuation of the political subdivision located within the

boundaries of the School District by the total assessed valuation of the subdivision.

(2) City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Village of Bratenahl, City of Garfield Heights, Village of Lindale, City of Brookpark, Newburgh Heights Village and the Greater Cleveland Regional Transit Authority operate on a calendar year.

# **Cleveland Municipal School District** Demographic and Economic Statistics

## Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	City Population	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income	State Unemploymen Rate
2008	438,042	6,260,058,222	14,291	6.4%
2009	433,748	6,198,692,668	14,291	10.5
2010	431,369	6,164,694,379	14,291	10.5
2011	396,815	6,468,878,130	16,302	9.3
2012	396,815	6,468,878,130	16,302	7.4
2013	390,928	6,572,281,536	16,812	7.5
2014	390,113	6,628,800,096	16,992	5.5
2015	389,521	6,618,740,832	16,992	5.0
2016	388,072	6,766,423,392	17,436	5.0
2017	385,809	6,765,932,433	17,537	5.1

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Bureau of Economic Analysis and U.S. Department of Labor Statistics.

**Cleveland Municipal School District** Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		201	6	2007			
	Number of		Percentage of	Number of		Percentage of	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Total Employment	Employees	Rank	Total Employment	
Cleveland Clinic Health System	31,668	1	21.37%				
University Hospitals	16,595	2	11.20				
U.S. Office of Personnel Management	11,536	3	7.78				
Cleveland Metropolitan School District	7,558	4	5.10				
Cuyahoga County	7,498	5	5.06				
City of Cleveland	6,608	6	4.46				
MetroHealth System	6,381	7	4.31				
KeyCorp	4,612	8	3.11				
Case Western Reserve University	4,455	9	3.01				
Sherwin -Williams Co.	3,759	10	2.54				
Cleveland Clinic Health System				28,461	1	16.51%	
University Hospitals Health System				15,904	2	9.23	
Cuyahoga County				9,295	3	5.39	
U.S. Office of Personnel Management				9,172	4	5.32	
City of Cleveland				8,327	5	4.83	
Cleveland Municipal School District				7,442	6	4.32	
KeyCorp				6.615	7	3.84	
National City Corop				6,563	8	3.81	
MetroHealth System				5,627	9	3.26	
Case Western Reserve University				4,955	10	2.87	
	100,670		67.93%	102,361		59.36%	
Total Employment within city	100,010		148,200			172,400	

Source: City of Cleveland 2016 CAFR

# **Cleveland Municipal School District** Full-Time Equivalent District Employees by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

											Percentage Change
-	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2008-2017
Educational Staff	2 0 2 0	1.050	1.045	2 202	1.0.10	1 6 1 9	1 7 4 2	1 700	1 7 4 4	2.000	1.00.0/
Regular Education	2,020	1,956	1,945	2,392	1,940	1,648 787	1,742	1,780	1,744	2,060	1.98 %
Special Education Vocational Education	1,250 86	1,244 80	1,212 76	925 83	775 0	/8/	718 0	848 0	813	868 0	-30.56 0.00
Educational Services	389	378	384	217	14	9	0	0	0 0	0	0.00
Full Time (permanent) Substitute	589 2	2	2	0	14	9	0	0	0	0	0.00
Other Professional - Educational	14	13	10	46	27	27	35	29	45	21	50.00
Total Educational	3,761	3,673	3,629	3,663	2,756	2,471	2,495	2,657	2,602	2,949	-21.59
	5,701	5,075	5,027	5,005	2,750	2,471	2,475	2,037	2,002	2,747	21.57
Student Services											
Curriculum Specialist	28	27	64	65	116	124	106	108	66	74	164.29
Paraprofessional	0	0	0	0	148	101	153	152	153	163	0.00
Counseling	71	72	70	72	57	58	52	51	50	48	-32.39
Librarian/Media	95	96	92	69	47	32	34	29	26	19	-80.00
Remedial Specialist	44	33	34	55	224	227	247	121	261	0	-100.00
Psychologist	61	61	71	69	75	75	70	69	68	68	11.48
Registered Nurse	66	65	63	60	42	33	39	38	42	55	-16.67
Social Work	12	13	14	7	8	7	6	6	7	7	0.00
Physical Therapist	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	7	8	-11.11
Speech/Language Therapist	72	75	74	74	72	71	75	75	71	76	5.56
Occ/ Mobility Therapist	24	25	25	26	25	23	25	24	25	32	33.33
Other Professional Services	70	71	69	96	147	145	135	78	81	67	-4.29
Total Student Services	552	547	585	602	969	904	950	759	857	617	11.78
-											
Support Staff											
Bookkeeping	4	4	3	34	20	21	16	30	19	32	700.00
Clerical Assignment	259	259	246	275	220	213	203	201	202	213	-17.76
Teaching Aide	717	734	800	517	496	500	524	532	537	543	-24.27
Other Office/Clerical	25	44	21	109	24	20	18	20	27	33	32.00
Attendance Officer	19	19	19	19	17	16	16	16	12	10	-47.37
Maintenance	69	33	30	35	31	34	33	32	37	40	-42.03
Custodial	327	329	320	305	292	279	308	320	323	333	1.83
Food Service /Dietitian	5	5	5	4	4	4	5	4	3	8	60.00
Guard/Watchman	213	324	319	305	212	228	225	230	226	193	-9.39
Mechanic/ Foreman	26	59	57	50	50	47	42	47	50	47	80.77
Vehicle Operating/Dispatch	47	45	41	46	46	29	31	27	29	113	140.43
Computer Operating/Programmin	7	7	6	17	25	26	25	25	25	22	214.29
Total Support	1,718	1,862	1,867	1,716	1,437	1,417	1,446	1,484	1,490	1,587	-7.63
Administrative Staff	10	11	11		-	-	-	0	0	10	0.00
Administrative Assistant	10	11	11	6	5	5	7	8	8	10	0.00
Deputy/Associate Superintendent	38	35	35	21	20	20	28	25	40	26	-31.58
Director	0	0	0	6	4	4	8	10	5	33	0.00
Principal	130	129	123	121	115	104	111	113	113	113	-13.08
Assistant Principal	70	79	72	74	74	71	74	72	81	97 128	38.57
Supervisor/Manager Coordinator	124 23	132 29	125 29	51 28	47 34	42 28	84 47	66 43	92 44	128 81	3.23 252.17
							47				
Education Administrative Speciali	0	10 126	9 140	9	9 45	9	8	6 40	10 50	6	0.00
Other Official/Administrator Total administrative	139 534	<u>136</u> 561	$\frac{140}{544}$	48 364	45 353	44 327	44 411	<u>49</u> 392	59 452	<u> </u>	-52.52 4.87
	554	301		304	333	321	411	392	432	300	4.0/
Total	6,565	6,643	6,625	6,345	5,515	5,119	5,302	5,292	5,401	5,713	-12.98 %
-	- ,	.,									

Source: District records

Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating Expenditures (1)	 Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change
2008	50,078	\$ 699,907,987	\$ 13,976	11.82%
2009	47,120	717,251,299	15,222	8.91
2010	46,697	710,783,125	15,221	(0.00)
2011	43,363	676,334,027	15,597	2.47
2012	40,758	600,391,312	14,731	(5.55)
2013	38,717	604,516,648	15,614	5.99
2014	37,967	620,202,126	16,335	4.62
2015	39,083	768,488,105	19,663	20.37
2016	39,125	686,521,896	17,547	(10.76)
2017	38,952	721,093,583	18,512	5.50

Source: Ohio Department of Education

Notes:

- (1) Operating expenditures are total expenditures for all governmental funds less debt service, capital outlays, and community school payments.
- (2) Total Program Expenses for all governmental funds less less Interest and Fiscal Charges and community school payments.
- (3) Meal percentage includes lunch only.

]	Expenses (2)	 Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Pupil- Teacher Ratio	Percentage of Students Receiving Free and Reduced - Paid Meals (3)
\$	754,615,475	\$ 15,069	17.83%	3,515	14.2	70.34%
	732,627,838	15,548	3.18	3,583	13.2	77.85
	780,525,681	16,715	7.50	3,554	13.1	77.88
	697,047,069	16,075	(3.83)	3,317	13.1	82.01
	636,194,688	15,609	(2.90)	2,715	15.0	81.87
	688,253,032	17,777	13.89	2,853	13.6	100.00
	696,276,661	18,339	3.16	2,495	15.2	100.00
	706,826,034	18,085	(1.38)	2,657	14.7	100.00
	718,366,526	18,361	1.52	2,602	15.0	100.00
	775,668,799	19,913	8.46	2,826	13.8	100.00

Teacher Base Salaries Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Minimum Salary	Maximum Salary	Statewide Average Salary
2008	36,322	77,042	53,410
2009	37,412	79,353	54,656
2010	38,534	81,734	55,958
2011	36,836	76,736	56,715
2012	36,740	77,929	56,715
2013	37,412	79,353	56,307
2014	42,215	87,631	55,916
2015	42,215	81,760	57,636
2016	42,637	82,578	57,154
2017	43,490	84,230	58,849

Source: Ohio Department of Education American Federation of Teachers, AFL-CIO

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
K-8 Schools:										
A.B. Hart (1932)										
Square feet	115,452	115,452	115,452	N/A						
Capacity	975	975	975	N/A						
Enrollment	338	399	308	N/A						
Adlai Stevenson (1967)(2010										
Square feet	41,000	41,000	41,000	63,282	63,282	63,282	63,282	63,282	63,282	63,282
Capacity	525	525	525	450	450	450	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	290	368	258	417	370	428	334	400	430	445
Alexander G. Bell (1971)										
Square feet	70,829	70,829	70,829	N/A						
Capacity	825	825	825	N/A						
Enrollment	384	382	394	N/A						
Alfred A. Benesch-Carl Lewi	· · ·									
Square feet	42,133	42,133	42,133	42,133	42,133	42,133	42,133	42,133	42,133	42,133
Capacity	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575
Enrollment	0	400	433	323	0	0	367	386	376	348
Almira (1916) (2013)										
Square feet	68,933	68,933	68,933	68,933	68,933	64,297	64,297	64,297	64,297	64,297
Capacity	650	650	650	650	650	450	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	466	474	374	386	325	317	335	484	499	491
Andrew J. Rickoff (2005)										
Square feet	95,153	95,153	95,153	95,153	95,153	95,153	95,153	95,153	95,153	95,153
Capacity	720	720	720	720	720	720	720	720	720	720
Enrollment	570	544	513	487	525	490	478	436	477	457
Anton Grdina (1959) (2011)										
Square feet	75,600	75,600	75,600	75,600	72,670	72,670	72,670	72,670	72,670	72,670
Capacity	700	700	700	700	540	540	540	540	540	540
Enrollment	522	475	419	330	344	342	323	324	371	361
Artemus Ward (2009)										
Square feet	N/A	64,298	64,298	63,282	63,282	63,282	63,282	63,282	63,282	63,282
Capacity	N/A	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	N/A	420	475	458	494	514	460	474	491	514
	IN/A	420	475	438	494	514	400	4/4	491	514
Audubon (1922)										
Square feet	146,209	146,209	146,209	146,209	146,209	146,209	146,209	146,209	146,209	146,209
Capacity	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350
Enrollment	491	435	355	355	0	0	0	0	0	0
	171	155	555	555	0	0	v	0	0	5
Benjamin Franklin (1923)	92.260	02.260	82.260	02 710	02 710	02 710	92 710	82 710	02 710	02 710
Square feet	83,260	83,260	83,260	83,719	83,719	83,719	83,719	83,719	83,719	83,719
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Enrollment	669	656	640	648	608	548	578	560	602	652

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Bolton (1971)										
Square feet	53,700	53,700	53,700	53,700	53,700	53,700	53,700	53,700	53,700	53,700
Capacity	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650
Enrollment	343	289	300	388	347	284	284	279	346	318
Brooklawn (1957) New Tech	n West									
Square feet	28,545	28,545	28,545	28,545	28,545	28,545	28,545	28,545	28,545	28,545
Capacity	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425
Enrollment	304	270	253	0	0	0	0	287	289	298
Buckeye-Woodland (1975)										
Square feet	44,800	44,800	44,800	52,493	52,493	52,493	52,493	52,493	0	0
Capacity	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	0	0
Enrollment	260	262	253	319	270	205	228	212	0	0
Buhrer (1969) (2009)										
Square feet	42,086	42,086	52,850	52,850	52,850	52,850	52,850	52,850	52,850	52,850
Capacity	600	600	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350
Enrollment	0	0	333	320	342	356	364	361	393	391
Campus International School	l									
Square feet	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	56,650	56,650	56,650
Capacity	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	N/A	114	210	298	366	451	538	604
Captain Arthur Roth (1965)	10/11	10/11	10/11	111	210	270	500	101	550	001
Square feet	70,016	70,016	70,016	70,016	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Capacity	975	975	975	975	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Enrollment	315	280	259	287	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Case (1975)	515	200	239	207	IV/A	IV/A	IV/A	IV/A	IV/A	10/74
Square feet	69,559	69,559	69,559	69,559	69,559	69,559	69,559	69,559	69,559	69,559
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Enrollment	413	353	412	412	367	320	304	301	361	331
Charles Dickens	415	555	412	412	307	320	304	501	501	551
	27/4	27/4	27/4	(1.272)	(1.272)	(1.272)	(1.272)	(1.272)	(1.272)	(1.070
Square feet	N/A	N/A	N/A	64,272	64,272	64,272	64,272	64,272	64,272	64,272
Capacity	N/A	N/A	N/A	450	450	450	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	N/A	425	406	382	315	316	387	408
Charles H. Lake (1961)										
Square feet	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Capacity	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Charles A. Mooney										
Square feet	N/A	N/A	N/A	152,607	152,607	152,607	152,607	152,607	152,607	152,607
Capacity	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	N/A	742	472	479	477	479	773	807

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Charles Orr (1955)										
Square feet	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Capacity	425	425	425	425	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Enrollment	146	99	143	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Charles W. Elliot (1954)										
Square feet	104,360	104,360	104,360	104,360	104,360	104,360	104,360	104,360	104,360	104,360
Capacity	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050
Enrollment	299	316	311	447	502	464	397	303	342	315
Clara Westropp Fundamental	Education Center (19	67)								
Square feet	116,246	116,246	116,246	116,246	116,246	116,246	116,246	116,246	116,246	116,246
Capacity	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100
Enrollment	640	580	547	515	449	399	408	373	406	413
Clark (1973)										
Square feet	59,064	59,064	59,064	59,064	59,064	59,064	59,064	59,064	59,064	59,064
Capacity	525	525	525	525	525	525	525	525	525	525
Enrollment	579	557	584	553	592	623	593	578	606	598
Corlett (1) (1915)										
Square feet	61,800	61,800	61,800	61,800	61,800	61,800	61,800	61,800	61,800	61,800
Capacity	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575
Enrollment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cranwood-PACT & Eagle (1	957)									
Square feet	50,249	50,249	50,249	50,249	50,249	50,249	50,249	50,249	50,249	50,249
Capacity	675	675	675	675	675	675	675	675	675	675
Enrollment	0	0	300	365	324	0	0	232	361	453
Daniel E. Morgan (1959)(200	)7)									
Square feet	66,409	66,409	66,409	66,409	66,409	66,409	66,409	66,409	66,409	66,409
Capacity	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	480
Enrollment	448	406	355	325	322	302	295	269	288	268
Denison (1972)										
Square feet	42,714	42,714	42,714	52,351	52,351	52,351	52,351	52,351	52,351	52,351
Capacity	825	825	825	825	825	825	825	825	825	825
Enrollment	713	709	708	597	645	570	465	417	375	343
Dike Montessori-CSA Lower	Campus (1971)									
Square feet	53,300	53,300	53,300	53,300	53,300	53,300	53,300	53,300	53,300	53,300
Capacity	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
Enrollment	362	371	380	0	412	0	0	0	0	338
Douglas MacArthur (1) (1967	7) Girls Leadership Ac	ademy								
Square feet	31,000	31,000	31,000	31,000	31,000	31,000	31,000	31,000	31,000	31,000
Capacity	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
Enrollment	76	136	173	207	250	274	281	300	326	340

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
East Clark (2) (1894)										
Square feet	N/A									
Capacity	N/A									
Enrollment	N/A									
East Clark (2009)										
Square feet	N/A	N/A	63,281	63,281	63,281	63,281	63,281	63,281	63,281	63,281
Capacity	N/A	N/A	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	452	389	398	314	309	265	242	271
Emile B. deSauze (1966)										
Square feet	51,457	51,457	51,457	48,860	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Capacity	575	575	575	575	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Enrollment	344	304	284	258	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Empire Computech (1915)										
Square feet	75,003	75,003	75,003	75,003	75,003	75,003	75,003	75,003	75,003	75,003
Capacity	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900
Enrollment	330	279	236	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Euclid Park (1922)										
Square feet	N/A									
Capacity	N/A									
Enrollment	N/A									
Euclid Park (2010)										
Square feet	N/A	N/A	N/A	53,767	53,767	53,767	53,767	53,767	53,767	53,767
Capacity	N/A	N/A	N/A	351	351	351	351	351	351	351
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	N/A	321	345	343	364	347	367	344
F. D. Roosevelt (1976)										
Square feet	155,000	155,000	155,000	155,000	155,000	155,000	155,000	155,000	155,000	155,000
Capacity	1,115	1,115	1,115	1,115	1,115	1,115	1,115	1,115	1,115	1,115
Enrollment	297	520	463	592	544	460	411	392	445	441
Forest Hill Parkway (1967)										
Square feet	51,278	51,278	51,278	N/A						
Capacity	450	450	450	N/A						
Enrollment	390	365	276	N/A						
Fullerton (1974)										
Square feet	36,468	36,468	36,468	36,468	36,468	36,468	36,468	36,468	36,468	36,468
Capacity	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500
Enrollment	395	379	372	407	327	300	281	261	220	213
Garfield (2) (1922)										
Square feet	31,763	31,763	31,763	31,763	31,763	31,763	31,763	31,763	31,763	31,763
Capacity	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425
· ·		0								0

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Garfield (2009)										
Square feet	N/A	N/A	60,777	60,777	60,777	60,777	60,777	60,777	60,777	60,777
Capacity	N/A	N/A	426	426	426	426	426	426	426	426
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	375	425	518	526	500	486	554	579
George Washington Carver (1	954)									
Square feet	53,800	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Capacity	475	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Enrollment	404	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
George Washington Carver (2	.010)									
Square feet	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	63,280	63,280	63,280	63,280	63,280	63,280
Capacity	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	450	450	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	536	449	356	345	402	384
Giddings (1970)										
Square feet	53,533	53,533	53,533	N/A						
Capacity	550	550	550	N/A						
Enrollment	288	275	275	N/A						
Gracemount (1947)										
Square feet	49,922	49,922	49,922	N/A						
Capacity	475	475	475	N/A						
Enrollment	432	493	493	N/A						
Hannah Gibbons (1960) (200	6)									
Square feet	52,953	52,953	52,953	52,953	52,953	52,953	52,953	52,953	52,953	52,953
Capacity	351	351	351	351	351	351	351	351	351	351
Enrollment	246	237	228	226	281	277	254	240	274	266
Harvey Rice (1903) (2009)										
Square feet	82,414	82,414	63,280	63,280	63,280	63,280	63,280	63,280	63,280	63,280
Capacity	975	975	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	267	233	362	422	446	468	448	445	444	475
H. Barbara Booker (1972)										
Square feet	53,296	53,296	53,296	53,296	53,296	53,296	53,296	53,296	53,296	53,296
Capacity	875	875	875	875	875	875	875	875	875	875
Enrollment	508	403	416	430	415	417	357	320	380	356
Harry E. Davis (1962) Clevela	and School of Arts Sw	ving Space								
Square feet	115,064	115,064	115,064	115,064	115,064	115,064	115,064	115,064	115,064	115,064
Capacity	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250
Enrollment	0	0	595	595	616	541	535	568	568	568
Henry W. Longfellow (1924)										
Square feet	50,616	50,616	50,616	50,616	50,616	50,616	50,616	50,616	50,616	50,616
Capacity	337	337	337	337	337	337	337	337	337	337
Enrollment	321	238	252	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Iowa Maple (1951)										
Square feet	57,842	57,842	57,842	57,842	57,842	57,842	57,842	57,842	57,842	57,842
Capacity	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650
Enrollment	368	306	318	336	399	358	310	284	291	285
John D. Rockefeller (1961)										
Square feet	54,400	54,400	54,400	54,400	54,400	54,400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Capacity	700	700	700	700	700	700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Enrollment	242	236	216	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
John W. Raper (1962)										
Square feet	64,556	64,556	64,556	64,556	64,556	64,556	64,556	64,556	64,556	64,556
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Enrollment	444	383	356	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Joseph F. Landis (1963)										
Square feet	49,170	49,170	49,170	49,170	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Capacity	725	725	725	725	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Enrollment	399	341	360	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Joseph M. Gallagher (1976)										
Square feet	126,816	126,816	126,816	126,816	126,816	126,816	126,816	126,816	126,816	126,81
Capacity	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Enrollment	791	771	737	654	652	638	676	657	741	781
Kenneth W. Clement (1) (19	76)									
Square feet	31,400	31,400	31,400	31,400	31,400	31,400	31,400	31,400	31,400	31,400
Capacity	550	550	550	550	550	550	550	550	550	550
Enrollment	100	129	166	168	168	154	158	172	200	190
Kentucky-Paul L. Dunbar Sv	ving Space (1940)									
Square feet	42,870	42,870	42,870	35,010	35,010	35,010	35,010	35,010	35,010	35,010
Capacity	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575
Enrollment	438	437	316	192	158	173	215	244	244	244
Louis Agassiz (1929)										
Square feet	43,074	43,074	43,074	43,074	43,074	43,074	43,074	43,074	43,074	43,074
Capacity	525	525	525	525	525	525	525	525	525	525
Enrollment	322	338	351	344	338	315	310	263	335	323
Louis Pasteur (1959)										
Square feet	57,835	57,835	57,835	57,835	57,835	57,835	57,835	57,835	57,835	57,835
Capacity	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
Enrollment	245	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Louisa May Alcott (1926)										
Square feet	31,240	31,240	31,240	31,240	31,240	30,649	30,649	30,649	30,649	30,649
Capacity	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
Enrollment	212	235	226	233	203	238	224	234	258	250

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Luiz Munoz Marin (1976)										
Square feet	157,009	157,009	157,009	119,639	119,639	119,639	119,639	119,639	119,639	119,639
Capacity	1,075	1,075	1,075	1,075	1,075	1,075	1,075	1,075	1,075	1,075
Enrollment	872	774	773	796	708	683	621	551	588	542
Margaret Spellacy - Ginn Acad	emy (1969)									
Square feet	116,246	116,246	116,246	106,582	106,582	106,582	106,582	106,582	106,582	106,582
Capacity	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900
Enrollment	541	477	272	251	216	203	258	337	381	407
Marion C. Seltzer (1972)										
Square feet	46,835	46,835	46,835	46,835	46,835	46,835	46,835	46,835	46,835	46,835
Capacity	675	675	675	675	675	675	675	675	675	675
Enrollment	614	574	585	535	487	432	415	338	360	397
Marion Sterling (1973)										
Square feet	51,896	51,896	51,896	51,896	51,896	51,896	51,896	51,896	51,896	51,896
Capacity	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
Enrollment	498	483	469	503	454	356	318	280	318	328
Mary B. Martin & Early Childh	100d (2006)									
Square feet	70,048	70,048	70,048	70,048	70,048	70,048	70,048	70,048	70,048	70,048
Capacity	490	490	490	490	490	490	490	490	490	490
Enrollment	340	398	343	321	445	300	369	340	346	344
Mary M. Bethune (2006)										
Square feet	68,498	68,498	68,498	68,731	68,731	68,731	68,731	68,731	68,731	68,731
Capacity	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500
Enrollment	352	344	349	363	333	342	306	289	280	291
McKinley (1922)										
Square feet	46,724	46,724	46,724	46,724	46,724	46,724	46,724	46,724	46,724	46,724
Capacity	375	375	375	375	375	375	375	375	375	375
Enrollment	343	308	288	304	304	297	266	239	255	213
Memorial (2005)										
Square feet	83,584	83,584	83,584	84,865	84,865	84,865	84,865	84,865	84,865	84,865
Capacity	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	625
Enrollment	454	475	480	481	464	424	421	380	404	429

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Michael R. White (1921)										
Square feet	64,598	64,598	64,598	64,598	64,598	64,598	64,598	64,598	64,598	64,598
Capacity	825	825	825	825	825	825	825	825	825	825
Enrollment	378	341	323	447	420	382	332	295	258	236
Miles (1912)										
Square feet	88,876	88,876	88,876	88,876	88,876	88,876	88,876	88,876	88,876	88,876
Capacity	950	950	950	950	950	950	950	950	950	950
Enrollment	394	314	0	0	0	262	269	322	418	423
Miles Park (2007)										
Square feet	92,027	92,027	92,027	92,029	92,029	92,029	92,029	92,029	92,029	92,029
Capacity	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650
Enrollment	538	430	497	556	605	543	563	470	513	519
Mound (1904)										
Square feet	38,355	38,355	38,355	36,642	36,642	36,642	36,642	36,642	36,642	36,642
Capacity	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500
Enrollment	287	241	234	253	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mound (2011)										
Square feet	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	63,280	63,280	63,280	63,280	63,280	63,280
Capacity	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	450	450	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	467	461	395	402	398	403
Mount Auburn (1) (1922)										
Square feet	44,320	44,320	44,320	44,320	44,320	44,320	44,320	44,320	44,320	44,320
Capacity	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575
Enrollment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nathan Hale (1929)										
Square feet	106,855	106,855	106,855	106,855	106,855	106,855	106,855	106,855	106,855	106,855
Capacity	725	725	725	725	725	725	725	725	725	725
Enrollment	349	311	298	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nathan Hale (2011)										
Square feet	N/A	N/A	N/A	56,348	56,348	56,348	56,348	56,348	56,348	56,348
Capacity	N/A	N/A	N/A	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	N/A	409	436	390	380	352	505	515
Nathanial Hawthorne (1917)										
Square feet	48,375	48,375	48,375	48,375	48,375	48,375	48,375	48,375	48,375	48,375
Capacity	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650
Enrollment	345	0	0	356	0	0	0	0	0	0

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Newton D. Baker (1954)										
Square feet	91,706	91,706	91,706	91,706	91,706	91,706	91,706	91,706	91,706	91,706
Capacity	550	550	550	550	550	550	550	550	550	550
Enrollment	671	567	441	463	366	287	349	335	400	447
Oliver Hazard Perry (1927)										
Square feet	55,570	55,570	55,570	55,570	55,570	55,570	55,570	55,570	55,570	55,570
Capacity	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575
Enrollment	385	409	406	388	331	305	255	247	275	249
Orchard (1901)										
Square feet	66,678	66,678	66,678	66,678	66,678	63,282	63,282	63,282	63,282	63,282
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	450	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	576	0	0	0	0	305	301	416	445	475
Patrick Henry (1922)										
Square feet	130,443	130,443	N/A							
Capacity	975	975	N/A							
Enrollment	410	305	N/A							
Patrick Henry (2009)										
Square feet	N/A	N/A	63,281	63,287	63,287	63,287	63,287	63,287	63,287	63,287
Capacity	N/A	N/A	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	309	331	340	355	342	312	361	315
Paul Lawrence Dunbar (1965)										
Square feet	48,372	48,372	48,372	48,372	48,372	48,372	48,372	48,372	48,372	48,372
Capacity	475	475	475	475	475	475	475	475	475	475
Enrollment	360	228	316	0	0	0	0	0	334	360
Paul Revere (1925)										
Square feet	82,840	82,840	82,840	80,996	80,996	80,996	80,996	80,996	80,996	80,996
Capacity	1,125	1,125	1,125	1,125	1,125	1,125	1,125	1,125	1,125	1,125
Enrollment	483	370	370	441	456	329	290	258	0	0
Riverside (2005)										
Square feet	61,820	61,820	61,820	61,820	61,820	61,820	61,820	61,820	61,820	61,820
Capacity	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	516	545	521	537	465	474	473	497	519	493
Robert Fulton (1929)										
Square feet	74,121	74,121	74,121	74,121	74,121	74,121	74,121	74,121	74,121	74,121
Capacity	675	675	675	675	675	675	675	675	675	675
Enrollment	386	282	292	292	0	0	0	0	0	0

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Robert H. Jamison (1966)										
Square feet	140,000	140,000	N/A							
Capacity	1,125	1,125	N/A							
Enrollment	563	503	N/A							
Robert H. Jamison @ Moses Cl	eveland (2009)									
Square feet	N/A	N/A	64,298	65,000	65,000	65,000	65,000	65,000	65,000	65,000
Capacity	N/A	N/A	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	444	397	400	388	388	364	375	389
Robinson G. Jones (2009)										
Square feet	N/A	64,281	64,281	64,281	64,281	64,281	64,281	64,281	64,281	64,281
Capacity	N/A	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	N/A	361	369	361	397	391	422	416	477	502
Scranton (1973)										
Square feet	52,575	52,575	52,575	52,575	52,575	52,575	52,575	52,575	52,575	52,575
Capacity	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	625
Enrollment	452	430	465	433	424	421	390	345	434	482
Stephen E. Howe (1) (1964)										
Square feet	48,613	48,613	48,613	48,613	48,613	48,613	48,613	48,613	48,613	48,613
Capacity	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	625	625
Enrollment	351	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sunbeam (1923)										
Square feet	78,518	78,518	78,518	78,518	78,518	78,518	78,518	78,518	78,518	78,518
Capacity	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425
Enrollment	224	170	207	236	225	213	229	242	380	400
Thomas Jefferson (1925)										
Square feet	133,609	133,609	133,609	133,609	133,609	133,609	133,609	133,609	133,609	133,609
Capacity	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300
Enrollment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Thomas Jefferson (2011)										
Square feet	N/A	N/A	N/A	101,591	101,591	101,591	101,591	101,591	101,591	101,591
Capacity	N/A	N/A	N/A	785	785	785	785	785	785	785
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	N/A	188	251	294	372	457	720	822
Tremont (1917)										
Square feet	119,508	119,508	119,508	119,508	119,508	119,508	119,508	119,508	119,508	119,508
Capacity	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100
Enrollment	402	377	463	452	518	535	504	534	585	560

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Union (1969)										
Square feet	49,426	49,426	49,426	49,426	49,426	49,426	49,426	49,426	49,426	49,426
Capacity	550	550	550	550	550	550	550	550	550	550
Enrollment	248	251	220	239	0	0	0	0	0	0
Valley View (1) (1951) Boy	ys Leadership Academy									
Square feet	25,882	25,882	25,882	25,882	25,882	25,882	25,882	25,882	25,882	25,882
Capacity	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350
Enrollment	74	106	133	169	175	189	172	170	205	190
Wade Park (1975)										
Square feet	68,600	68,600	N/A							
Capacity	725	725	N/A							
Enrollment	222	177	N/A							
Wade Park (2009)										
Square feet	N/A	N/A	68,600	68,600	68,600	68,600	68,600	68,600	68,600	68,600
Capacity	N/A	N/A	501	501	501	501	501	501	501	501
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	355	372	370	346	331	330	399	382
Walton (1971)										
Square feet	52,786	52,786	52,786	52,786	52,786	52,786	52,786	52,786	52,786	52,786
Capacity	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
Enrollment	583	553	577	576	467	370	310	287	239	254
Warner (2007)										
Square feet	75,799	75,799	75,799	75,799	75,799	75,799	75,799	75,799	75,799	75,799
Capacity	570	570	570	570	570	570	570	570	570	570
Enrollment	110	163	242	276	325	314	370	352	425	426
Watterson-Lake (1906)										
Square feet	65,241	65,241	65,241	65,241	65,241	65,241	65,241	65,241	65,241	65,241
Capacity	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600
Enrollment	524	533	500	393	377	339	265	221	189	0
Waverly (1976)										
Square feet	72,603	72,603	72,603	72,603	72,603	72,603	72,603	72,603	72,603	72,603
Capacity	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575
Enrollment	458	460	430	383	340	302	278	196	166	305
William Cullen Bryant (193	30)									
Square feet	42,187	42,187	42,187	42,187	42,187	42,187	42,187	42,187	42,187	42,187
Capacity	550	550	550	550	550	550	550	550	550	550
Enrollment	495	427	423	345	364	385	412	373	407	431
William R. Harper (1927)										
Square feet	50,989	50,989	50,989	50,989	50,989	50,989	50,989	50,989	50,989	50,989
Capacity	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575
Enrollment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Willow (1964)										
Square feet	53,914	53,914	53,914	53,914	53,914	53,914	53,914	53,914	53,914	53,914
Capacity	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425
Enrollment	240	218	216	234	255	227	266	260	259	245
Woodland Hills (1971)										
Square feet	49,443	49,443	49,443	49,443	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Capacity	600	600	600	600	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Enrollment	376	353	300	345	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Wilbur Wright (1929)										
Square feet	105,192	105,192	105,192	105,192	105,192	105,192	105,192	105,192	105,192	105,192
Capacity	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100
Enrollment	588	572	596	539	437	442	370	337	380	378
Willson (2010)										
Square feet	N/A	N/A	N/A	76,217	76,217	76,217	76,217	76,217	76,217	76,217
Capacity	N/A	N/A	N/A	574	574	574	574	574	574	574
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	N/A	385	392	367	329	331	368	358
Senior High Schools										
Carl F. Shuler (1958)										
Square feet	100,500	100,500	100,500	100,500	100,500	100,500	100,500	100,500	100,500	100,500
Capacity	875	875	875	875	875	875	875	875	875	875
Enrollment	351	363	475	360	313	299	823	800	0	0
Cleveland Learning Center -	Halle (1) (1904)									
Square feet	41,085	41,085	41,085	49,337	49,337	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed
Capacity	500	500	500	500	500	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed
Enrollment	404	464	344	356	356	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed
Cleveland School of the Arts	(1910)									
Square feet	90,400	90,400	90,400	90,400	90,400	90,400	90,400	122,727	122,727	122,727
Capacity	850	850	850	850	850	850	850	775	775	775
Enrollment	558	558	0	1,114	0	541	535	607	584	542
Cleveland School for the Dig	tital Arts (2015)									
Square feet	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	122,727	122,727	122,72
Capacity	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	775	775	775
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	129	152	241
Collinwood CompuTech (192	24)									
Square feet	345,203	345,203	345,203	345,203	345,203	345,203	345,203	345,203	345,203	345,203
Capacity	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Enrollment	962	898	793	712	623	624	591	607	436	370
East High (1975)										
Square feet	165,711	165,711	165,711	165,711	165,711	165,711	165,711	165,711	165,711	165,711
Capacity	1,875	1,875	1,875	1,875	1,875	1,875	1,875	1,875	1,875	1,875
Enrollment	715	701	717	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
East Technical (1972) Admin	nistration Site									
Square feet	318,600	318,600	318,600	320,370	320,370	320,370	320,370	320,370	320,370	320,370
Capacity	1,775	1,775	1,775	1,775	1,775	1,775	1,775	1,775	1,775	1,775
Enrollment	783	785	746	1,171	817	565	655	543	505	511
Garrett Morgan Cleveland So	chool of Science (1940)	)								
Square feet	101,900	101,900	101,900	101,900	101,900	101,900	101,900	101,900	101,900	101,900
Capacity	675	675	675	675	675	675	675	675	675	675
Enrollment	227	208	247	240	314	310	297	275	252	253
Glenville (1966)										
Square feet	248,000	248,000	248,000	248,000	248,000	248,000	248,000	248,000	248,000	248,000
Capacity	2,350	2,350	2,350	2,350	2,350	2,350	2,350	2,350	2,350	2,350
Enrollment	1,340	1,167	963	985	813	716	637	568	469	405
Health Careers Center (1980)	)-MLK									
Square feet	86,950	86,950	86,950	86,950	86,950	86,950	86,950	86,950	86,950	86,950
Capacity	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425
Enrollment	143	196	254	277	264	263	438	438	630	607
James F. Rhodes (1932)										
Square feet	164,931	164,931	164,931	164,931	164,931	164,931	164,931	164,931	164,931	164,931
Capacity	1,225	1,225	1,225	1,225	1,225	1,225	1,225	1,225	1,225	1,225
Enrollment	1,409	1,360	1,230	1,171	1,195	1,199	1,188	1,437	1,252	1,276
Jane Addams Business Caree	ers (1968)									
Square feet	214,752	214,752	214,752	214,752	214,752	214,752	214,752	214,752	214,752	214,752
Capacity	975	975	975	975	975	975	975	975	975	975
Enrollment	479	474	518	595	638	294	345	414	338	295
John Adams High (2007)										
Square feet	228,032	228,032	228,032	228,032	228,032	228,032	228,032	228,032	228,032	228,032
Capacity	1,335	1,335	1,335	1,335	1,335	1,335	1,335	1,335	1,335	1,335
Enrollment	1,169	1,140	1,162	1,121	1,109	1,017	1,053	881	833	1,033
John F. Kennedy (1965)										
Square feet	264,661	264,661	264,661	264,661	264,661	264,661	264,661	264,661	264,661	264,661
Capacity	2,075	2,075	2,075	2,075	2,075	2,075	2,075	2,075	2,075	2,075
Enrollment	940	978	839	975	804	823	800	571	319	170
John Hay (2006)										
Square feet	210,353	210,353	210,353	210,353	210,353	210,353	210,353	210,353	210,353	210,353
Capacity	1,232	1,232	1,232	1,232	1,232	1,232	1,232	1,232	1,232	1,232
Enrollment	576	673	857	855	835	882	872	1,259	1,351	601

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
John Marshall (1932) (2015)										
Square feet	256,924	256,924	256,924	256,924	256,924	N/A	N/A	228,606	228,606	228,606
Capacity	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250	N/A	N/A	1,260	1,260	1,260
Enrollment	1,643	1,668	1,519	1,213	1,039	N/A	N/A	1,214	1,226	1,617
Lincoln-West (1970)										
Square feet	304,645	304,645	304,645	337,548	337,548	337,548	337,548	337,548	337,548	337,548
Capacity	1,875	1,875	1,875	1,875	1,875	1,875	1,875	1,875	1,875	1,875
Enrollment	1,369	1,386	1,357	1,301	1,156	1,109	1,031	945	717	688
Margaret A. Ireland Complex	(1962)									
Square feet	58,000	58,000	58,000	58,000	58,000	58,000	58,000	58,000	58,000	58,000
Capacity	525	525	525	525	525	525	525	525	525	525
Enrollment	172	156	0	122	0	0	0	0	0	0
Martin L. King Jr. (1972)										
Square feet	173,359	173,359	173,359	179,544	179,544	179,544	179,544	179,544	179,544	179,54
Capacity	1,175	1,175	1,175	1,175	1,175	1,175	1,175	1,175	1,175	1,175
Enrollment	550	502	233	273	262	0	0	483	0	0
Max S. Hayes Vocational-Gen										
Square feet	246,282	246,282	246,282	224,329	224,329	224,329	224,329	224,329	169,864	169,86
Capacity	2,150	2,150	2,150	2,150	2,150	2,150	2,150	2,150	800	800
Enrollment	468	498	506	510	877	565	883	974	650	905
MC2 Stem Academy										
Square feet	N/A	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Capacity	N/A	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
Enrollment	N/A	67	152	214	274	289	326	386	396	406
South (Admin Records) (1968										
Square feet	292,518	292,518	292,518	265,187	265,187	265,187	265,187	265,187	265,187	265,18
Capacity	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600
Enrollment	941	880	896	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SuccessTech Academy		000	070	0	0	Ŭ	0	Ŭ	0	0
Square feet	136,817	136,817	136,817	136,817	136,817	136,817	136,817	136,817	136,817	136,81
Capacity	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
Enrollment	238	243	241	227	232	195	203	139	85	48
Washington Park	200	210	211	,	202	170	200	107	00	
Square feet	N/A	N/A	N/A	27,331	27,331	27,331	27,331	27,331	27,331	27,331
Capacity	N/A	N/A	N/A	475	475	475	475	475	475	475
Enrollment	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	140	146	196	185	237	282	265
Whitney Young (1950)	1N/A	11/71	11/71	140	140	170	105	231	202	203
Square feet	121,609	121,609	121,609	121,609	121,609	121,609	121,609	121,609	121,609	121,60
Capacity	725	725	725	725	725	725	725	725	725	725
Enrollment	415	380	339	401	332	725 294	257	268	239	231

### School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Administrative										
Buildings	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7
Square Feet	556,286	556,286	556,286	556,286	556,286	556,286	346,927	346,927	346,927	346,927
Transportation										
Garages (3)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Buses	305	305	305	305	305	305	337	337	337	337
Athletics										
Football Fields	4	4	4	4	5	5	4	4	4	4
Soccer Fields	4	4	4	4	6	6	4	4	4	4
Running Tracks	2	2	2	2	4	4	3	3	3	3
Baseball/Softball	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Swimming Pools	5	5	5	5	3	3	2	2	2	2
Playgrounds	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50

Source: District Records

Ohio Department of Education

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**Derek Richey** Chief Financial Officer **Dennis Kubick** Deputy Chief Financial Officer

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